Multipacting Simulation for the PITZ RF Photo Gun

The PITZ RF Photo Gun

Multipactor discharge

Field simulations

Tracking simulation results

Conclusions and outlook

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The PITZ RF Photo Gun



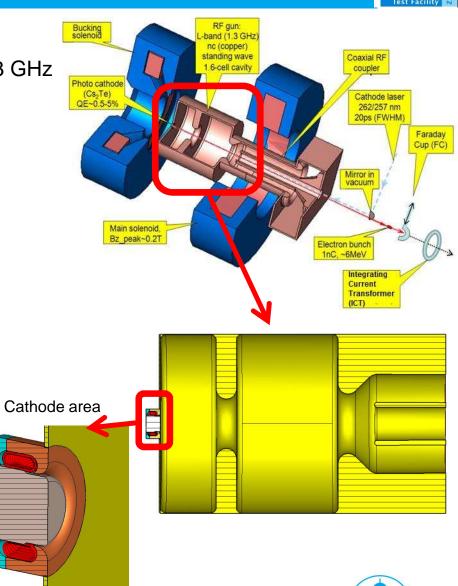
The RF photo gun operates with a standing wave regime in the π -mode with resonant frequency of 1.3 GHz

The gun consists of:

- normal-conducting cavity (1.6 copper cells)
- exchangeable cathode
- pair of solenoids

Main parameters

Accelerating gradient at the cathode, MV/m	60
Beam energy after gun, MeV	~6.5
Peak RF power, MW	8
Number of bunches	1700
RF pulse length, µs	≤800
Repetition rate, Hz	10



Multipactor discharge

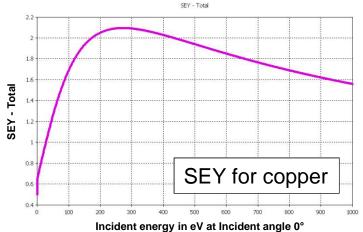


Multipactor discharge (multipacting) is the phenomenon of a resonant secondary electron emission which occurs at certain conditions.

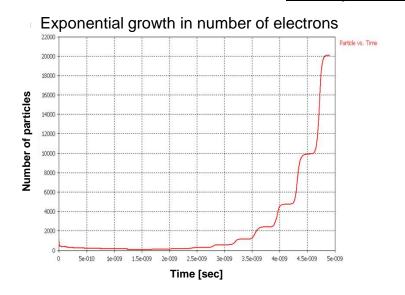
Multipactor discharge depends on:

- ✓ Field configuration
- ✓ Cavity geometry
- ✓ Secondary emission yield (SEY) of the cavity material

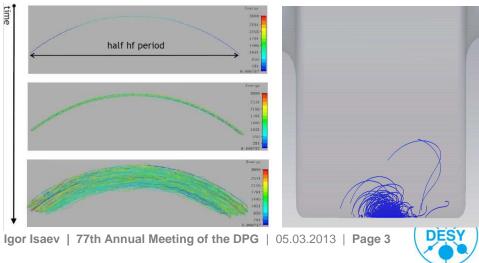
Multipactor discharge corresponds to an exponential growth in number of electrons



Example of multipactor discharge



Example of multipactor trajectories

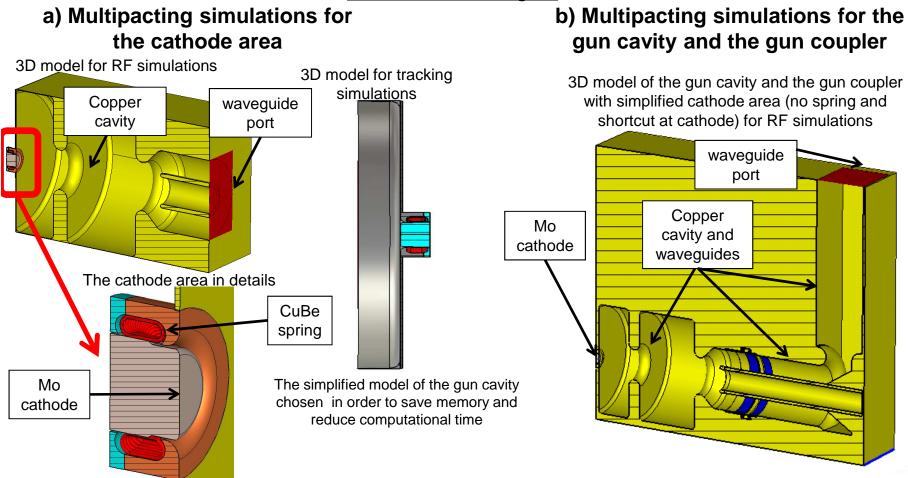


Simulation strategy



- RF fields simulation was done by CST MW Studio
- External constant magnetic field simulation by CST EM Studio
- Particle trajectories simulation by CST Particle Studio with imported fields from CST MW and EM Studios

Simulation stages

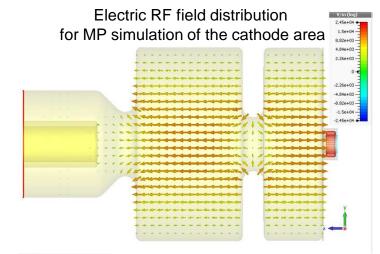


RF and external magnetic fields simulation

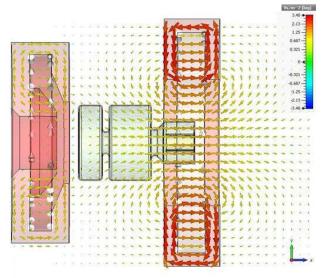


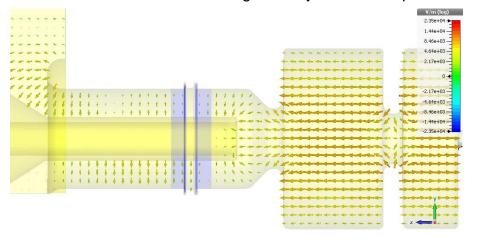
- RF field simulations (CST MWS):
 - Frequency domain solver (F-solver)
 - Tetrahedral mesh
 - Half structure symmetry
- 2. External magnetostatic fields (CST EM):
 - Magnetostatic solver (Ms-solver)
 - Hexahedral mesh (2 600 000 per ¼)
 - Currents: $I_{main} = 350 \text{ A}$, $I_{bucking} = -29 \text{ A}$

Magnetostatic field distribution



Electric RF field distribution for MP simulation of the gun cavity and the coupler

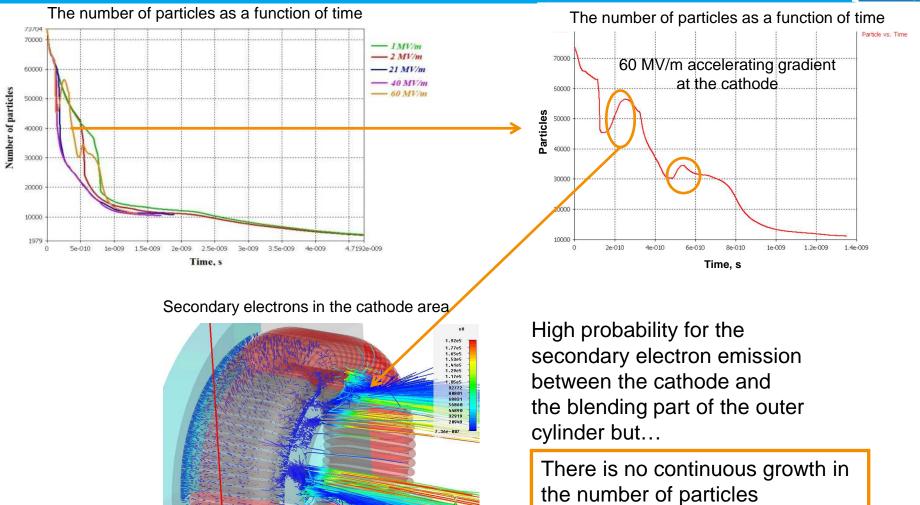






Multipacting simulations for the cathode area





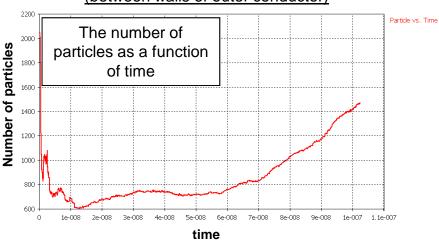


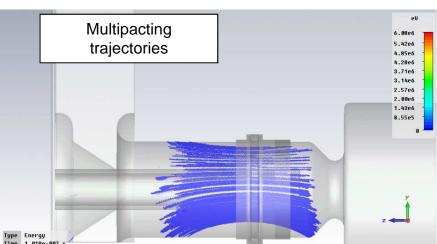
Multipacting simulations for the gun cavity and the gun coupler



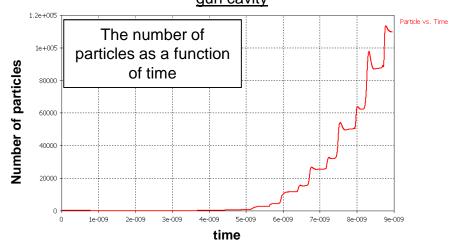
Multipacting trajectories observed at accelerating gradient at the cathode of 60 MV/m (~6.5 MW power in the gun)

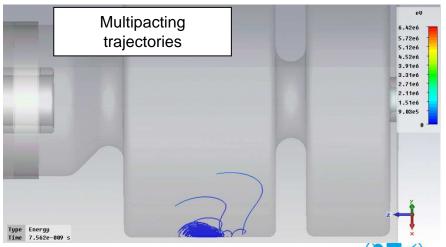
Multipacting trajectories inside the coaxial waveguide (between walls of outer conductor)





Multipacting trajectories inside at the outer cylinder of the gun cavity

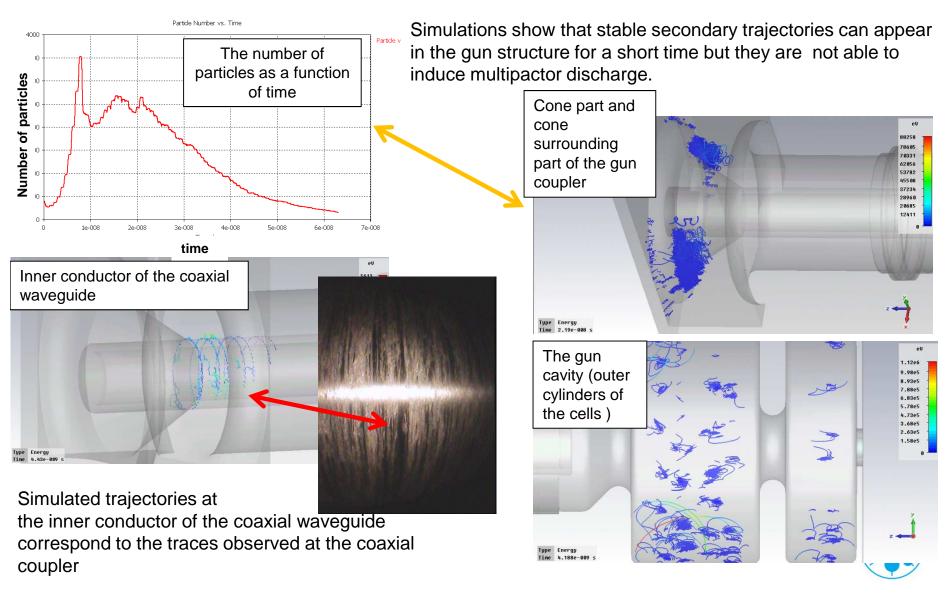




Multipacting simulations for the gun cavity and the gun coupler



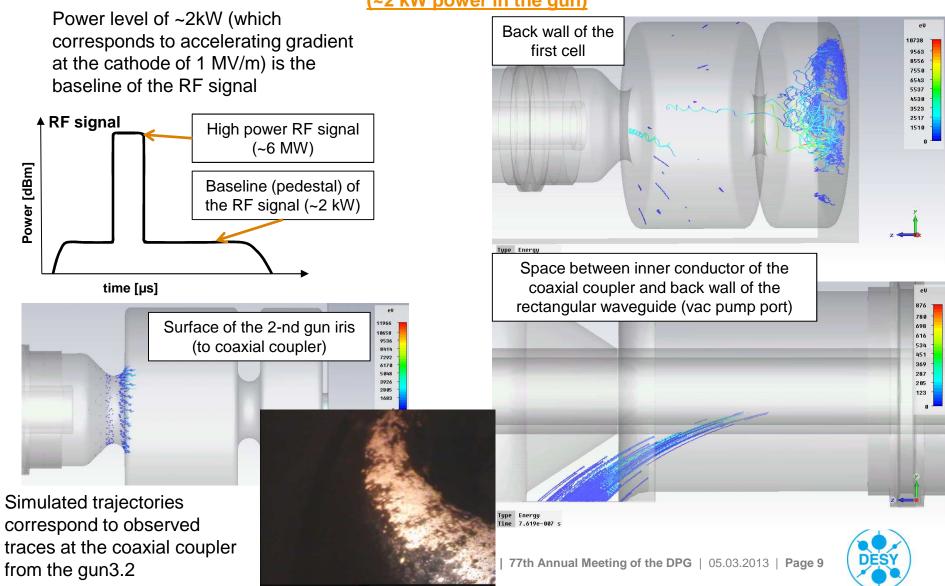
Stable(but not multipacting) trajectories observed at accelerating gradient at the cathode of 60 MV/m (~6.5 MW power in the gun)



Multipacting simulations for the gun cavity and the gun coupler



Multipacting trajectories observed at accelerating gradient at the cathode of 1 MV/m (~2 kW power in the gun)



Conclusions and outlook



- Multipacting trajectories observed:
 - inside the <u>coaxial waveguide</u> and at the <u>outer cylinder</u> of the gun cavity for accelerating gradient at the cathode of 60 MV/m
 - at the surface of the 2-nd gun iris (to coaxial coupler), the back wall of the first cell and space between inner conductor of the coaxial coupler and back wall of the rectangular waveguide for accelerating gradient of 1 MV/m
- There is no monotonic growth in the number of particles at the cathode area
- Stable but not multipacting trajectories observed in the gun cavity and the gun coupler parts
- Additional detailed calculations are needed to investigate all possible resonant conditions of multipactor discharge in the PITZ RF photo gun





Thank you for your attention.

