

Development of a high-power tunable photoinjector-based THz source at PITZ: results and possible next steps

Photo Injector Test facility at DESY in Zeuthen (PITZ):
Proof-of-Principle experiments on THz source for the European XFEL

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Internal THz workshop, EuXFEL
05.03.2024



Motivation for THz R&D at PITZ

Accelerator based THz source for pump-probe experiments at the European XFEL

THz source requirements (*P. Zalden, et al., "Terahertz Science at European XFEL", XFEL.EU TN-2018-001-01.0*):

- **Tunable** $\rightarrow f = 0.1 \dots 20 \text{ THz}$ ($\lambda_{rad} = 3\text{mm} \dots 15\mu\text{m}$)
- Various temporal and spectral patterns, polarization - ideally **narrow-band** $\rightarrow \Delta W/W \sim 0.1 \dots 0.01$
- Time jitter \rightarrow from CEP (few fs) *stable* for field driven to "intensity" driven dynamics (~longest pulse duration) $\rightarrow \sigma_t \sim 0.1/f$
- **High pulse energy** $W > 10\mu\text{J}$ (μJ - hundreds of μJ - $m\text{J}$, depending on f)
- **Repetition rate** to follow European XFEL $\rightarrow (600\mu\text{s} \dots 900\mu\text{s}) \times (0.1 \dots 4.5\text{MHz}) \times 10\text{Hz} = 27000 \dots 40500 \text{ pulses/s}$

Generation of THz radiation by relativistic **electron beams**

Attractive features:

- clean in-vacuum radiation production
- **tunability** (electron beam manipulation)
- potential to provide **high power** (high field)
- polarization control

Methods of generation:

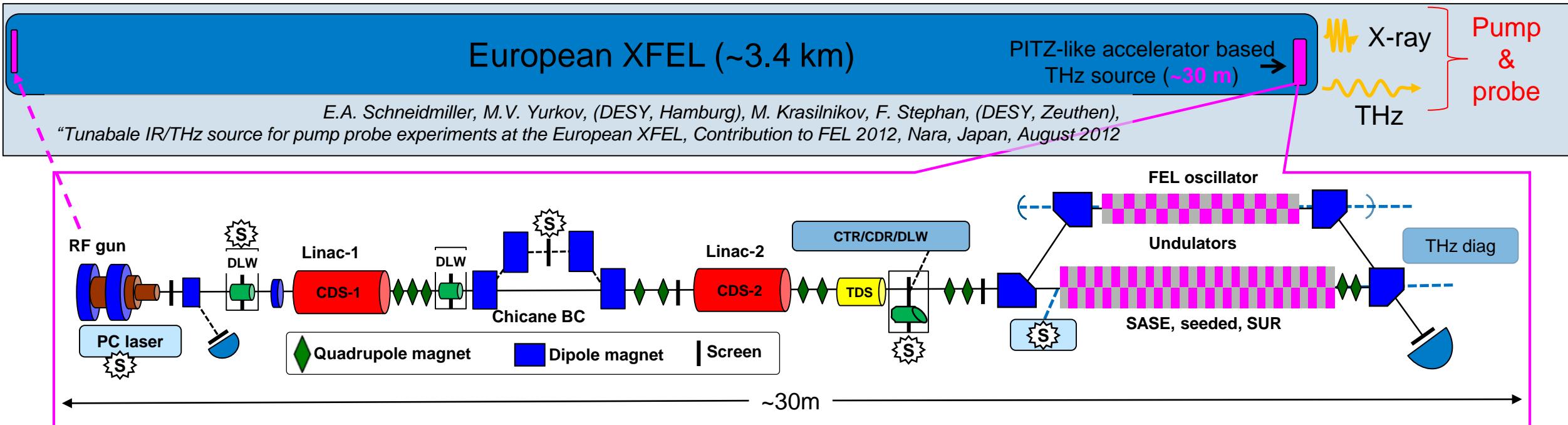
- bend magnet
- **undulator**
- **transition radiation**
- diffraction radiation
- Cherenkov radiation (DLW)

Photo Injector Test facility at DESY in Zeuthen (**PITZ**)



THz SASE FEL source for pump-probe experiments at European XFEL

PITZ-like accelerator can enable high-power, tunable, synchronized THz radiation



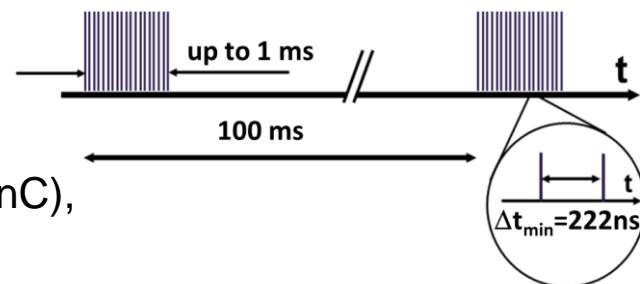
THz SASE FEL =
Self Amplified Spontaneous Emission Free Electron Laser

$I_{peak} \sim 200A$ (4nC) for ~mJ (sim) SASE FEL
for $\lambda_{rad} \leq 100 \mu m$ ($f \geq 3$ THz)

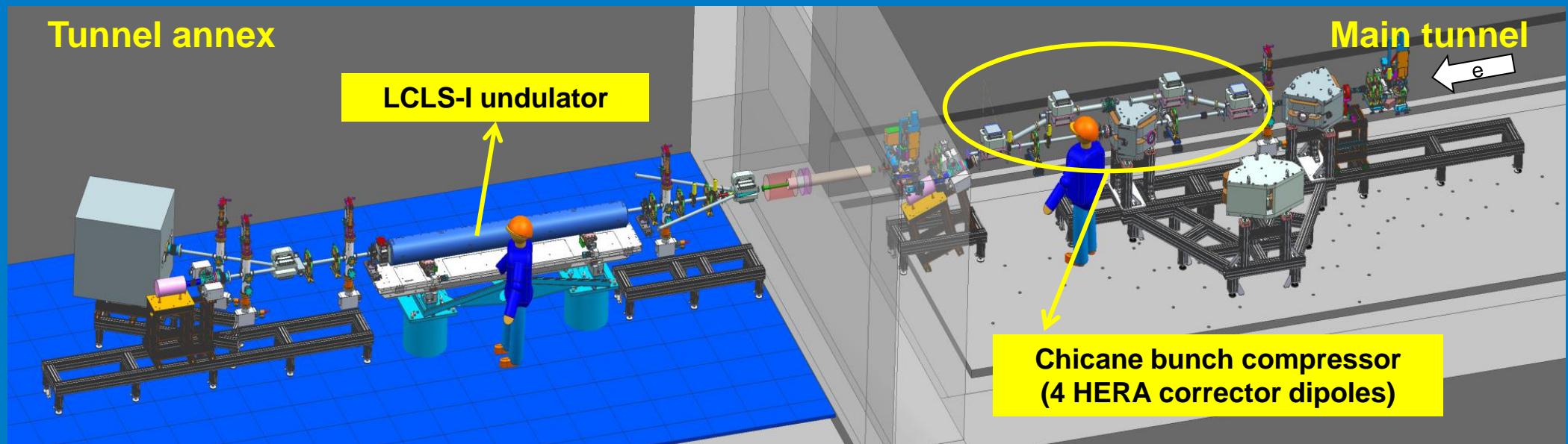
for $\lambda_{rad} > 100 \mu m$ ($f < 3$ THz) → CTR / CDR / SUR?

PITZ Highlights:

- Pulse **train** structure
- High **charge** feasibility (up to 6 nC), high QE photocathodes
- Advanced photocathode laser pulse **shaping**



Proof-of-Principle Experiments on THz SASE FEL at PITZ: Technical Realization



Proof-of-principle experiment on THz SASE FEL at PITZ

Using LCLS-I undulators (available on loan from SLAC)

Some Properties of the LCLS-I undulator

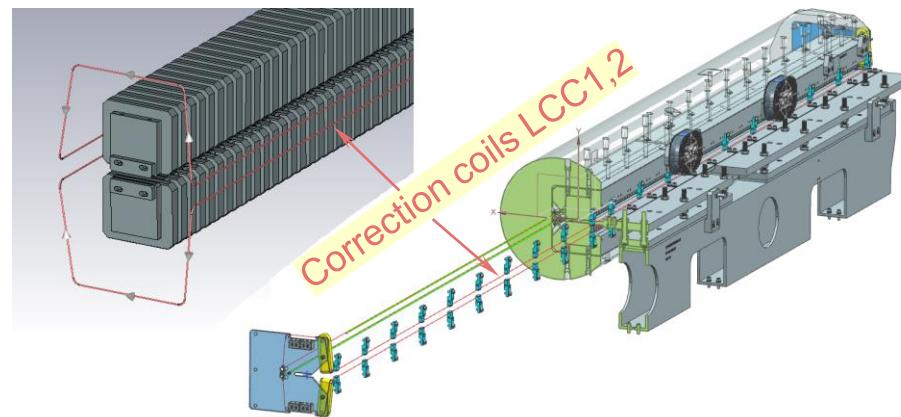
Properties	Details
Type	planar hybrid (NdFeB)
K-value	3.585 (3.49)
Support diameter / length	30 cm / 3.4 m
Vacuum chamber size	11 mm x 5 mm
Period length	30 mm
Periods / a module	113 periods



$$\lambda_{\text{rad}} \sim 100 \mu\text{m} \rightarrow \langle P_z \rangle \sim 17 \text{ MeV/c}$$

Main challenges:

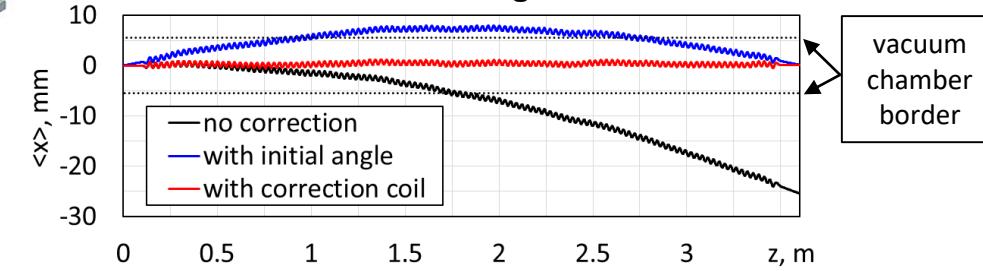
- Space charge effect
- Strong undulator (vertical) focusing + horizontal gradient
- FEL parameter is not very small
- Bunching factor impact?
- Waveguide effect
- Wakefields: geometric and conductive wall effects



Proposal “Conceptual design of a THz source for pump-probe experiments at the European XFEL based on a PITZ-like photo injector” has been supported by the E-XFEL Management Board → dedicated R&D activities at PITZ → Proof-of-principle experiments (2019-2023)

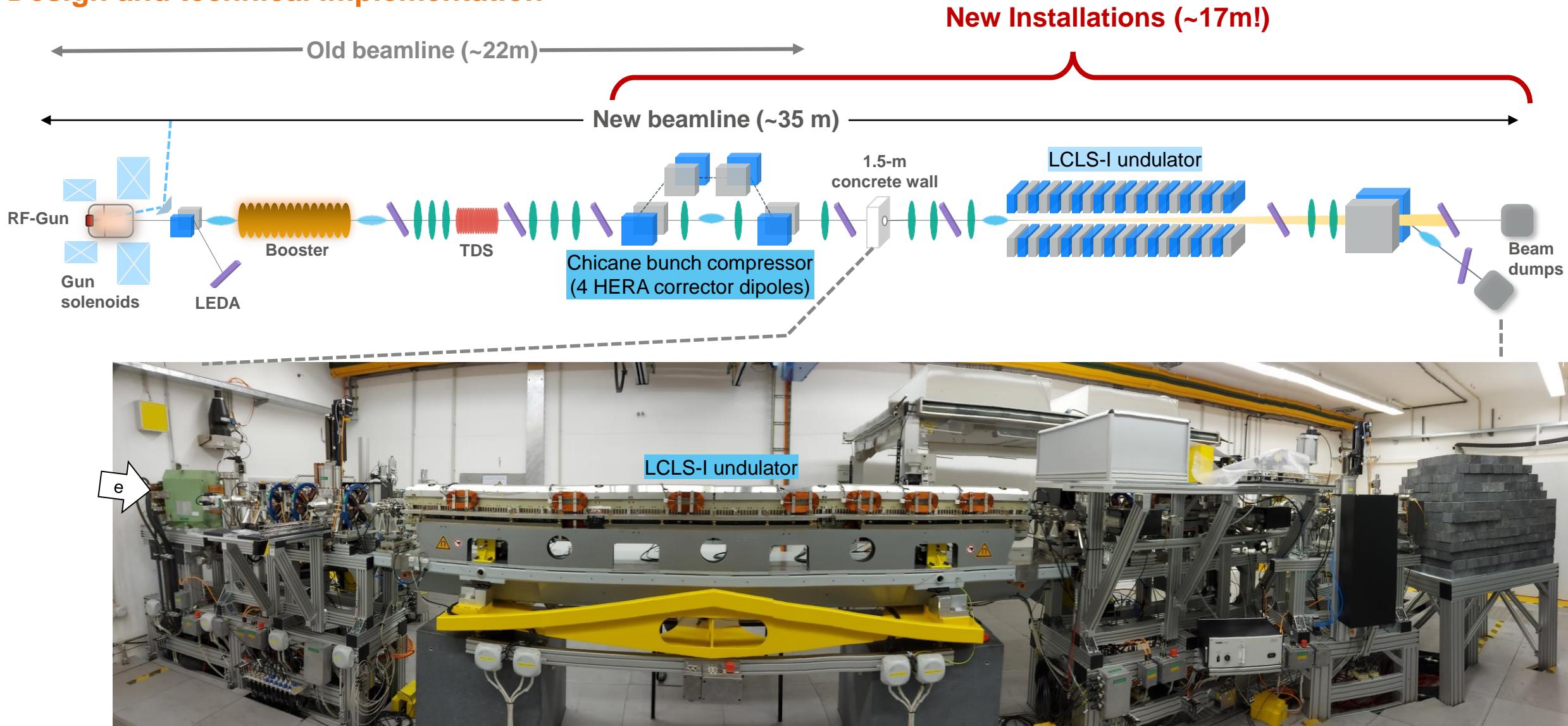
Position	R&D	+ ~x2 more from PITZ (DESY) own resources
Personnel	1PD+1PhD	
Invest	200k	
Operation	3 weeks/year	

Reference particle trajectories in the undulator with horizontal gradient



PITZ upgrade for the proof-of-principle experiment on THz source

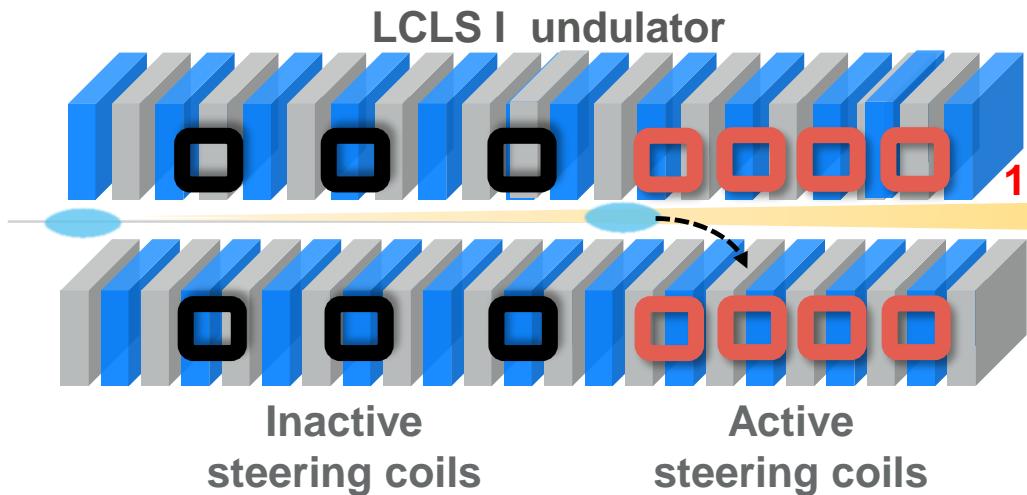
Design and technical Implementation



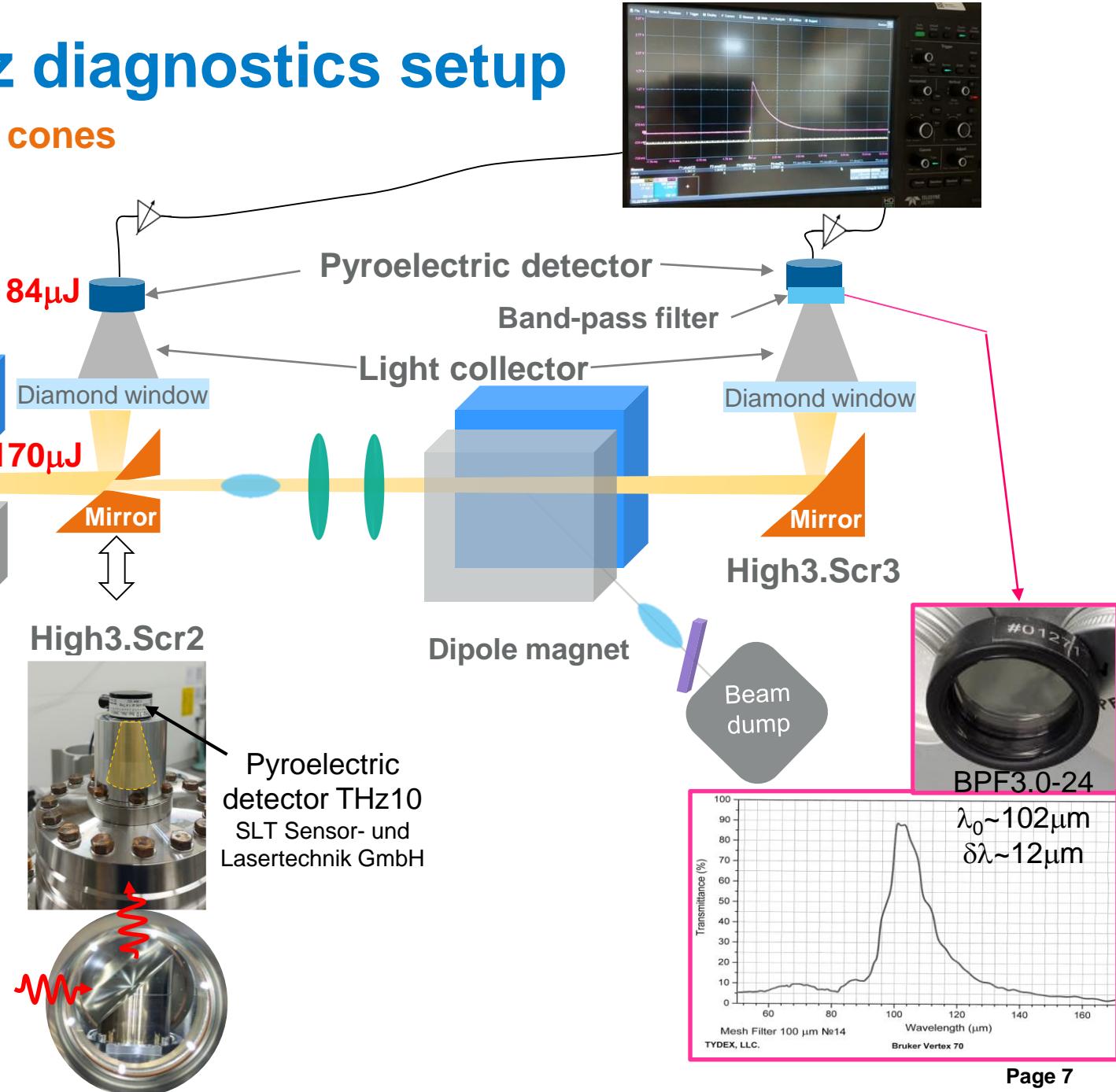
THz SASE FEL at PITZ: THz diagnostics setup

Startup: pyroelectric detectors with collector cones

Simplified layout of the gain curve measurement setup

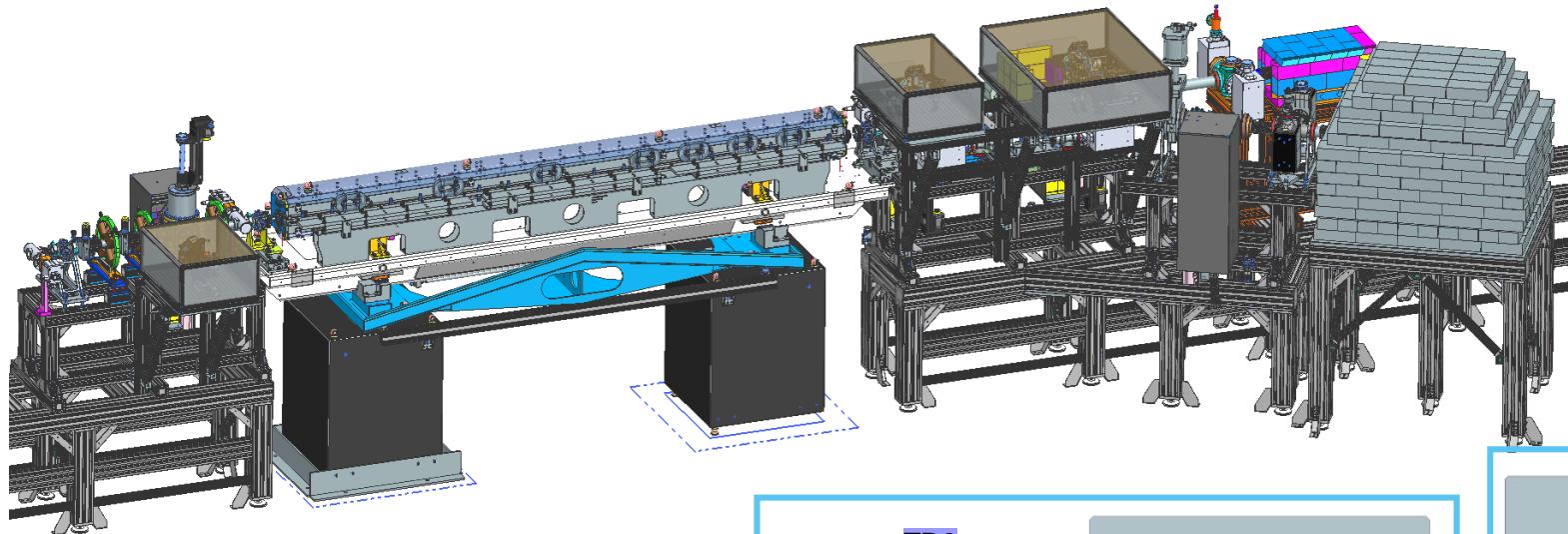


	High3.Scr2	High3.Scr3
Estimated transmission	49%	63%

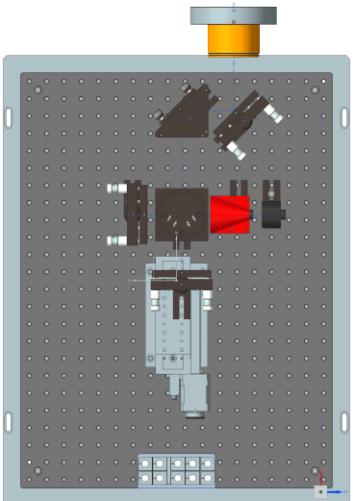


THz Diagnostics at PITZ

3 stations in the second tunnel

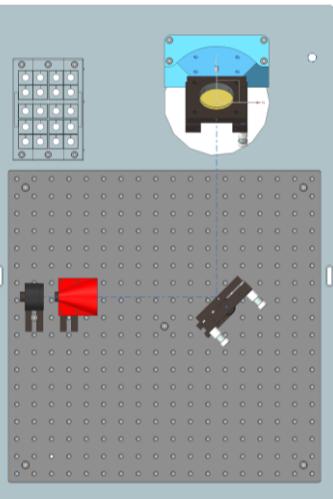


- TD1:**
- Pulse energy using pyroelectric detector
 - THz spectrum using a Michelson interferometer
 - Quartz vacuum window
 - ~0.2 m transport in vacuum, ~0.5 m transport in air
 - Focusing by using 90° off-axis ellipsoidal and parabolic mirrors
 - 1 motorized linear stage



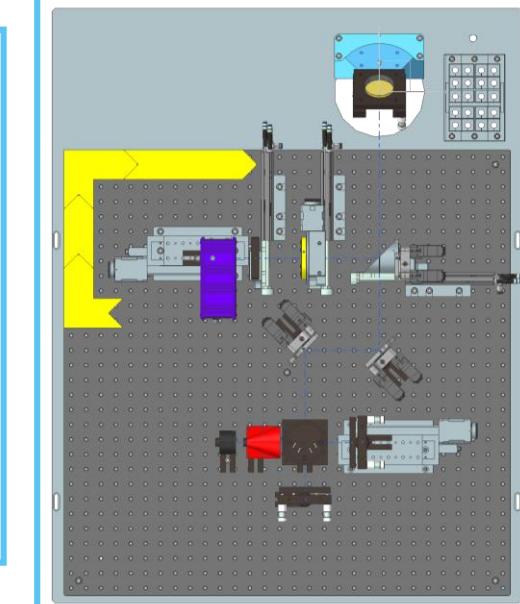
TD2

- Pulse energy using pyroelectric detector
- Diamond vacuum window
- ~0.8 m transport in vacuum, ~0.5 m transport in air
- Focusing by using 90° off-axis ellipsoidal mirror



TD3:

- Pulse energy using pyroelectric detectors
- Transverse profile using a THz camera
- Polarization using a THz polarizer
- THz spectrum using a Michelson interferometer
- Diamond vacuum window
- ~1.8 m transport in vacuum, 1-1.5 m transport in air
- Focusing by using 90° off-axis ellipsoidal and parabolic mirrors
- 3 pneumatic actuators, 3 motorized mirror adjusters, 2 motorized linear stages

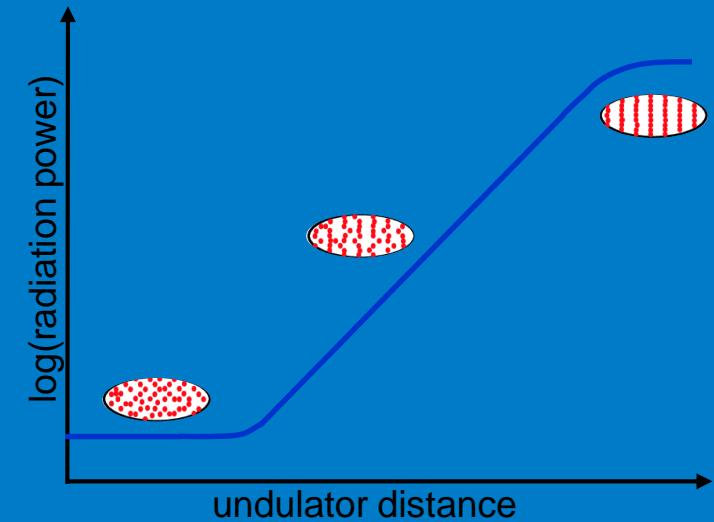
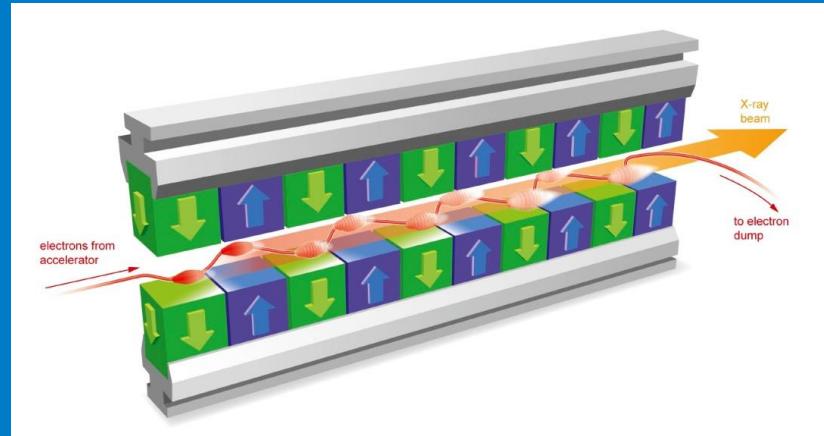


Enclosed system



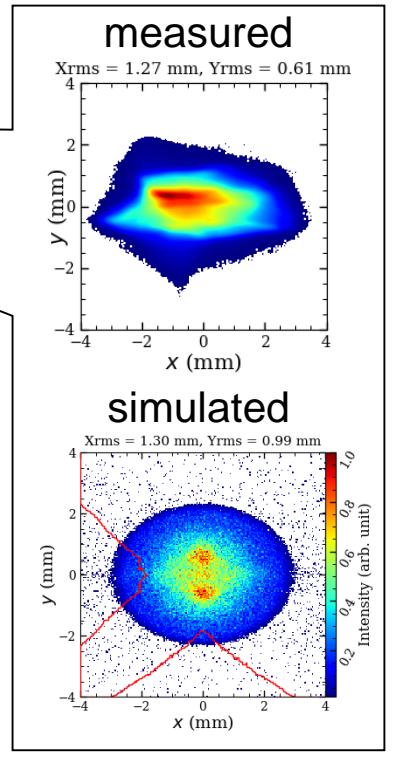
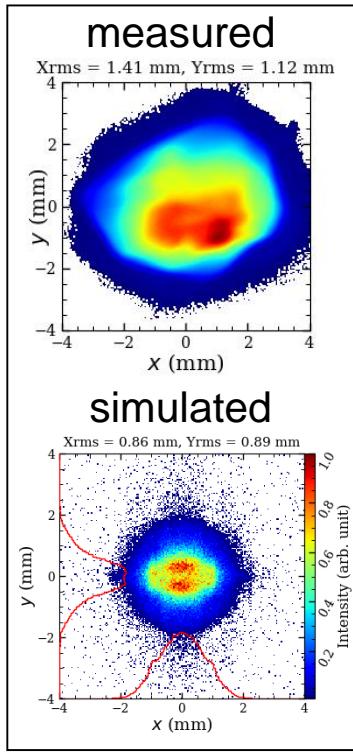
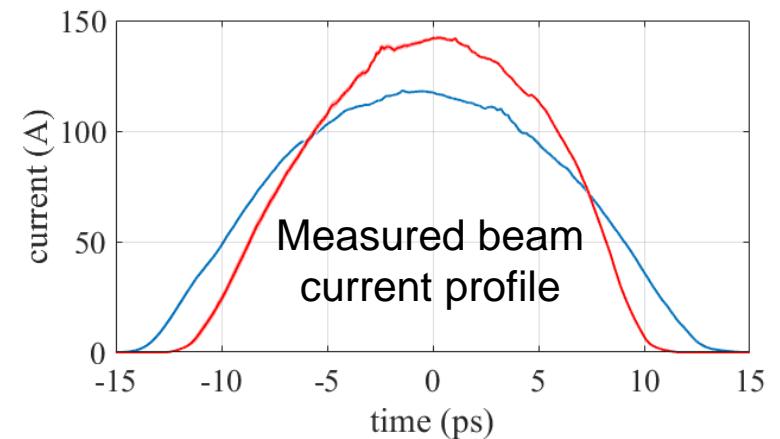
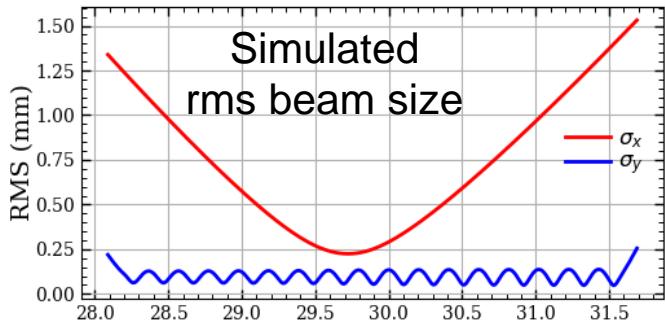
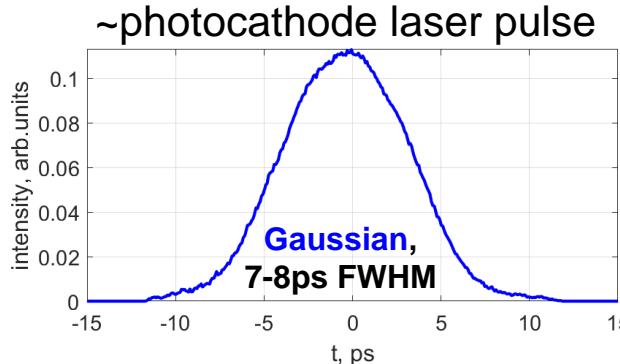
Pure air circulator unit (Thorlabs) for air purification and humidity reduction.

THz SASE FEL at PITZ: Electron Beam Transport and FEL Lasing Tuning



THz SASE FEL at PITZ

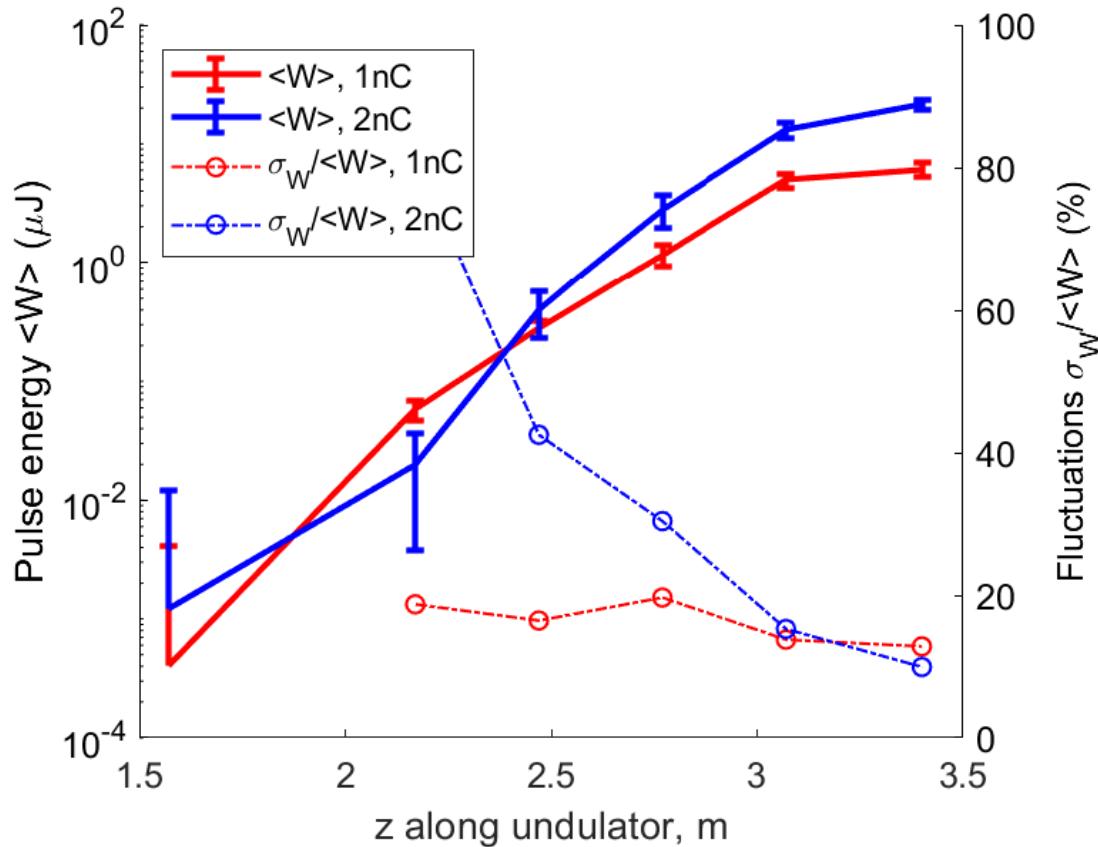
Main challenge: electron beam matching (2nC, 17MeV/c) for lasing



2nC, 17MeV
 $\lambda_{rad} \sim 100\mu m$

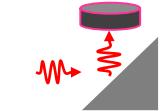
SASE Gain Curves at High3.Scr3 with BPF

In-vacuum mirror without hole + 3THz Band-pass filter

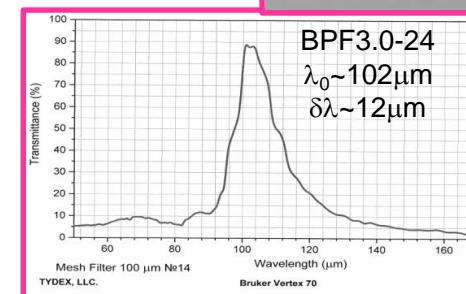


Using **Gaussian** photocathode laser pulses 7-8ps FWHM

Optimization progress
<pulse energy> (fluctuations)
High3.Scr2 vs High3.Scr3



Bunch charge	1 st lasing, no BPF	Tuning, BPF
1nC	0.36 uJ (32%)	6.12uJ (13%)
2nC	0.55uJ (52%)	21.44uJ (10%)



Reference case: 2nC, 3THz

Cross-check with linear theory of FEL amplifier with diffraction effects

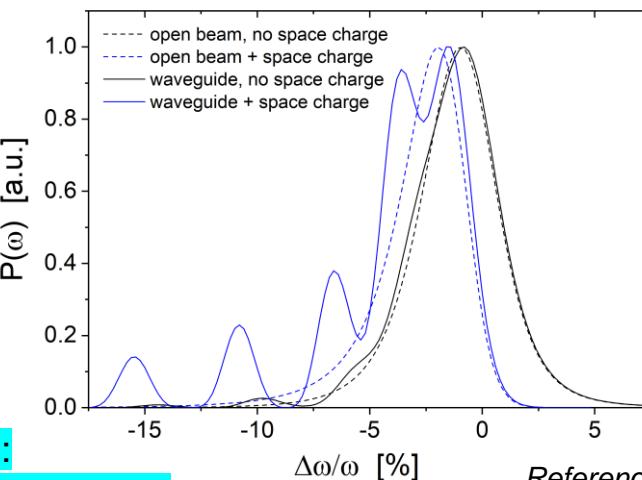
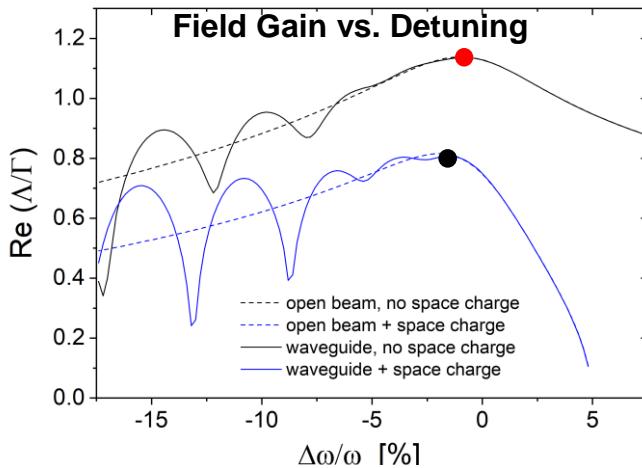
The gain parameter of the FEL amplifier

$$\Gamma = \sqrt{\frac{I_{peak} A_{JJ}^2 \omega^2 \theta_l^2}{2 I_A c^2 \gamma_l^2 \gamma}} = (0.237m)^{-1}$$

Parameter	Value
Diffraction B	~ 0.1
SC $\hat{\Lambda}_p^2$	0.9
FEL ρ	0.01
E-spread $\hat{\Lambda}_T^2$	0.003
Waveguide Ω^*	5.3

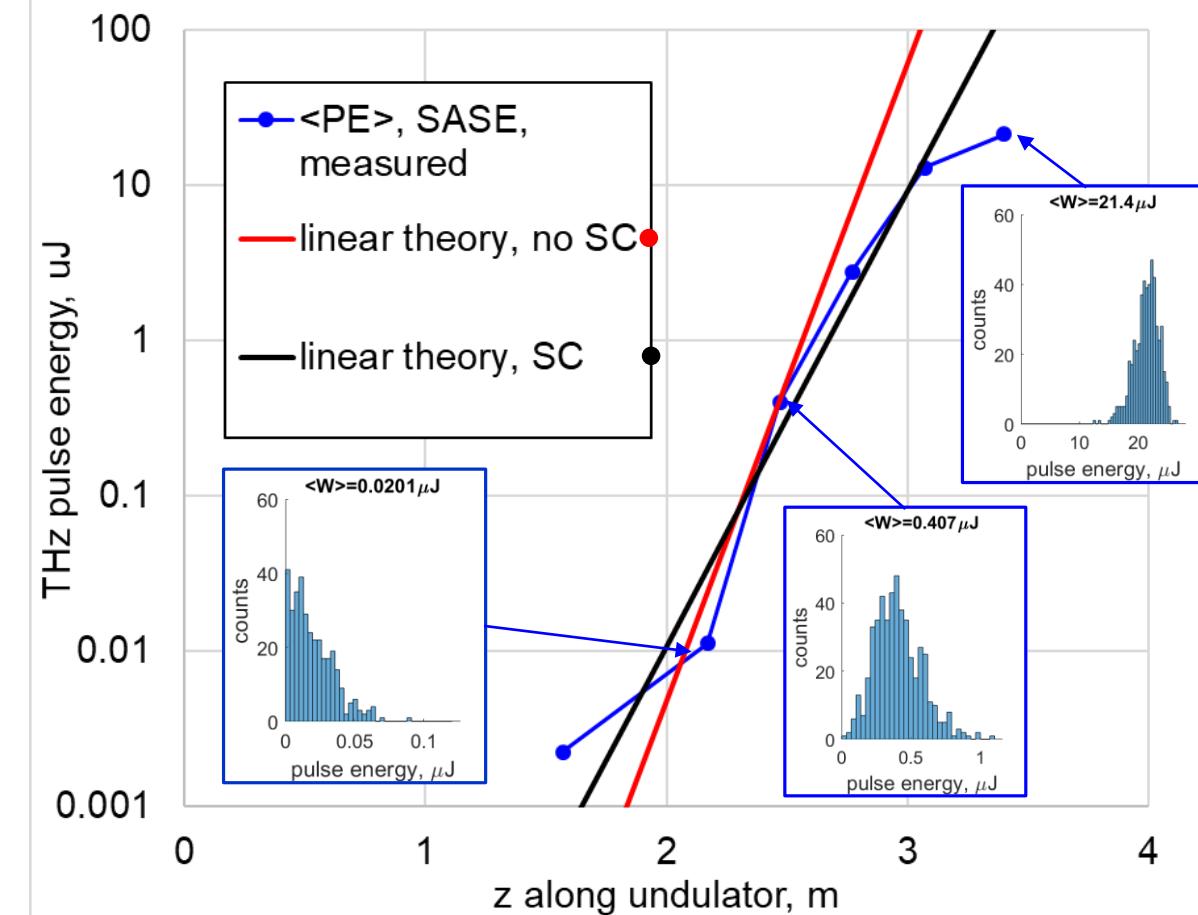
Expected power spectrum
(the high gain regime at the onset of saturation)

Eigenvalue problem → beam radiation modes
 $E_x(z) \propto \exp(\Lambda \cdot z)$, $\Lambda \rightarrow$ field gain ($\text{Re}\Lambda$)

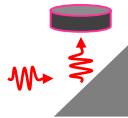


Calculations:
courtesy Mikhail Yurkov

SASE 2nC: Linear theory versus measurements



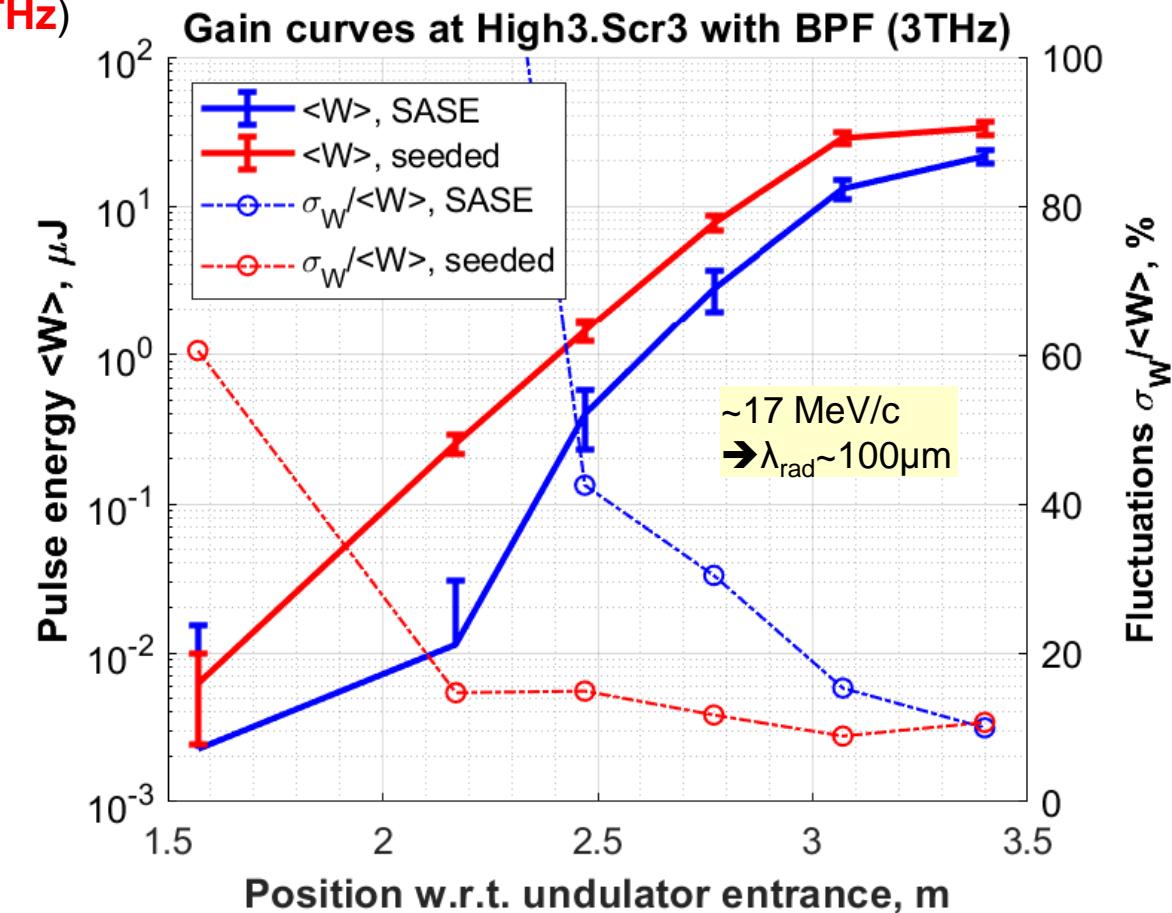
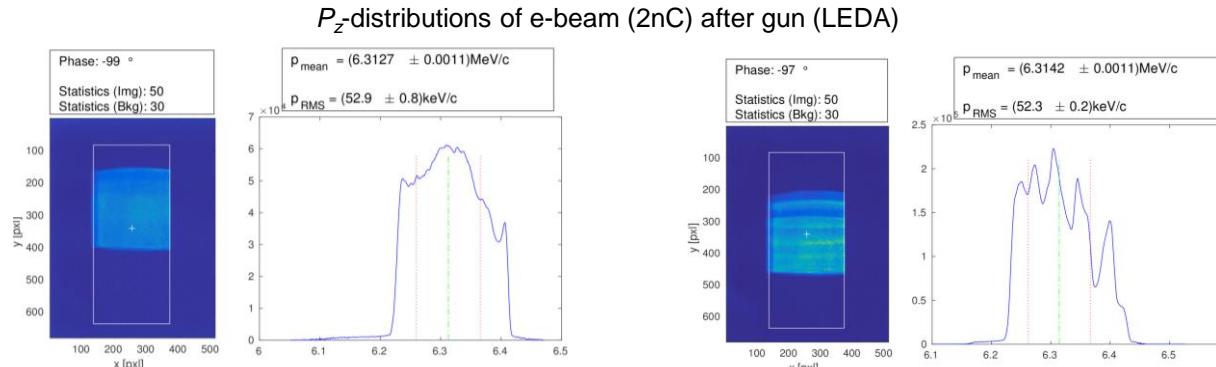
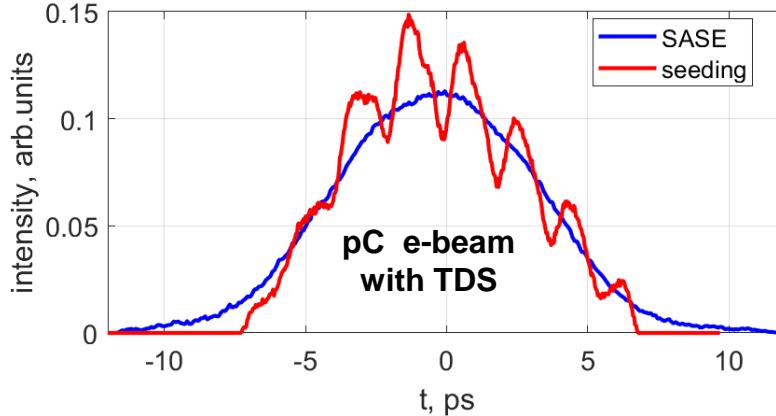
Reference: E.L. Saldin, E.A. Schneidmiller and M.V. Yurkov,
 "On a theory of an FEL amplifier with circular waveguide and
 guiding magnetic field", Nucl. Instr. Meth. A 375, p. 241, 1996.



First Seeding Experiments

SASE vs. seeded THz FEL with modulated photocathode pulse (preliminary results)

- Gain Curves at HIGH3.Scr3 (THz mirror w/o hole) with BPF (3THz)
- THz FEL Seeding experiments
(2nC e-beam with modulated photocathode laser pulse):
 $\langle W \rangle \rightarrow 33\mu\text{J}$ vs $21\mu\text{J}$ from SASE



Seeded THz FEL gain curve:

- Higher energies + earlier start
- Better stability

Simulations Challenges

Shot (intrinsic) noise accurate modeling

- The bunching factor

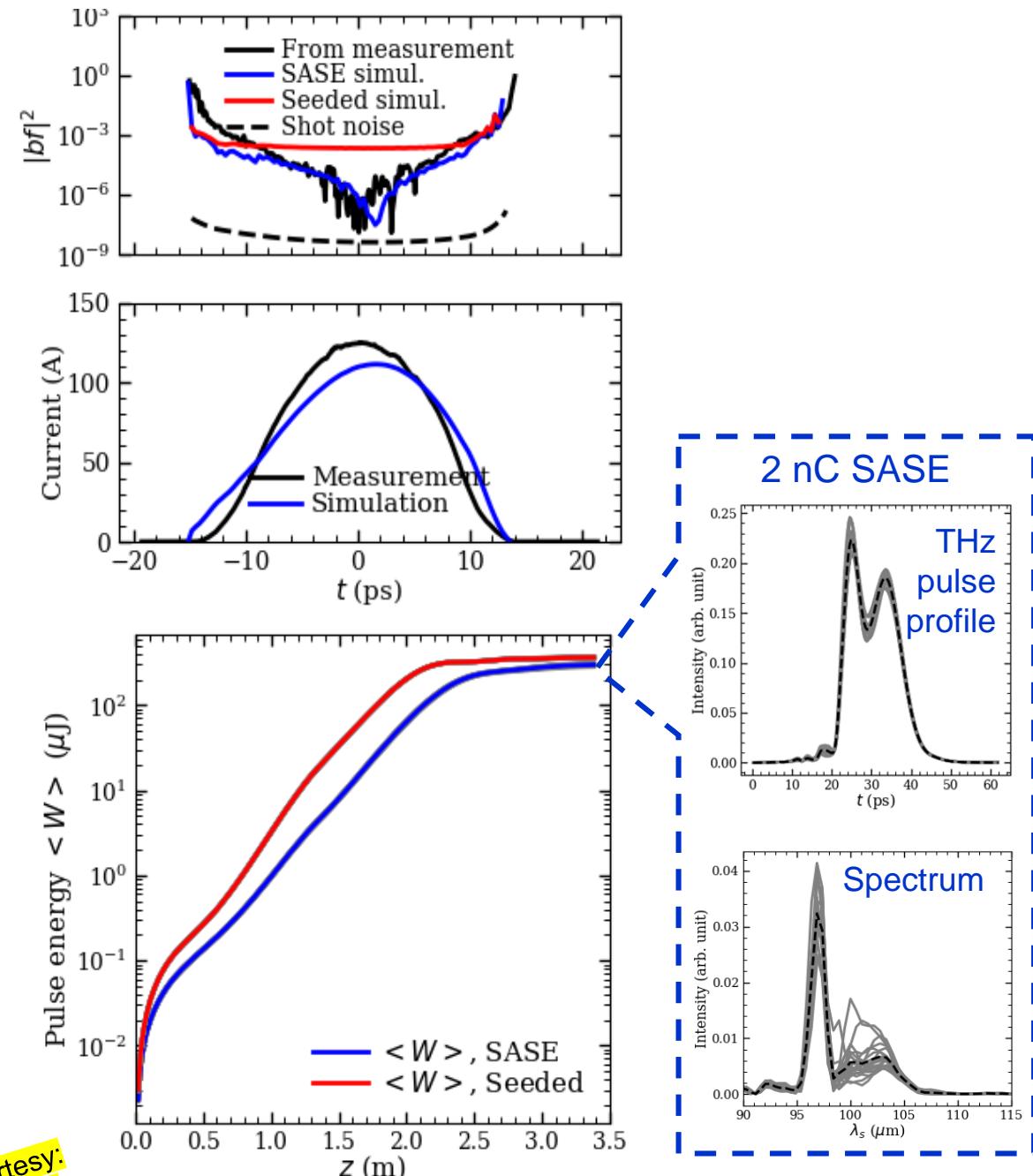
$$bf(\lambda, t) = \frac{1}{N_t} \sum_{n \in N_t} e^{2\pi i \frac{ct_n}{\lambda}}.$$

- For random distribution, the square of bunching factor (or the shot noise) follows exponential distribution and we have

$\langle |bf(\omega)|^2 \rangle = \frac{1}{N_e}$, where N_e is the number of electrons within one radiation wavelength,

e.g., $I_{peak} = 2 \text{ kA}$, $\lambda_s = 0.1 \text{ nm}$ for XFEL and $I_{peak} = 200 \text{ A}$, $\lambda_s = 100 \mu\text{m}$ for THz : $\text{Ne(THz)}/\text{Ne(XFEL)} = 10^5$!

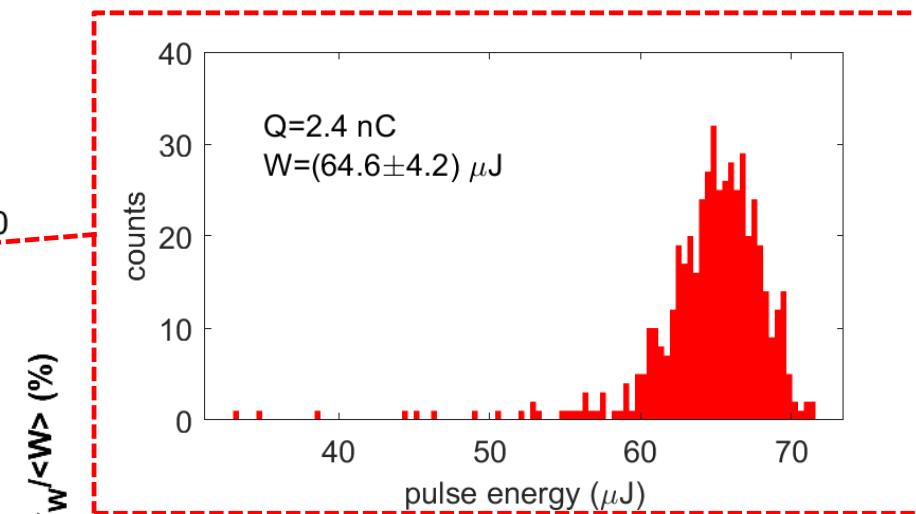
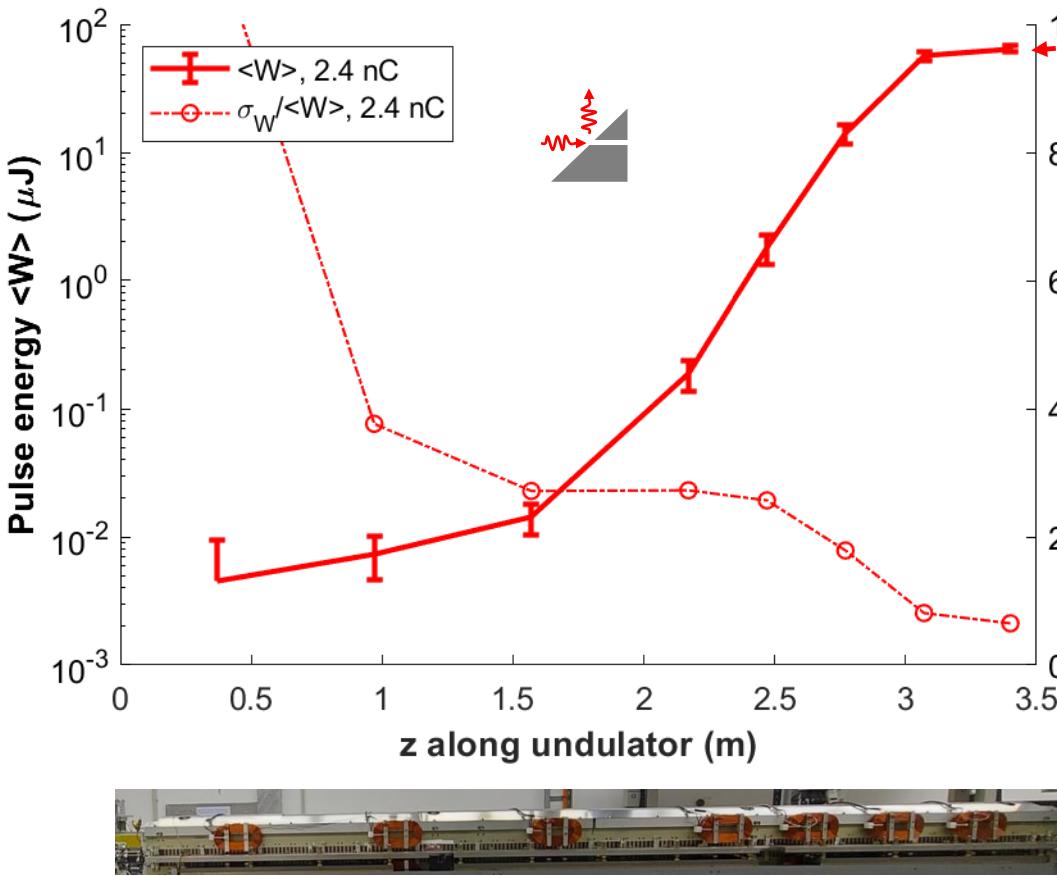
- But, due to the longer wavelength of THz, the radiations actually see a density slope within one wavelength
- There are other possible reasons for an increased noise level at THz wavelengths (emission from cathodes, Boersch effect, etc.)



THz SASE FEL at PITZ: Further Optimization

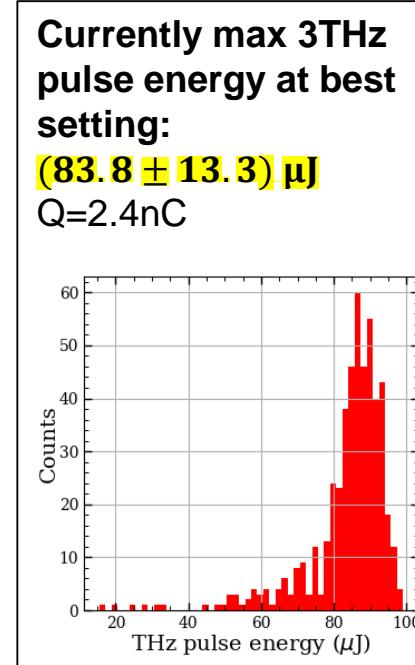
High gain THz SASE FEL (~3THz) characterization

- Gain curves for 2.4nC at HIGH3.Scr2:
 - in-vacuum mirror with hole
 - No band-pass filter applied



Estimated transmission ~50%

>100 μJ generated



First Direct THz FEL Spectrum Measurements

28.02.2024N, FTIR spectrometer measurements (with E. Zapolnova, FS-FLASH-B)

- 2nC, central wavelength around 2.57 THz (110 μm)

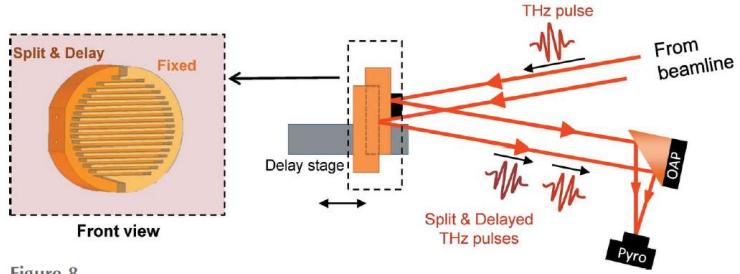
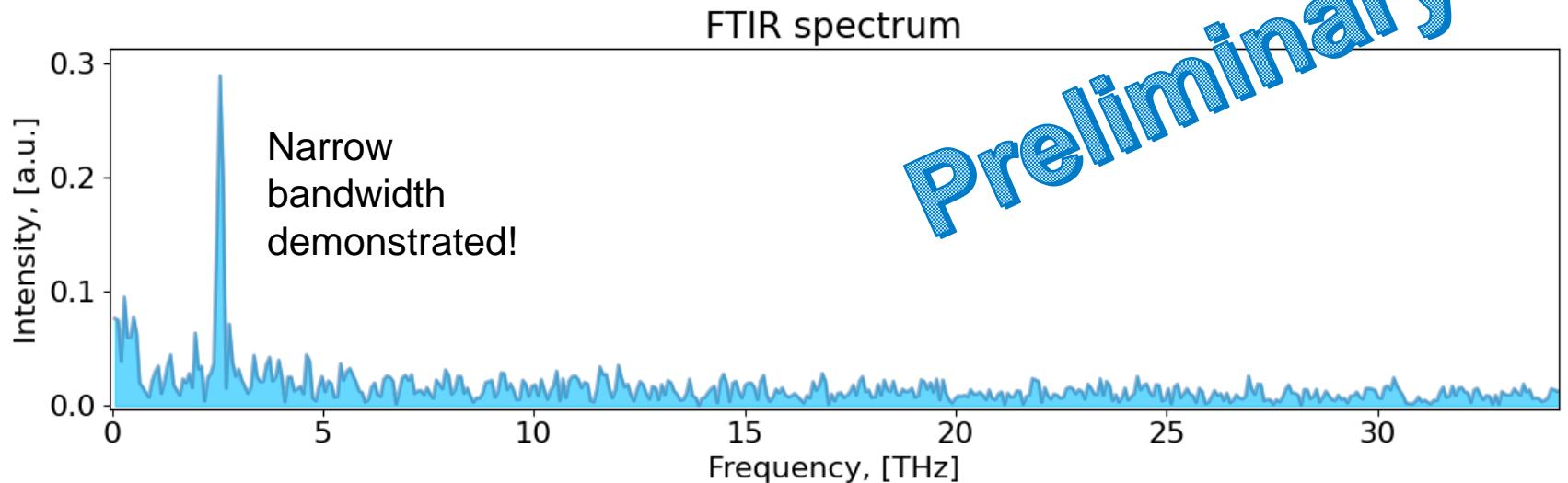
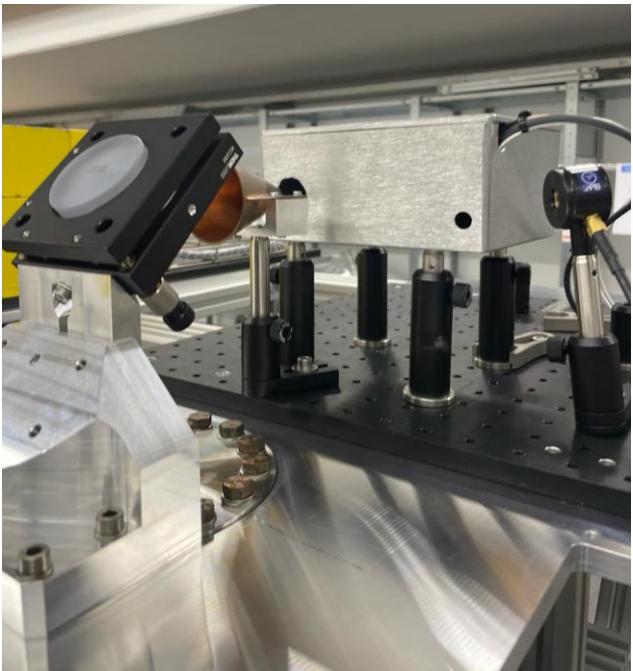


Figure 8

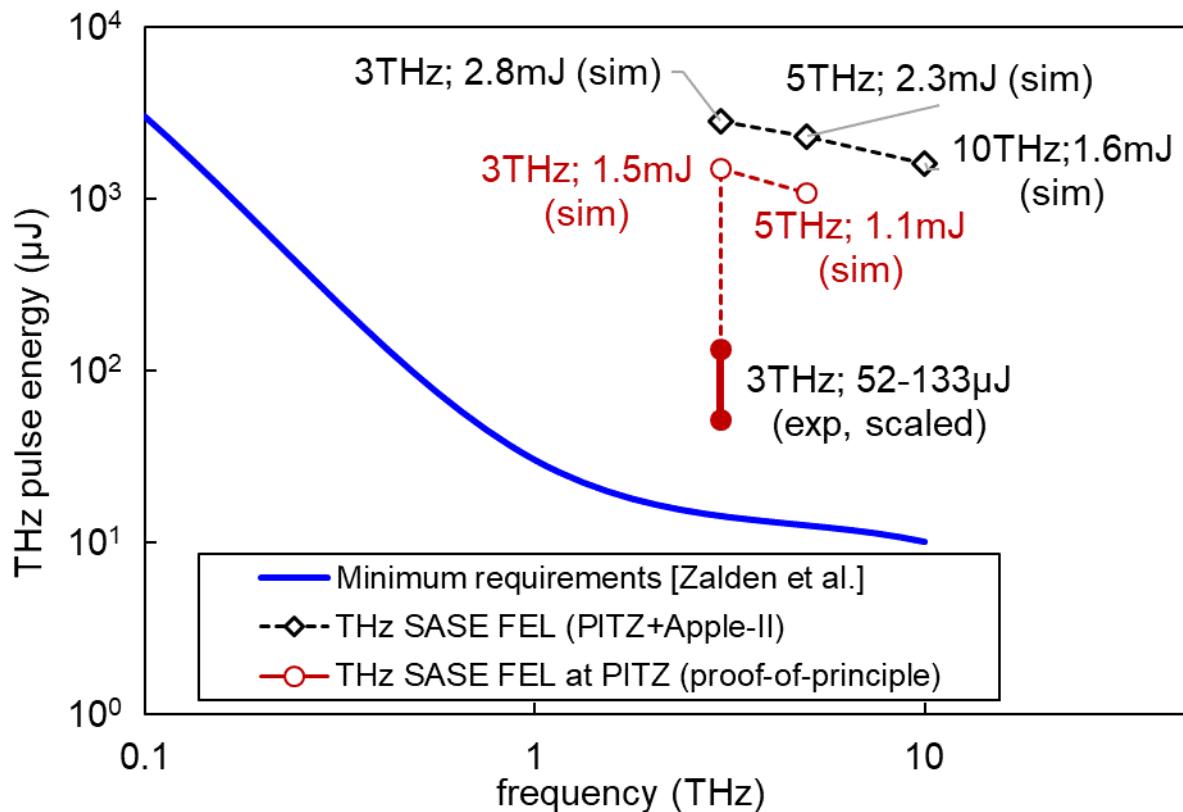
Scheme of the lamellar grating interferometer. OAP: off-axis parabolic mirror.



Pan, R., Zapolnova, E., Golz, T., Krmpot, A. J., Rabasovic, M. D., Petrovic, J., Asgekar, V., Faatz, B., Tavella, F., Perucchi, A., Kovalev, S., Green, B., Geloni, G., Tanikawa, T., Yurkov, M., Schneidmiller, E., Gensch, M. & Stojanovic, N. (2019). Photon diagnostics at the FLASH THz beamline. *J. Synchrotron Rad.* 26, 700–707.

Proof-of-principle Experiment on THz Source at PITZ

Where we are now and the way to go



parameter	Min. requirements [1]	PITZ (exp)
Bandwidth	1...0.05	~0.02
f [THz]	0.1...3...20...30	3...5
Pulse energy	3mJ@0.1THz; 30μJ@1THz; 10μJ@10THz	30..65μJ@3THz
CEP	yes	To be studied
Rep.Rate (burst)	0.1MHz...4.5MHz	1MHz...4.5MHz
Synchronization	<0.1/f	To be investigated
Polarization	optional	yes

Gaussian
photocathode
laser, 2-3 nC
bunch charge

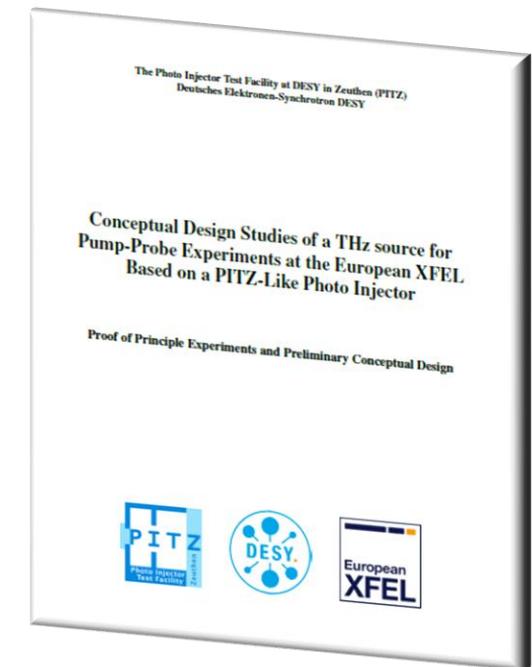
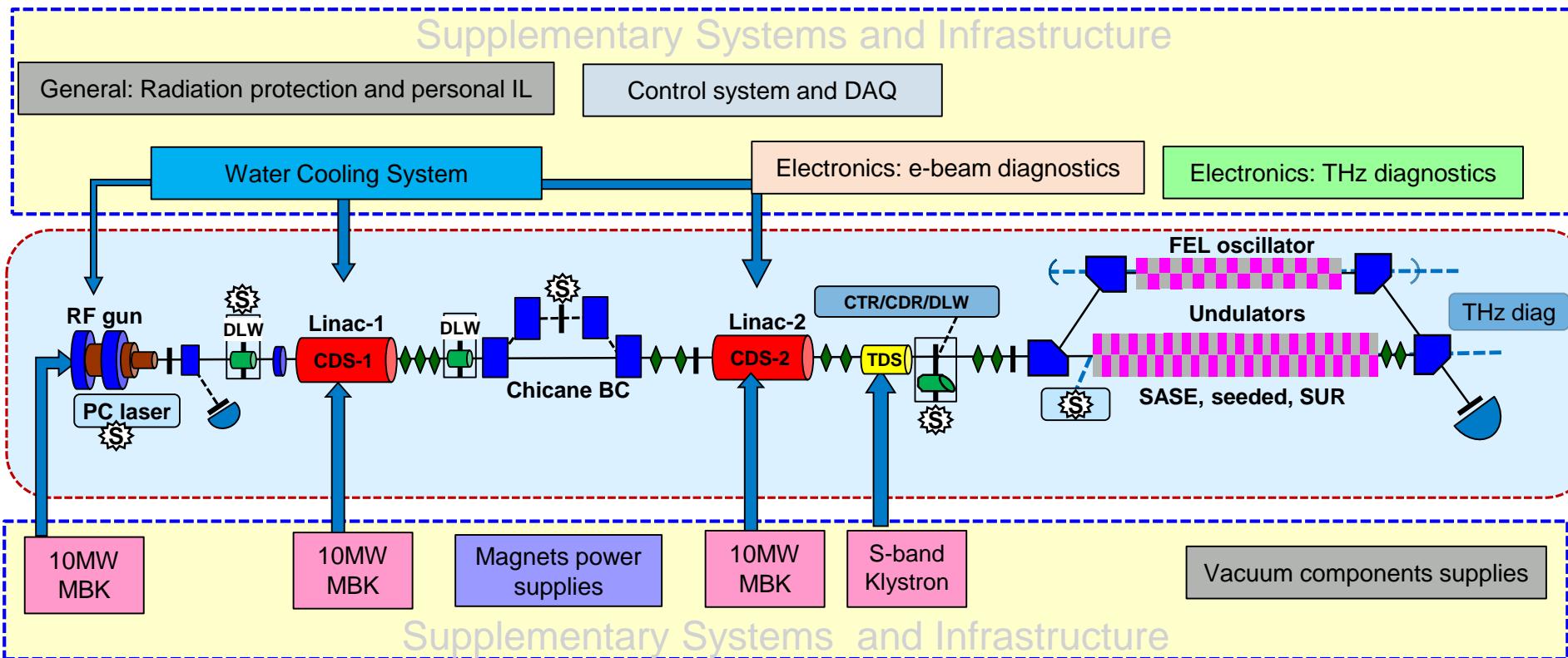
Scientific requirements:

[1] P. Zalden, et al., "Terahertz Science at European XFEL",
XFEL.EU TN-2018-001-01.0

"3 to 20 THz is the most difficult to cover by existing sources; at the same time, many vibrational resonances and relaxations in condensed matter occur at these frequencies."

Conceptual Design of THz source based on PITZ-like accelerator

Zero-order CDR



Conclusions

THz R&D at PITZ

- PITZ-like accelerator → **high-power tunable accelerator-based THz source** for pump-probe experiments at the European XFEL → **identical pulse train structure + high (~2-4nC) bunch charge**

Proof-of-principle experiments at PITZ (supported by EuXFEL)

Key findings / experiences gained / lessons learned :

- 17m new THz beamline at PITZ with *LCLS*-/ undulator including *BC*
- SC** dominated beam transport and matching procedures
- Detailed FEL *simulations* → impact of the **bunching factor**
- Beam dynamics and FEL *simulations* for **THz@PITZ** and for the proposed *ideal machine*

Experimentally demonstrated:

- High-gain THz FEL lasing** at ~3THz with ~17MeV/c, 2nC Gaussian beams, **more than 100μJ generated**
- 1st **seeding** with modulated PC laser pulses
- Narrow **bandwidth** (1st FTIR measurements)
- THz pulse energy fluctuations ~6-10%

Still to demonstrate	Current limitations, risks
More tunability – 5THz, 1THz(?)	Beam time (stable gun), supporting simulations (ongoing), finalization of special experimental procedures
Further seeding studies (e.g., DLW)	
Use BC to explore/extend the parameter space	
Spectral studies (FTIR and Michelson interferometer)	Complete fabrication / installation of the THz diagnostics stations
Transverse distribution with Pyrocam	
Flattop PC laser pulses + 4nC to increase the THz pulse energy	Full performance of the NEPAL-P

THz@PITZ: next steps

Topics for THz R&D 2024+, “Reduced list”

WP1: Exploration of THz parameter space at PITZ

- SASE (+bf studies)
- Seeded FEL (using modulated e-beams)
- ~~• "Tapering studies with LCLS I undulator?"~~

WP2: E-beam generation for THz seeding

- "PC laser pulse modulation with new methods + e-beam generation"
- Two-beam scheme
- DLW?
- ~~• "Other methods: external source, etc."~~
- THz radiation w/ DLW?

WP3: THz diagnostics

- EOS
- Spectrometry
- ~~• Martin-Puplett Interferometer (MPI)~~
- ~~• Other advanced (fast) tools~~

?WP4: TDR on THz source for EuXFEL

- Project management
- "Ideal" THz facility layout refinement
- "Ideal" THz undulator design
- "Ideal" BC for THz machine

WP#	Topic	Our view on preferred priority (1-3)	Challenges	Expected delivery	Start date	Duration years	Investments		Operation				Manpower				Total costs on DESY site (rough estimate)			Risks level	details	Possible collaborations	Remarks		
							Components	Rough estimate in kEuro	weeks/year	weeks total	costs, kEuro	PD/year	PD total	PhD/year	PhD total	Tech/year	Tech total	All FTE/year	All FTE/year total	PD (Hamburg)	Ing. (Hamburg)	Total			
1	Exploration of THz parameter space at PITZ				2024	3		150	4	12	480	0.5	1.5	1	3	0.5	1.5	2	6		1018.5				
	SASE	1	tunability check, precise trajectory model understanding waveguide effect	updated diagnostics, realistic steering procedure, BC tuning			Beam arrival cavity (BAM), e-beam diagnostics improvements?	100	1.5	4.5	180	0.25	0.75	0.5	1.5	0.25	0.75	1	3		507.75	low / medium	accelerator components failures	MPY	
	Seeded FEL (using modulated e-beams)	1	control of the input signal properties, BC setup				Update of CTR/CDR station for seeding tuning	50	2.5	7.5	300	0.25	0.75	0.5	1.5	0.25	0.75	1	3		510.75	low / medium	accelerator components failures	MPY	
	Tapering studies with LCLS + undulator?	2-3	independent and safe undulator control	system in operation			SPS or similar?															medium / high	mechanical constraints, movement range is not sufficient	SLAC2	
2	E-beam generation for THz seeding				2024	3		80	5	15	600	0.5	1.5	1	3	0.5	1.5	2	6		1021.5				
	PC laser pulse modulation with new methods + e-beam	1	Laser system modification / extension, precise and reliable control of modulation	system in operation			Laser components (optics, gratings, etc)	70	4	12	480	0.25	0.75	0.5	1.5	0.25	0.75	1	3		515.25	medium / high	stability, routine operation?	FS-LA	
	Two-beam scheme	1-2	Laser beamline update, synchronization	system in operation			Laser beam line components	10	1	3	120	0.25	0.75	0.5	1.5	0.25	0.75	1	3		506.25	low / medium			
	Other methods: DLW - external source, etc.	2-3	space charge, emittance dilution; aperture issues	system in operation			New DLW (tunable?)														medium / high	see challenges	CFEL-		
	THz radiation w/ DLW	2-3	Modification of High3 stations	proof-of-principle			DLW w/ Vlasov antenna at High3, Ser1,3?													medium / high	see challenges	CFEL- (F-Lemey)?			
3	THz diagnostics		SASE fluctuations, long multicycle pulses, arrival time jitter, towards CEP, THz transport		2024	3		395	5.5	10.5	420	1	3			3	3.25	9		1625					
	EOS	1	+single shot	EOS design for THz SASE/seeded FEL at PITZ			diag. laser or diode pump for Pharos (50k+150k?), pectrometer, spectrum analyzer - camera (2 channel, high resolution) 100k?, fibers, BL components+controls 50k?	350	3	9	360	1	6	2.25	1	3	2.75	8.25		1467.5	high	fluctuations of the THz signals, long THz pulses, sensitivity of the spectrometer, diagnostic laser transport	Univ. de Lille (S. Bielański) FLASH (B. Steffen), CFEL (N. Matis?) Spectrometer/camera could be on load from DESY HH?		
	Spectrometry	1-2	+single shot, narrow band, resolution, 3rd and 5th harmonics				Lamellar Grating Spectrometer Echelon mirrors, band-pass filters	40	2	1	0	0	0.25	0.75	0.25	0	0.5	0.75		92.5	high	no experience at PITZ, resolution issue due fluctuations (pointing jitter)?	FLASH (E. Zapolnova)		
	Martin-Puplett Interferometer (MPI)	1-2	alignment	MPJ, commissioned and in operation			new design, 2 pyro													low	alignment issues?	HZDR (TELBE)?			
	Other advanced (fast) tools	2-3	fast-detector calibration, integration into PITZ control system, DAQ				Fast DESY pyro? 1MHz received													medium	crosstalk, electronic noise?	FLASH (B. Steffen)?			
	Transverse distribution	2-3	proper THz camera setup, new 2D detectors				Transverse modes characterization, coherency studies	5	0.5	1.5	60									65	medium	stability, THz camera damage?			
SUM (WP1-3)								625			1500	2	6	3	9	2.25	6	7.25	21	0	0	3665			
4	TDR on THz source for EuXFEL		to be coordinated with EuXFEL!	TDR on THz source	2025	2						2	4			1	2	3	6	1	2	600	medium		
	Project management	1	Overall coordination (HH-Z), costs estimations	TDR								1	2			1	2	2	4	0.75	1.5	400		coordination Hamburg-Zeuthen-EuXFEL	
	"Ideal" THz facility layout refinement	1	realistic s2e simulations	beamline design, budget estimate								0.5	1									100		realistic simulations, space constraints	
	"Ideal" THz undulator design	1	combine several options, variable tapering, strength, period?	THz undulator design								0.25	0.5									50		prototype for proof-of-principle	FS-US DESY HH (M. Tischer, P. Vagin)
	"Ideal" BC for THz machine	1-2	multipurpose, dispersion management, space charge, CSR	optimized BC design								0.25	0.5									50		prototype for proof-of-principle	Really multipurpose for ultimate performance
SUM (WP1-4)								625			1500	4	10	3	9	3.25	8	10.3	27	1	2	4265			

THz@PITZ Team and Collaboration

Proof-of-principle experiment on high power THz source

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Thank you!