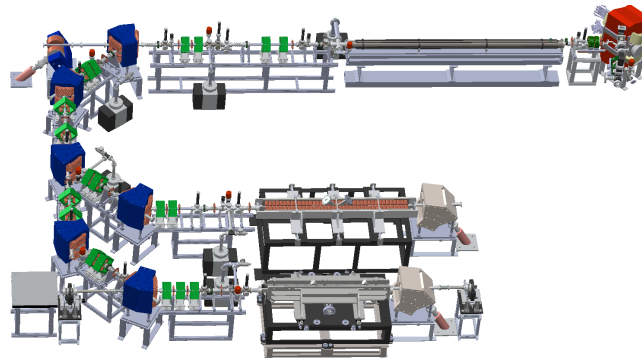


Development of Super-Radiant THz Source in Thailand



Ekkachai Komgmon

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Outline

Introduction and motivation

Terahertz (THz) radiation

THz applications

Objective

PBP-CMU Electron Linac Laboratory (PCELL) accelerator

Accelerator specifications

Undulator design

Undulator simulation

Radiation calculation

Results and conclusions

Current status of our accelerator

Introduction and motivation

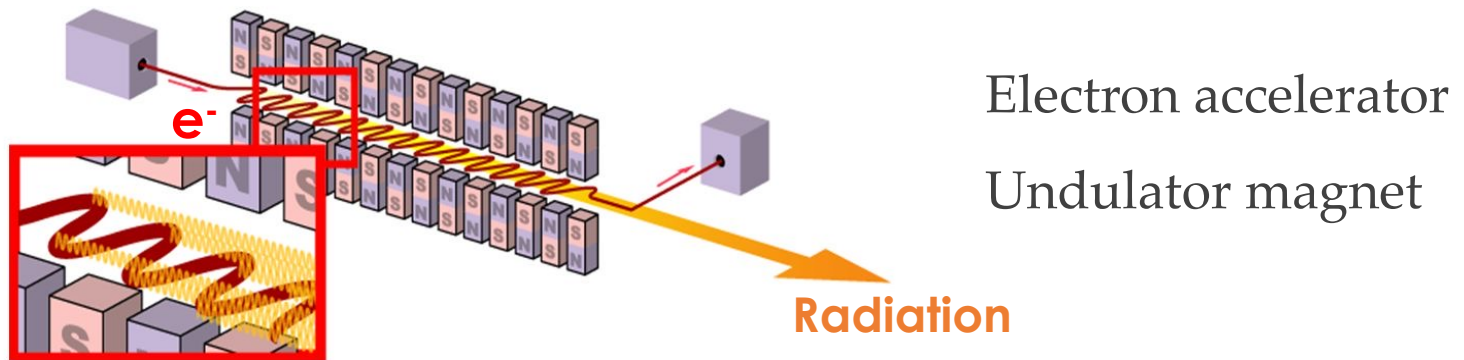
THz radiation source

Low output power radiation source **mW**

i.e. Black body radiation, solid state oscillator, quantum cascade oscillator.

High output power radiation source **MW**

THz **F**ree-**E**lectron **L**aser (**FEL**)

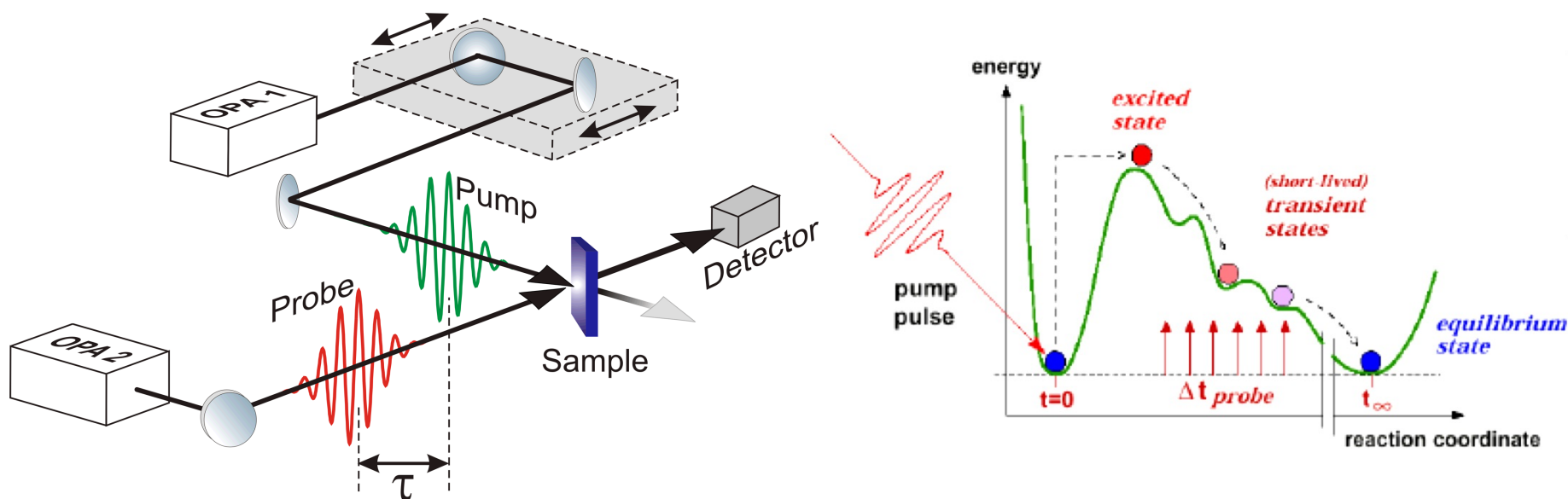


Properties:

Coherence, High power (MW), Tunable-frequency

Introduction and motivation

Applications Pump probe experiment



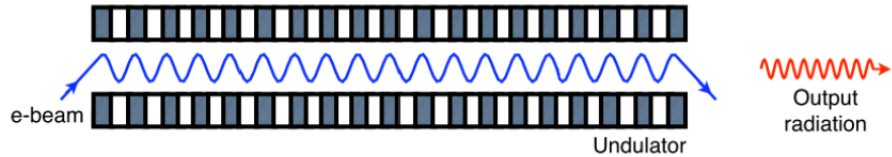
A pump pulse and a probe pulse, that interact with a sample material. The pump pulse initiates a sample response, and a probe pulse monitors the response.

Introduction and motivation

Types of FELs

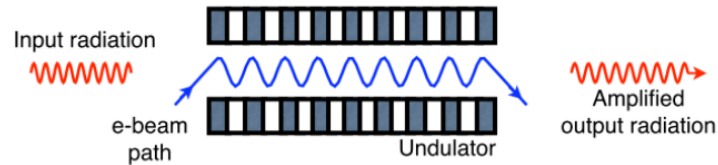
SASE FEL

Long undulator



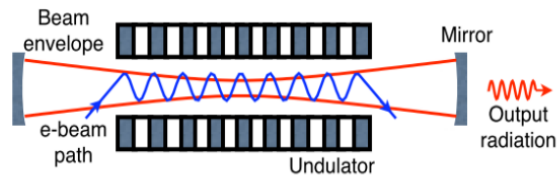
Seeded FEL

Input laser



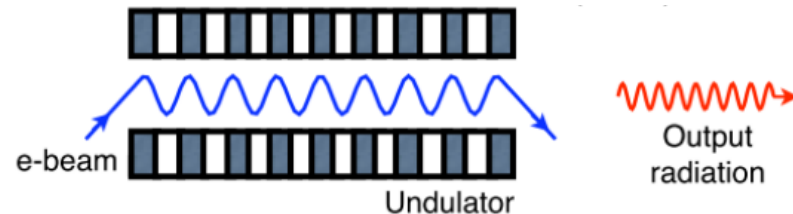
Oscillator FEL

Mirrors



Super-radiant FEL

Short electron bunch

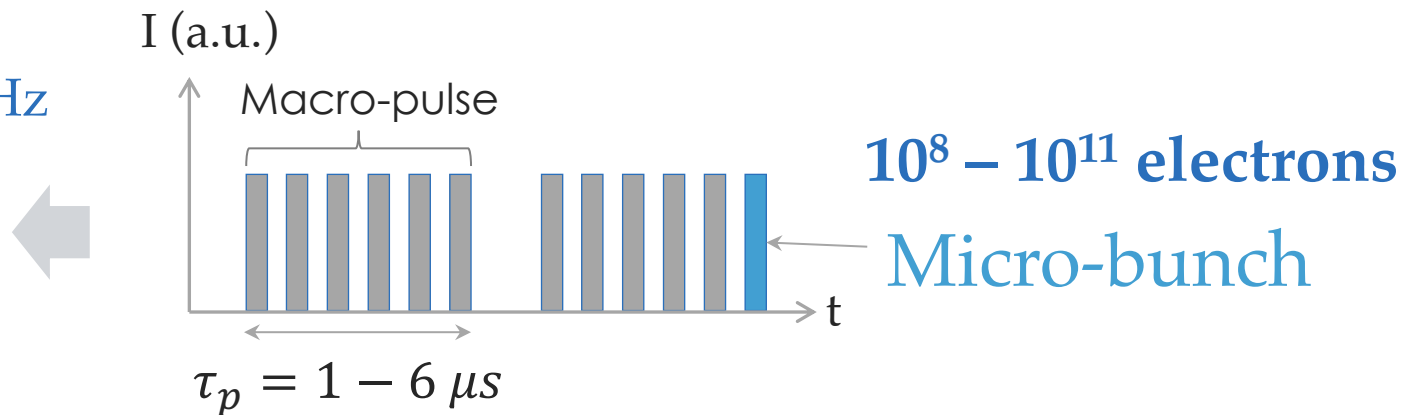


Undulator radiation

Coherent radiation source

Super radiant FEL

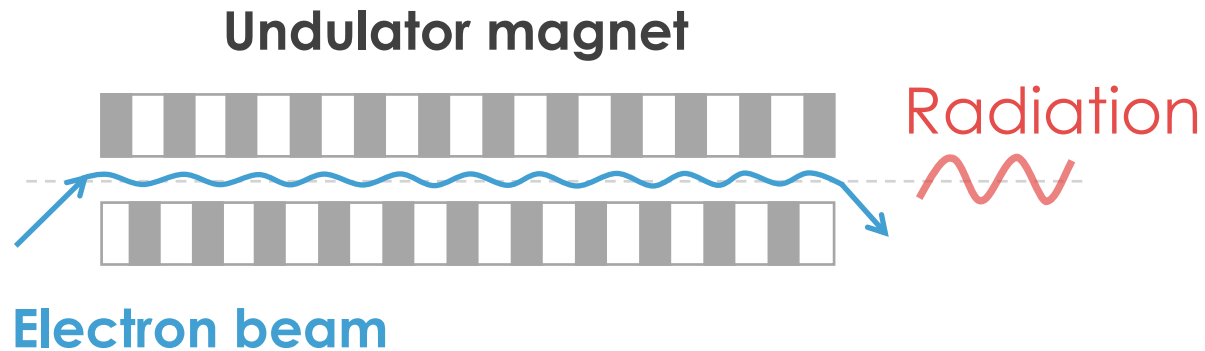
RF : 2.856 GHz



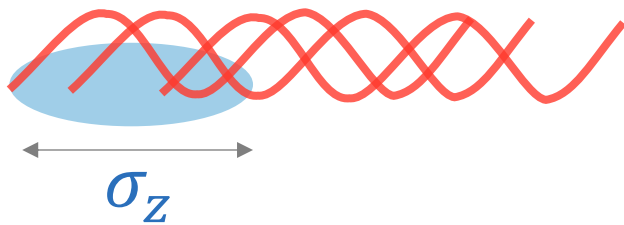
Electron bunch length $<$ radiation wavelength

Undulator radiation

Superradiant radiation

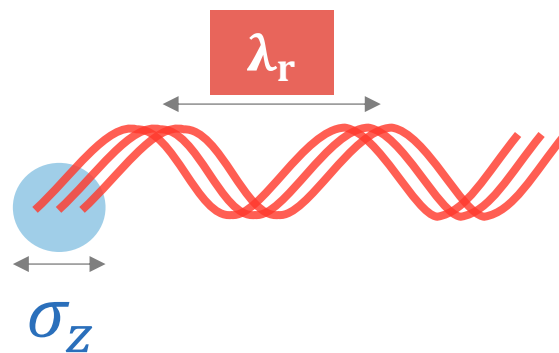


Incoherent radiation



Intensity $\propto N_e$

Coherent radiation

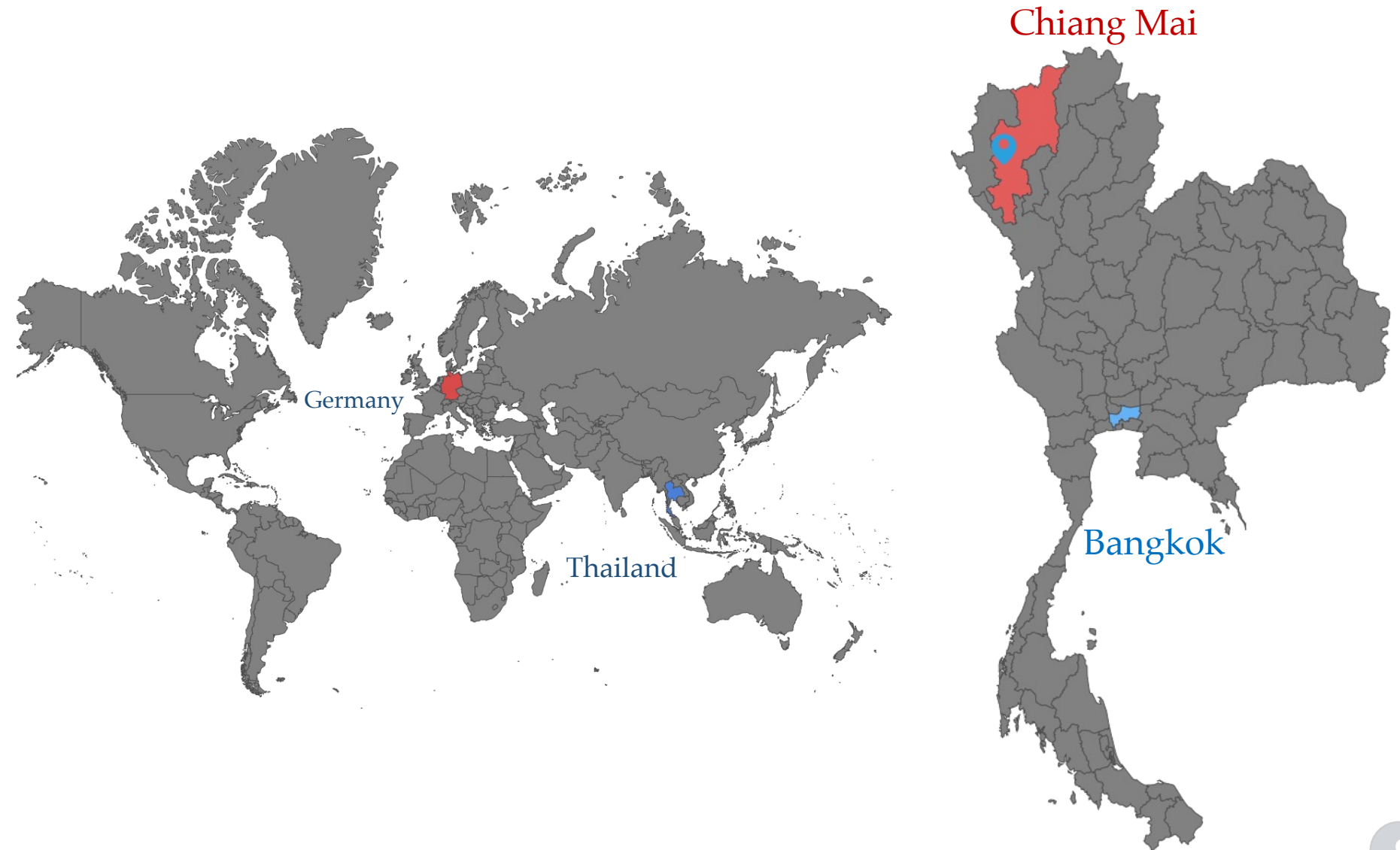


Intensity $\propto N_e^2$

Objective

“To design and develop the electromagnetic undulator for generation of super-radiant THz radiation at the Plasma and Beam Physics Research Facility in Thailand.”

PCELL accelerator



PCELL accelerator

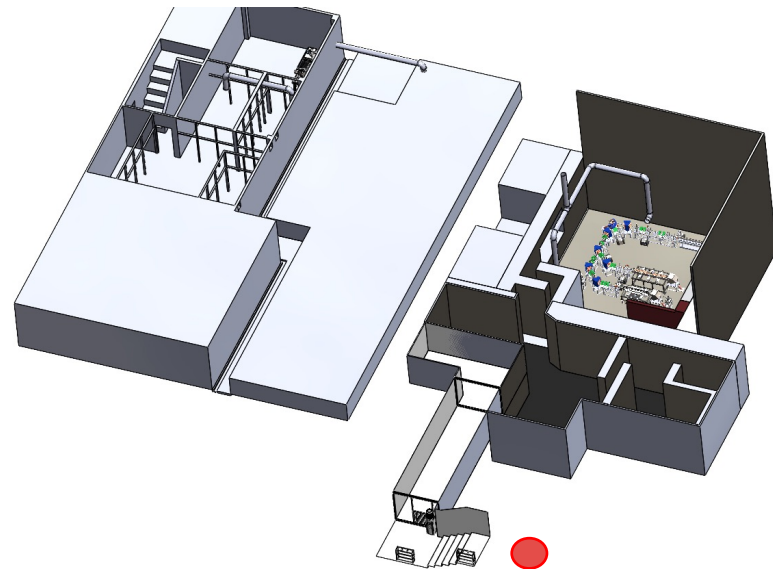
Chaing mai university



Faculty of science

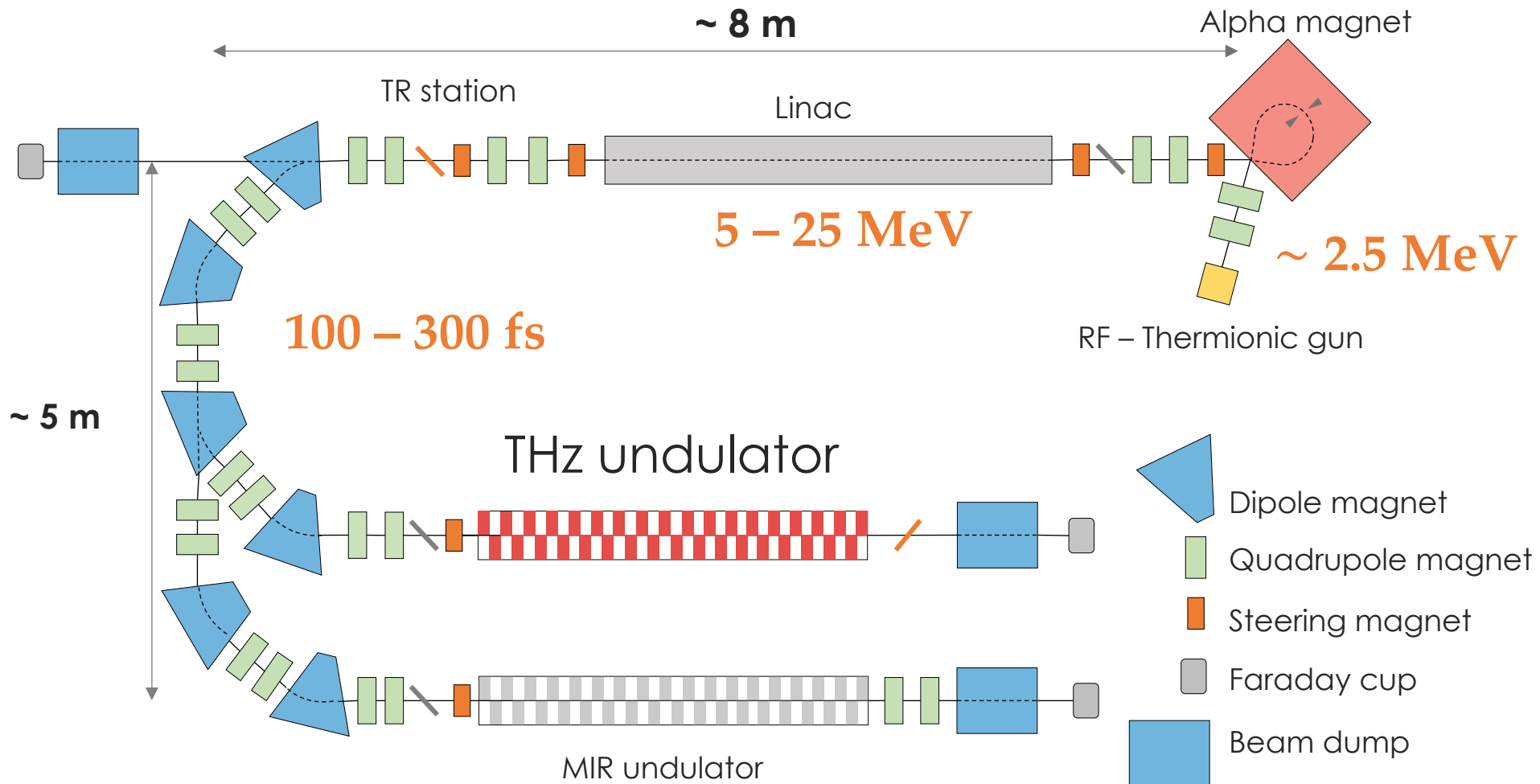


PBP-CMU Electron Linac Laboratory (PCELL)



PCELL accelerator

PBP-CMU Electron Linac Laboratory (PCELL) Diagram



PCELL accelerator

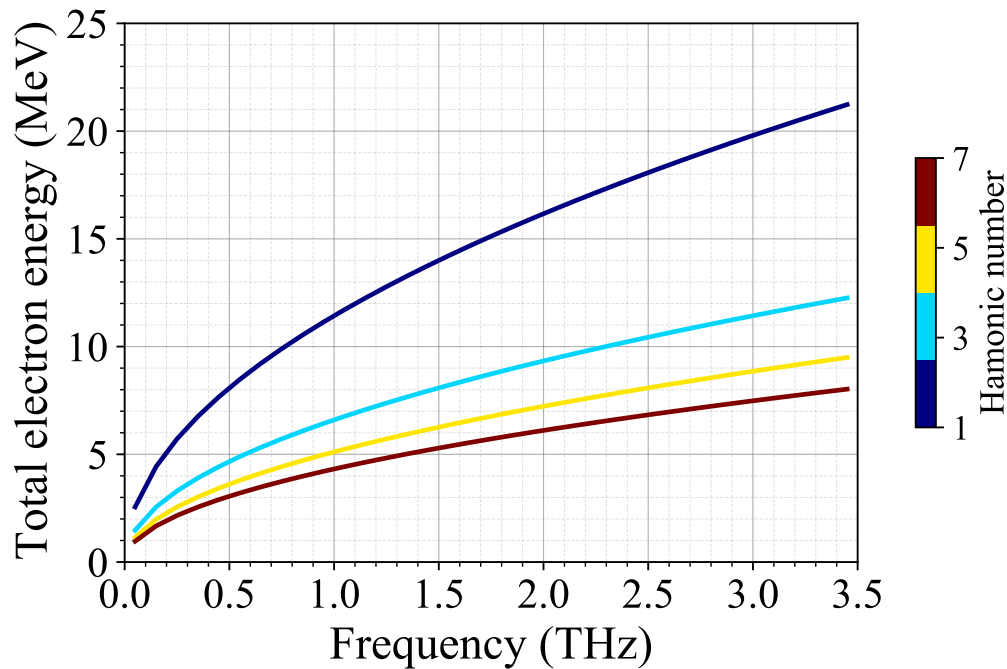
PCELL Accelerator **Specifications**

The diagram shows a linear accelerator layout. From left to right, the components are: TR station, Linac, Alpha magnet, MIR undulator, and Beam dump. The Alpha magnet is represented by a large upward-pointing triangle. The MIR undulator is represented by a series of small squares. The Beam dump is represented by a large square.

Parameter	Value
Electron gun type	Thermionic
Electron energy	5 – 25 MeV
Bunch charge	up to 100 pC
Bunch length	100 - 300 fs
Energy spread	< 3%

Undulator design

Possible harmonic number at PCELL



$$\lambda_r = \frac{\lambda_u}{2n\gamma^2} \left(1 + \frac{K^2}{2} + \theta^2\gamma^2 \right)$$

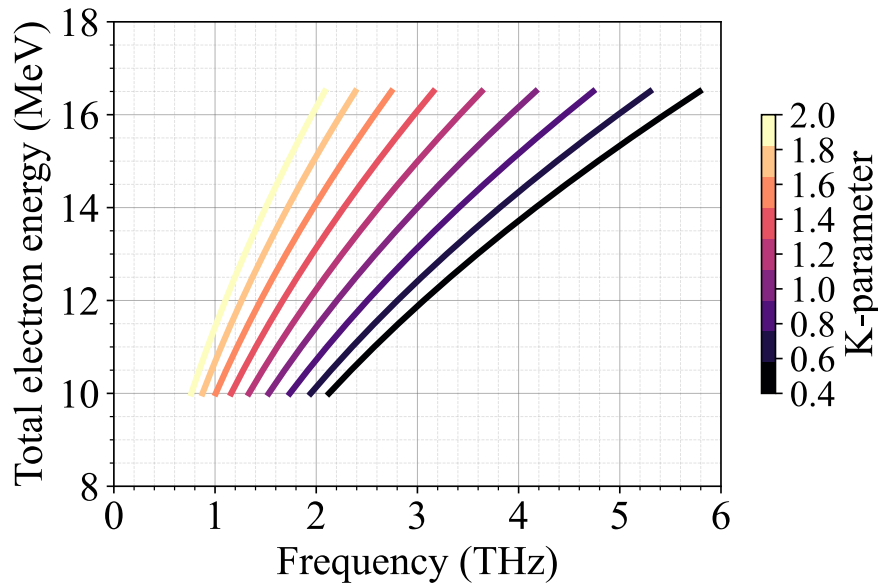
Harmonic number : 1, 3, 5, 7

1st harmonic : 0.5 – 3.5 THz

Undulator period length : 100 mm

Undulator design

PCELL Accelerator Specifications



$$\lambda_r = \frac{\lambda_u}{2\gamma^2} \left(1 + \frac{K^2}{2} \right)$$

$$K = 0.934B[T]\lambda_u[\text{cm}]$$

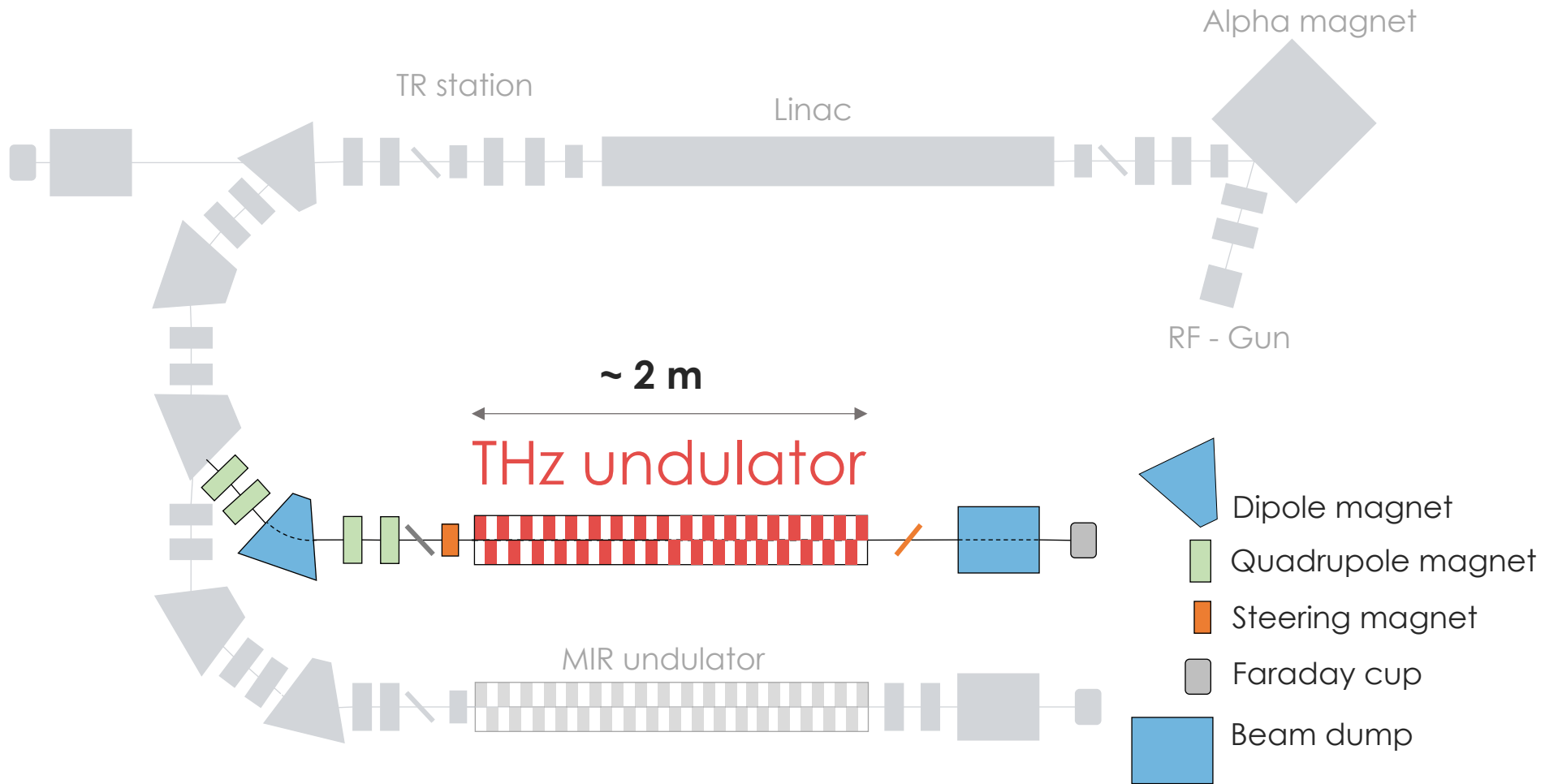
Parameter	Value
Electron energy	10 – 16 MeV
Bunch charge	up to 100 pC
Bunch length	100 - 300 fs
Energy spread	< 3%
Radiation frequency	0.5 – 3 THz
Radiation wavelength	300 – 100 μm
Period length	100 mm

Pump-probe experiment

100 – 400 μm (3 – 0.75 THz)

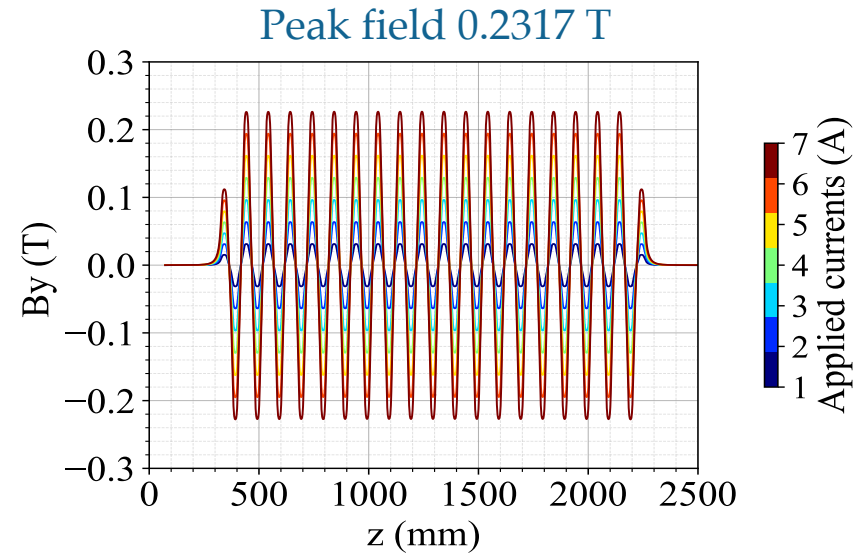
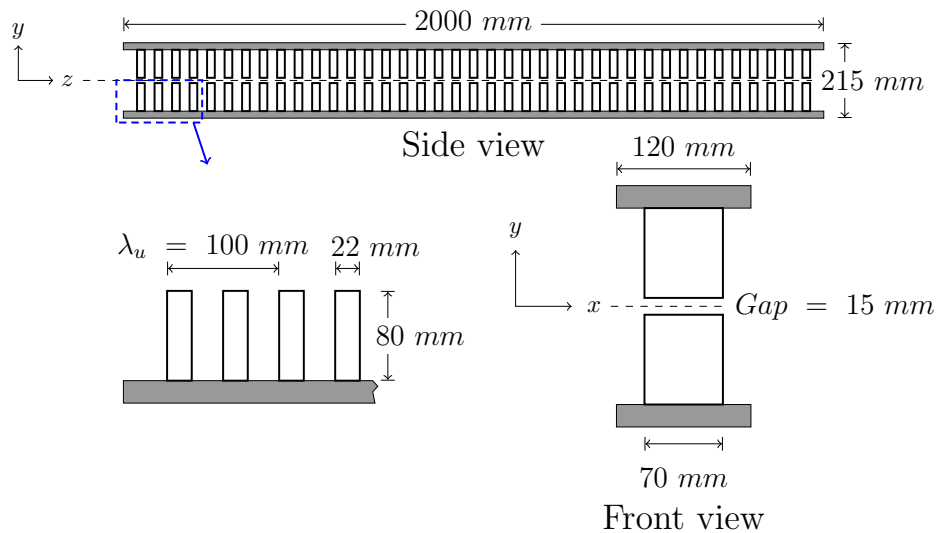
Undulator design

THz beamline



Undulator design

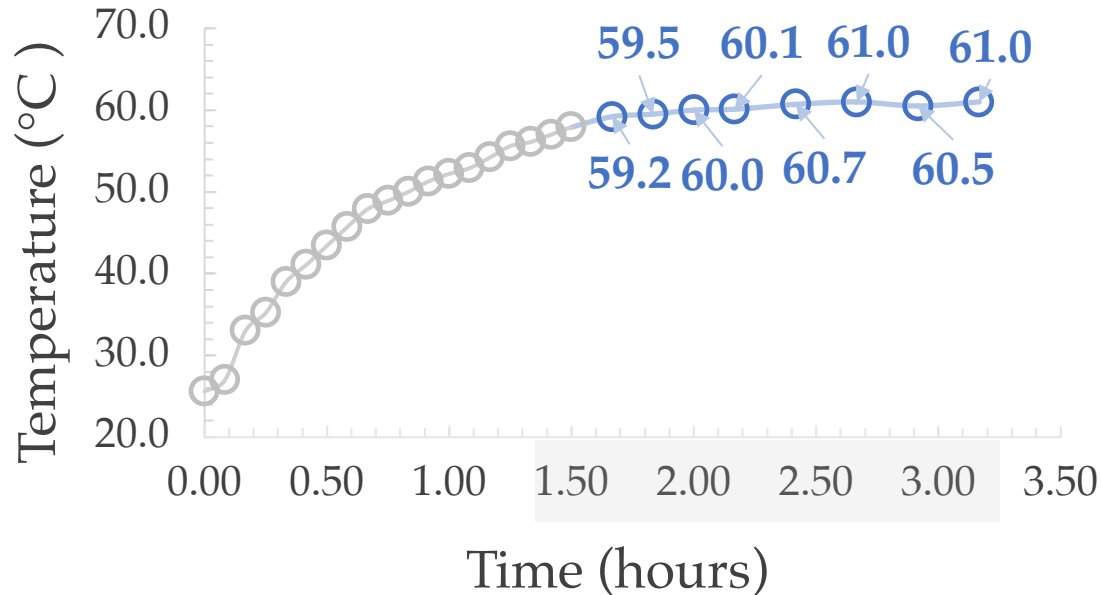
Undulator Simulation



Parameter	Value
Number of periods	19.5
Period length (λ_u)	100 mm
Gap (g)	15 mm
K	0.1 – 2.164

Undulator design

Copper coil without cooling



Parameter

Value

Peak field

0.2317 T

Maximum applied current

7 A

Number of turns per pole

249

Coil diameter

1.829 mm (SWG No 15)

Undulator radiation

Superradiant radiation

Radiation energy of an electron bunch

Coherence Incoherence

$$W_{\text{pulse}} = W_{1e} [f(\omega, \sigma_t) N_e^2 - N_e (1 - f(\omega, \sigma_t))]$$

Gaussian bunch form factor

$$f(\omega, \sigma_t) = \exp(-\omega^2 \sigma_t^2)$$

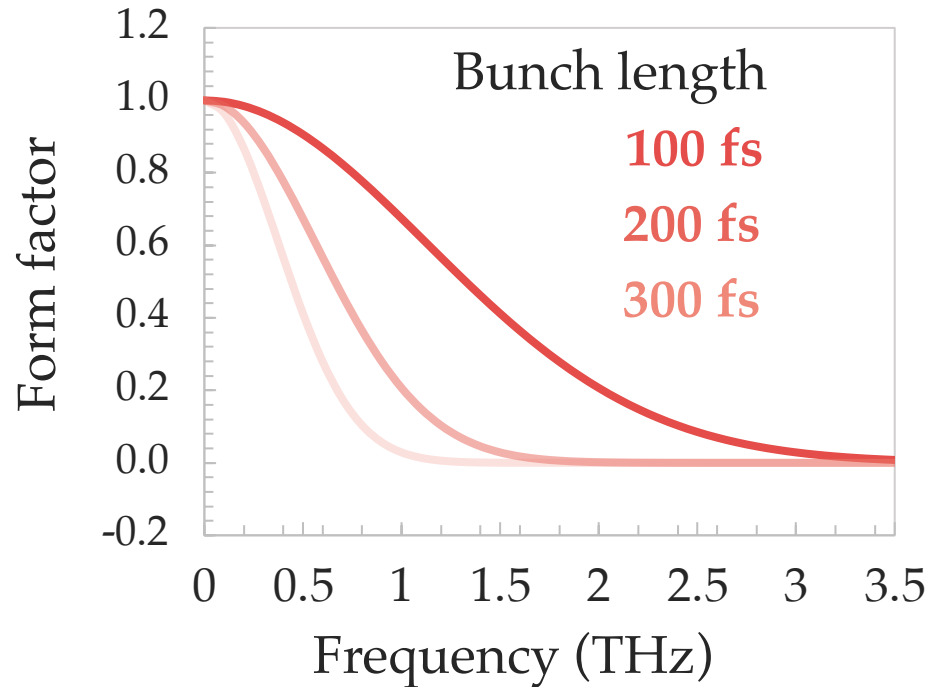
Radiation energy of a single electron

$$W_{1e} = \frac{d^2W}{d\Omega d\omega} \Delta\Omega \Delta\omega;$$

$$\Delta\Omega = \frac{2\pi}{\gamma^2} \frac{1+K^2/2}{2nN_u}, \quad \frac{\Delta\omega}{\omega} = \frac{1}{nN_u}$$

Undulator design

Longitudinal bunch **Form factor**

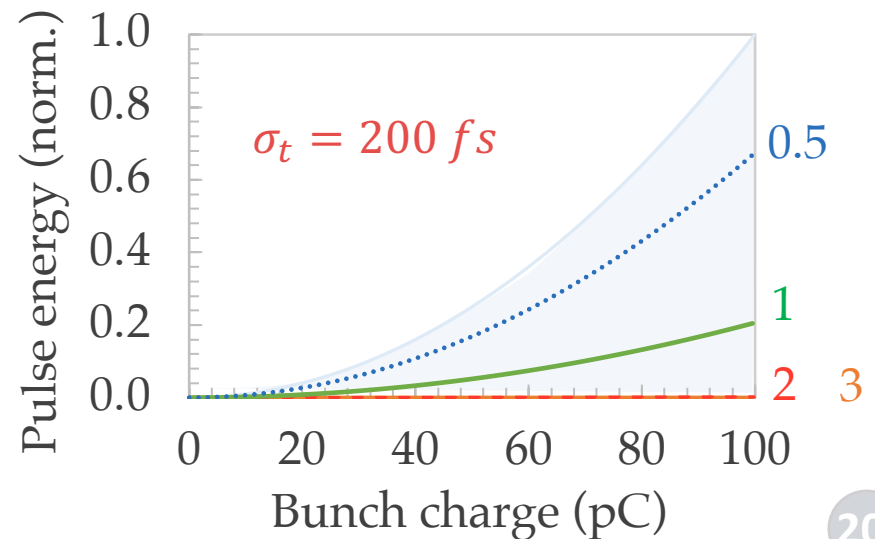
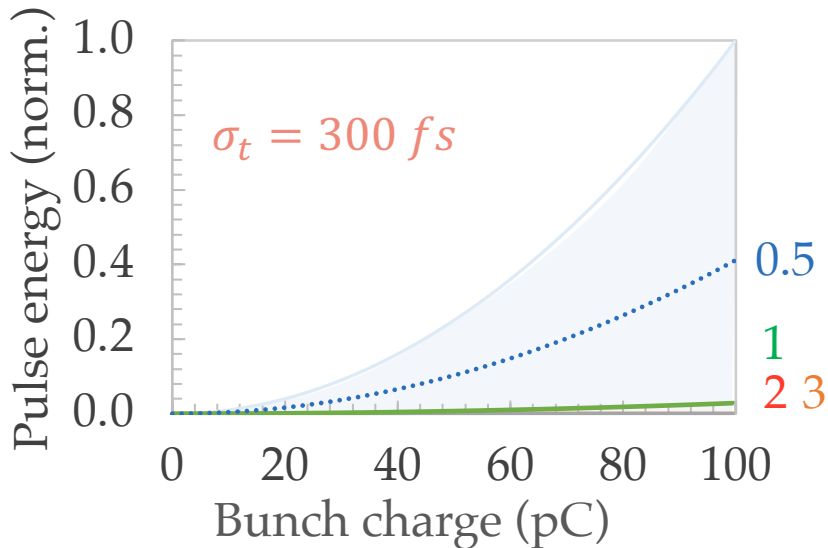
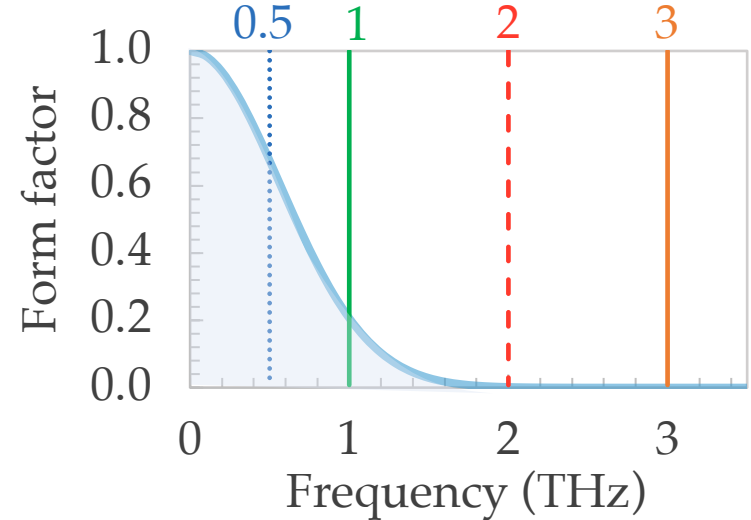
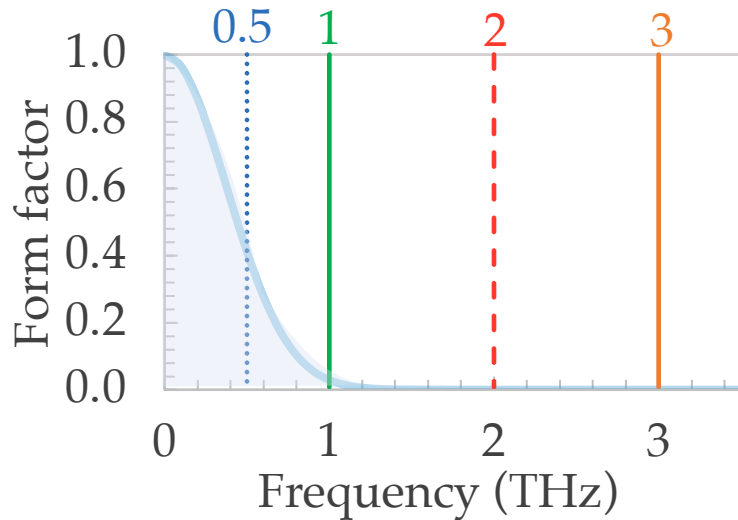


Longitudinal gaussian distribution

$$f(\omega, \sigma_t) = \exp(-\omega^2 \sigma_t^2)$$

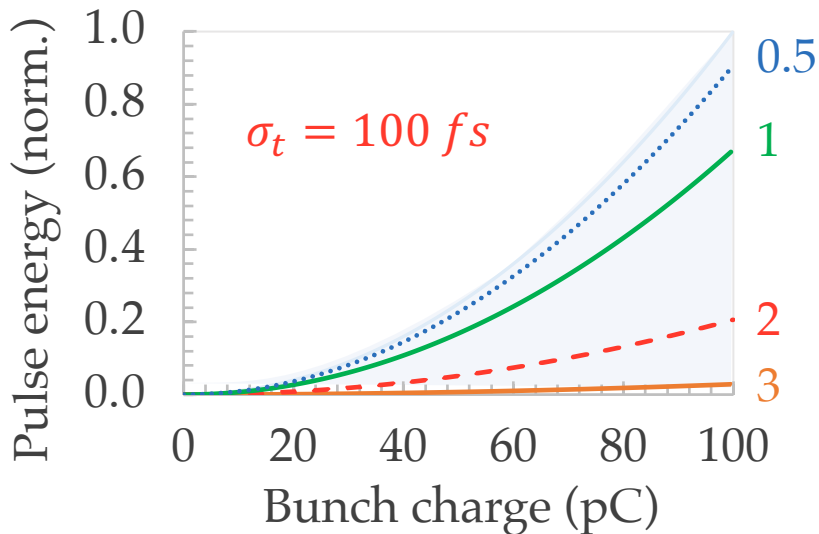
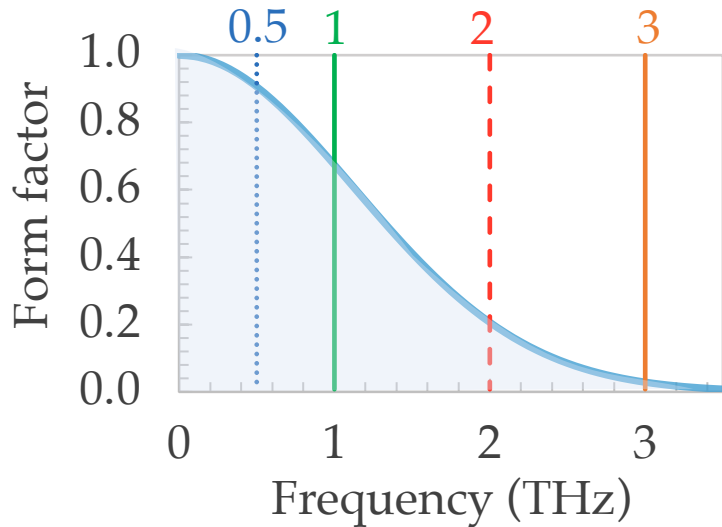
Undulator design

Superradiant THz FEL



Undulator design

Superradiant THz FEL



Pulse energy :

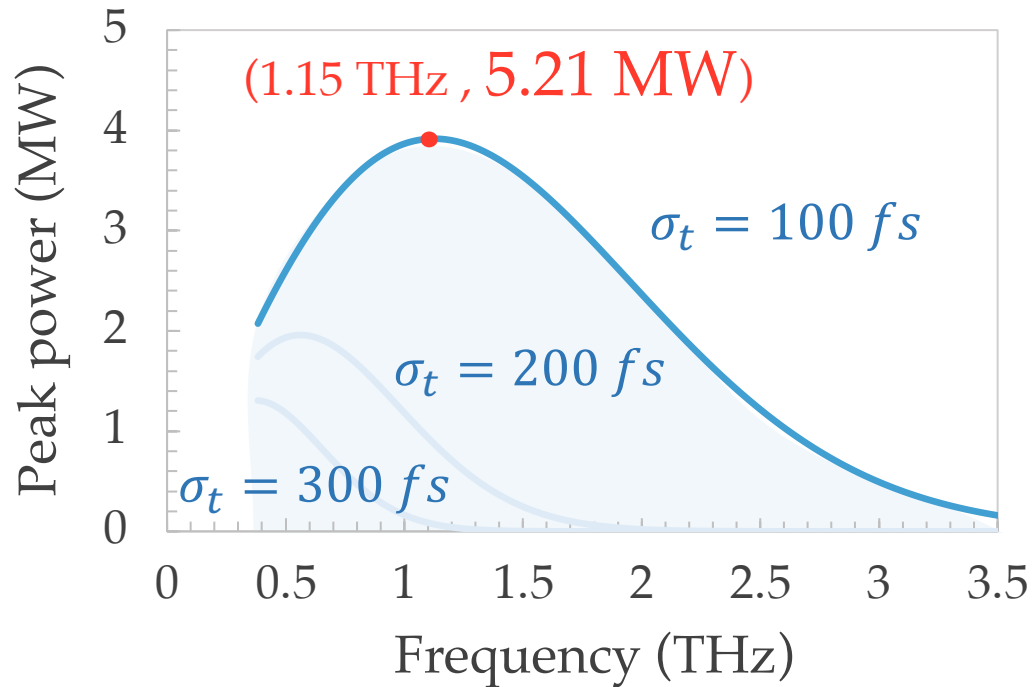
Bunch charge : 100 pC

Bunch length : 100 fs

$W_{\text{pulse}} = 2.63 \mu\text{J}$ at 1.15 THz

Undulator design

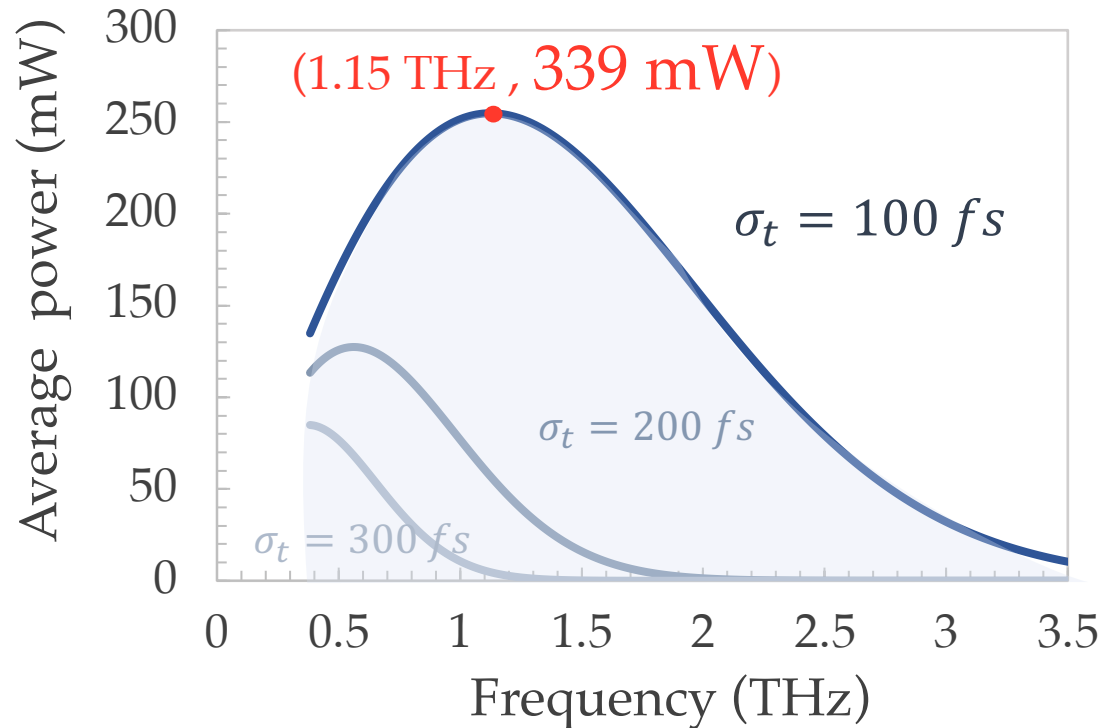
Superradiant THz FEL



$$P_{peak}(\lambda_r) = \frac{\pi c e^2 N_b (2n\gamma^2 \lambda_r - \lambda_u)}{2\epsilon_0 \lambda_r \gamma^2 \lambda_r^2} N_e (1 + (N_e - 1)f(\omega)) \left(\frac{\Delta\omega}{\omega}\right) L_n F_n.$$

Undulator design

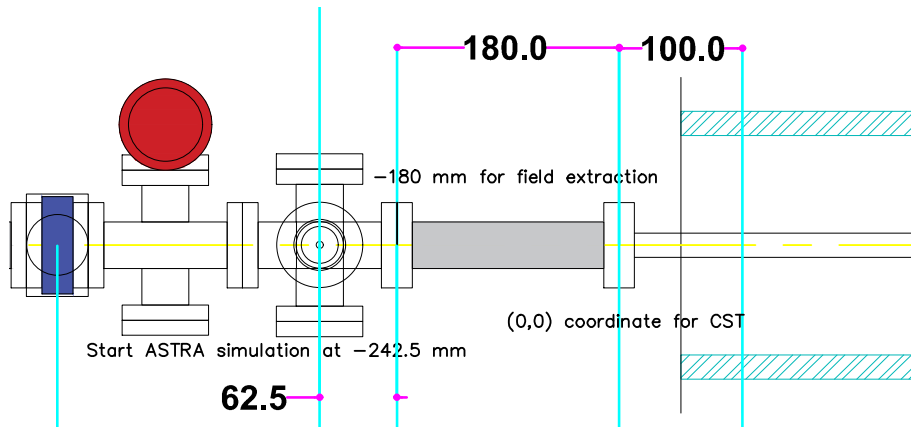
Superradiant THz FEL



$$P_{\text{average}}(\lambda_r) = \frac{\pi e^2 N_u N_b (2n\gamma^2 \lambda_r - \lambda_u)}{2\epsilon_0 \tau_{\text{rep}} \gamma^2 \lambda_r^2} N_e (1 + (N_e - 1)f(\omega)) \left(\frac{\Delta\omega}{\omega}\right) L_n F_n.$$

Beam optimization at PCELL

Studied by N. Chaisueb



High bunch charge

High space charge forces

High energy spread



Difficult to compress

Main parameters	10 MeV	16 MeV
RMS bunch length (fs)	304.3	203.4
Bunch charge (pC)	50	50
Peak current (A)	165.7	245.7
Energy spread	0.23%	0.16%
Horizontal emittance (mm.mrad)	0.42	0.34
Vertical emittance (mm.mrad)	0.29	0.35

Results

PCELL facility

Parameter	Design Value	Final Value
Electron energy (Kinetic)	10 – 16 MeV	16 MeV
Bunch charge	100 pC	50 pC
Bunch length	100 fs	203.4 fs
Energy spread	< 3%	< 0.16%
Radiation frequency	0.5 – 3 THz	0.5 – 3 THz
Radiation wavelength	300 – 100 μm	300 – 100 μm
Bunch energy	2.63 μJ	0.904 μJ
Radiation peak power	5.21 MW at 1.15 THz	0.645 MW at 1.15 THz
Average radiation power	339 mW at 1.15 THz	44 mW at 1.15 THz

Results

Superradiant THz FELs

Facility	THz-FEL source		Electron beam			Undulator	
	f (THz)	W_{pulse} (μJ)	E (MeV)	Q (pC)	σ_t (fs)	λ_u (mm)	N
NSRRC	0.67 – 2.3	0.5 – 2.7	18.3 – 33.5	100	90 - 223	100	18
ELBE	0.1 - 3	1.3	15 - 35	100	> 30	300	8
EU - XFEL	< 3 THz	8 - 279	$(8.5 - 17.5) \times 10^3$	100 - 500	23 - 100	1000	10
Kyoto	0.16 – 0.65	< 1.3	4.6	< 200	200 - 1500	70	10
PCELL	0.5 - 3	< 0.9	5 – 20 (16)	< 100 (50)	100 – 300 (203.4)	100	19.5

Conclusions

Electron energy : 16 MeV

Bunch charge : 50 pC

Bunch length : 203.4 fs

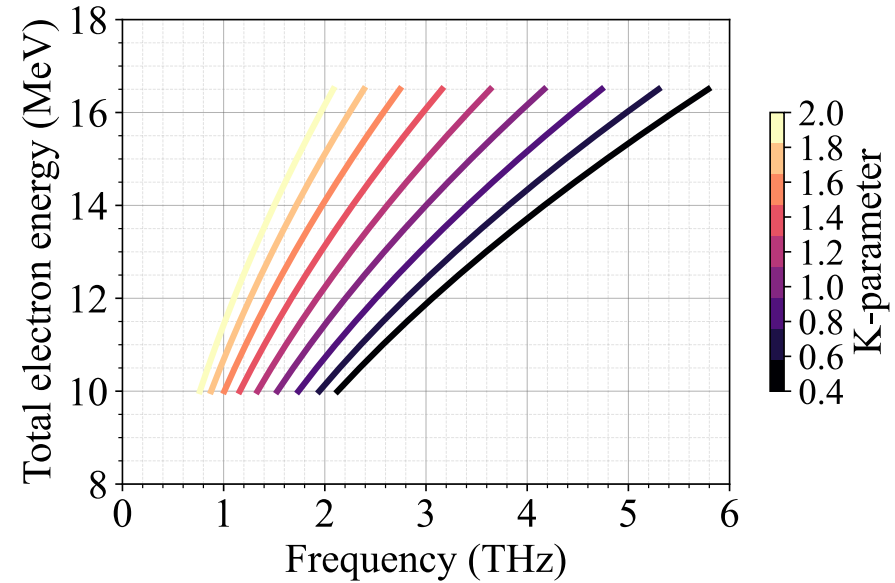
Undulator period length : 100 mm

Number of period : 19.5 periods

Bunch energy : $0.904 \mu\text{J}$

Radiation peak power : 0.645 MW at 1.15 THz

Average radiation power : 44 mW at 1.15 THz



Future works

1. Benchmark the results from my calculation with the SPECTRA calculation.
2. Using electron beam distribution to re-calculate all of essential parameters.
3. Using software to track electrons through undulator magnet and observe the energy of the radiation.
4. Design the radiation properties measurement station.
5. Design beam transportation to transport THz radiation to the experimental hall.

Current status

PCELL accelerator



Control room



Accelerator hall

Current status

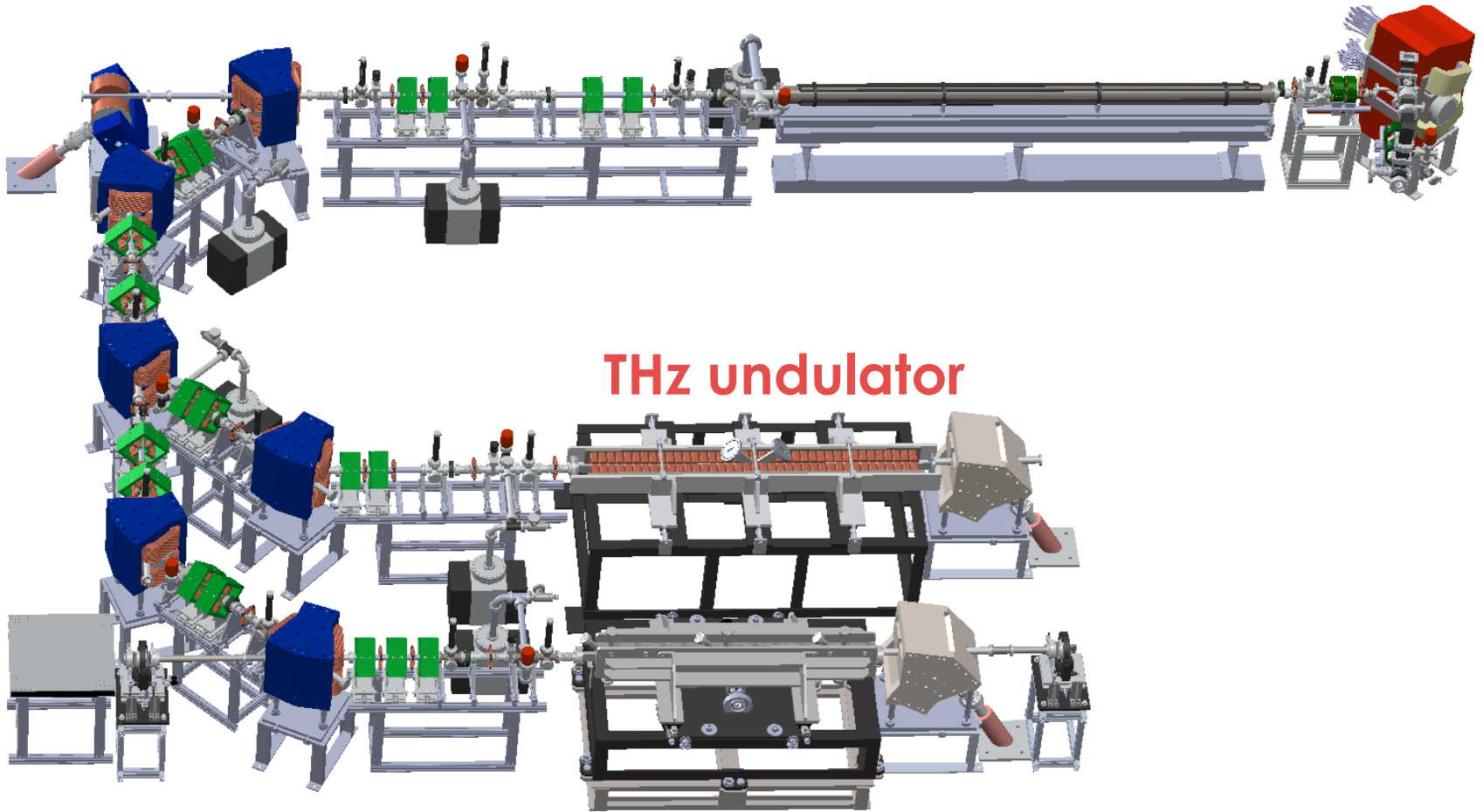
PCELL accelerator



Accelerator hall

Future plan

PCELL accelerator



Thank you for
your attention

