

# Electron beam imaging with a screen: nonlinearities?

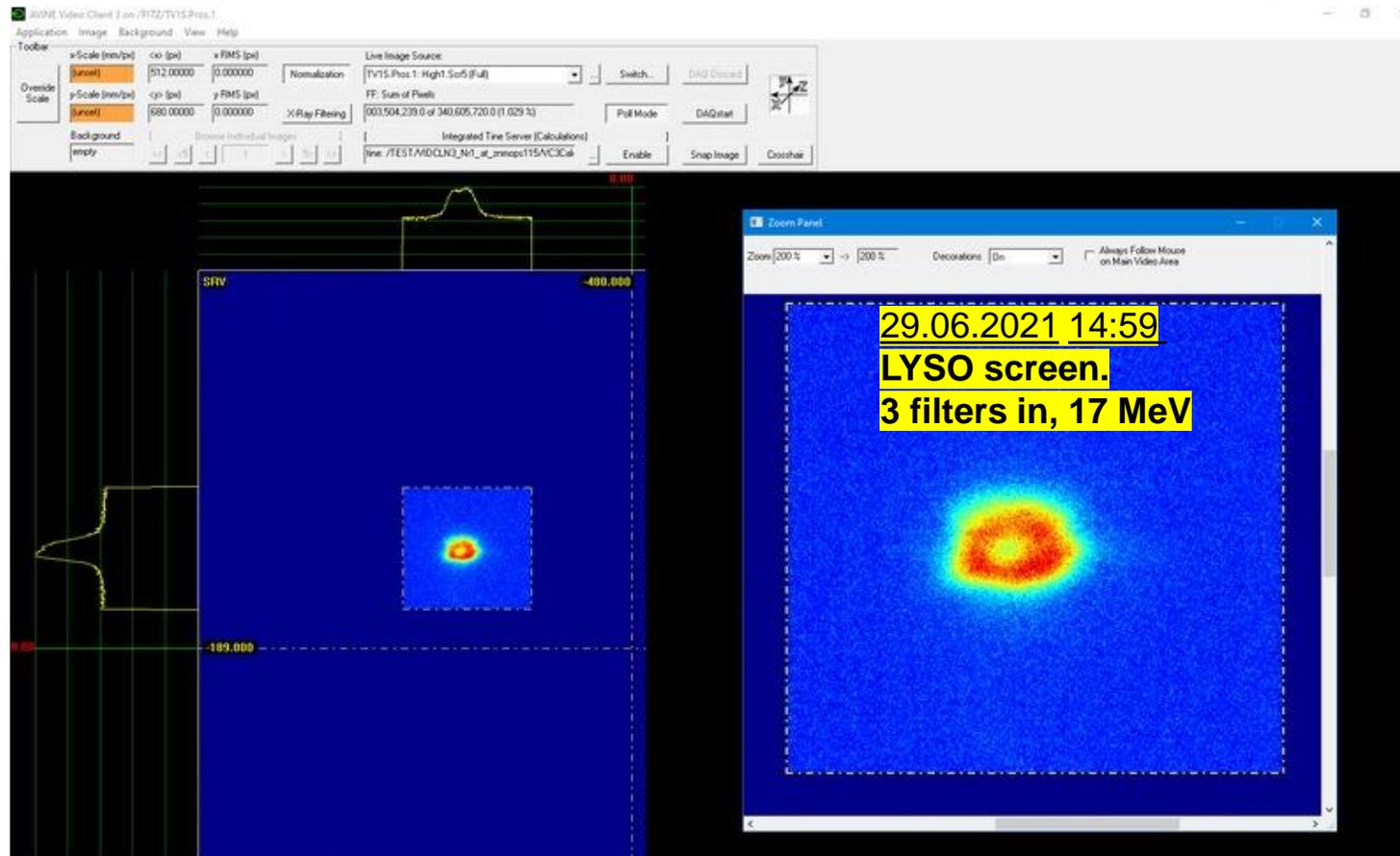
Preliminary screen nonlinearity studies at PITZ

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# Motivation

## Electron beam imaging with a screen

- Beam emittance (and other) measurements at PITZ are based on analysis of a beam distribution at scintillating screens
- Recent studies (Artem Novokshonov) revealed screen nonlinearities (“smoke ring” effect)

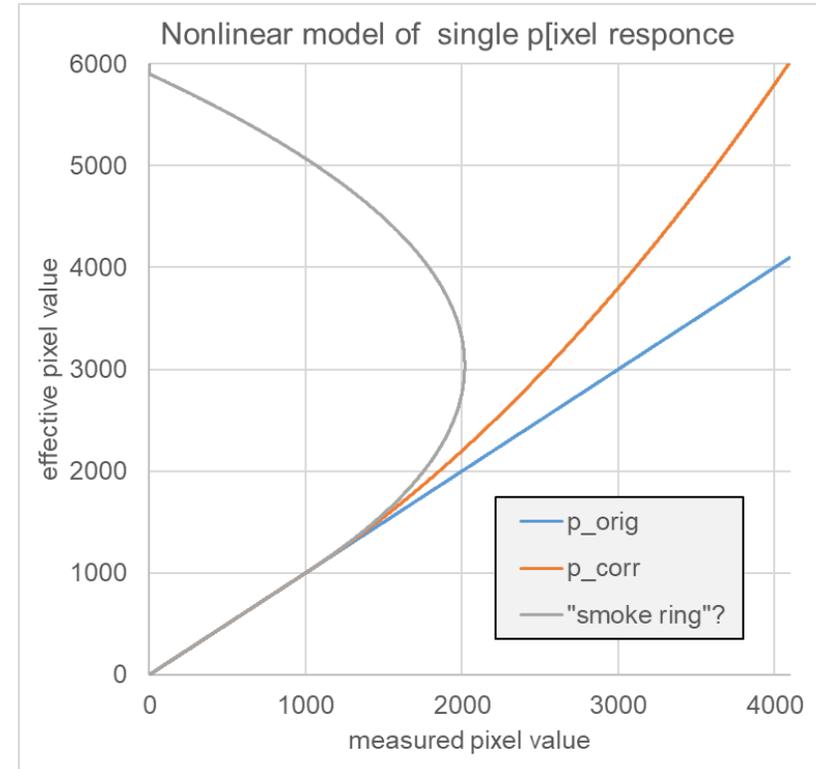
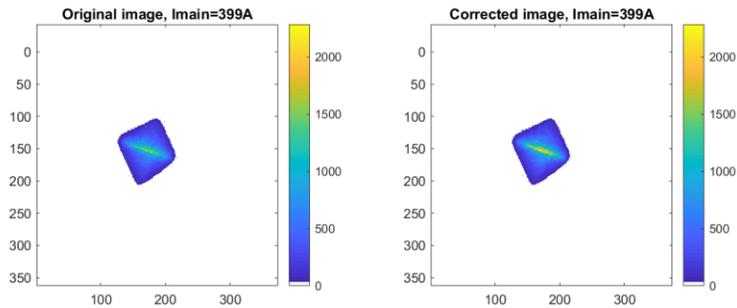


# Modeling a nonlinearity of beam imaging

## Simple (integral) model

- Idea: to replace the measured (original) pixel value by effective (corrected)

$$p_{corr} = p_{orig} + \begin{cases} 0, & \text{if } p_{orig} < p_0 \\ c \cdot (p_{orig} - p_0)^N, & \text{if } p_{orig} \geq p_0 \end{cases}$$

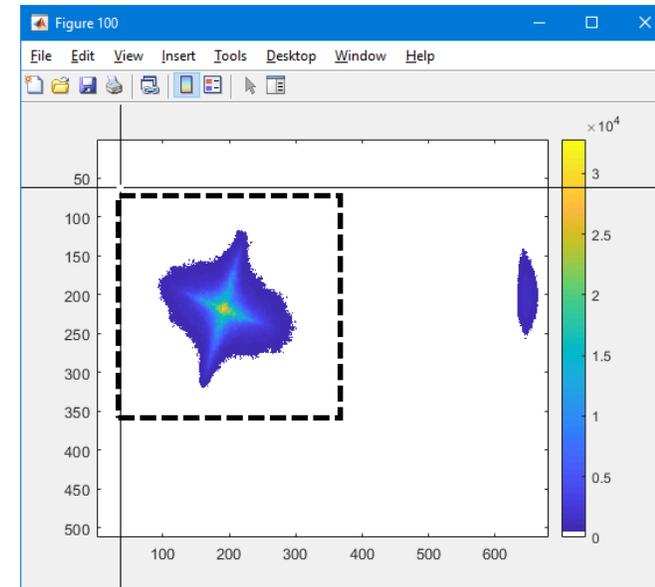


- Tests → Sum of pixels (~bunch charge) by focusing change (magnets) should be conserved:
  - E.g. vs. main solenoid current
  - +various number of pulses?

# Image treatment

## Preliminary tests

- LOW.Scr3, 2x2bin / HIGH1.SCr1, camera gain 0, exposure time  $\rightarrow$  10us (not sure)
- Vary main solenoid (380A:1A:410A), for each I<sub>main</sub>:
  - Take 20 frames raw image = beam + bkg
  - Take 20 frames bkg image (laser shutter closed)
- Manual MOI:
  - $\text{Beam}(I_{\text{main}}) = \langle \text{RawImage} \rangle (I_{\text{main}}) - \langle \text{Bkg} \rangle (I_{\text{main}})$
  - Superpose all beam images  $\sum_{I_{\text{main}}} \text{Beam}(I_{\text{main}})$
  - Manual MOI  $\rightarrow$  to be applied to all images
- Optimizer  $\rightarrow$  fit p<sub>0</sub>,c,N for a flat charge curve SoP(I<sub>main</sub>)
  - Original image treatment
    - BkgAverage, BkgStd,
    - AutoMOI(RadPixels=5,thres=0.01)
  - Modification of raw images



# Image treatment-2

## Preliminary tests

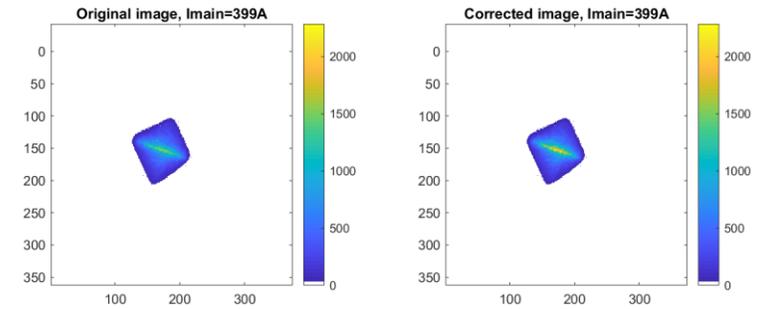
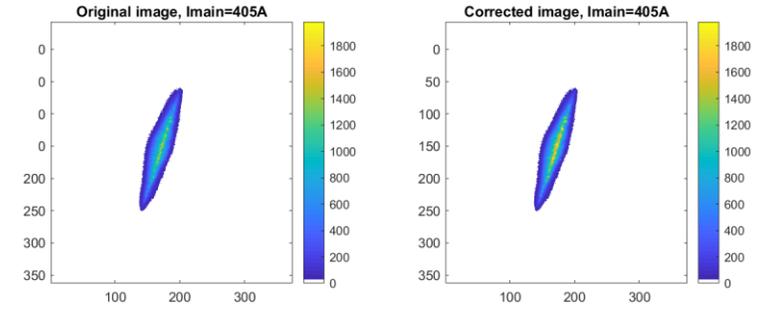
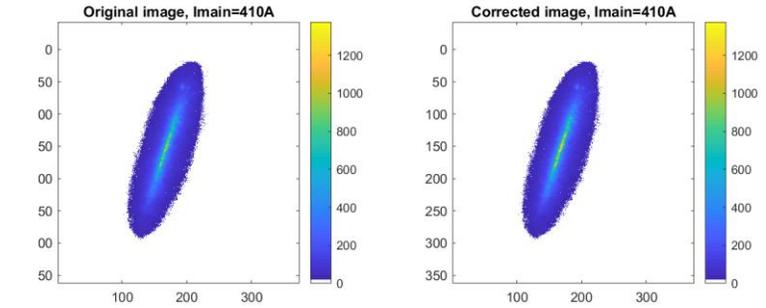
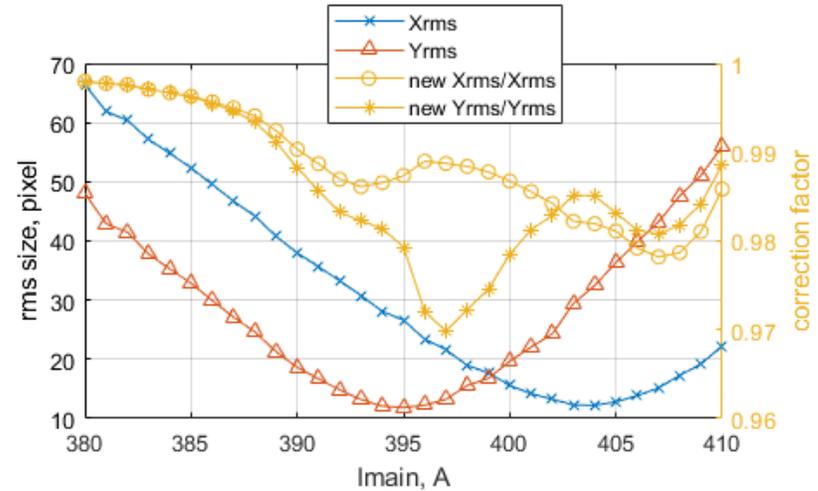
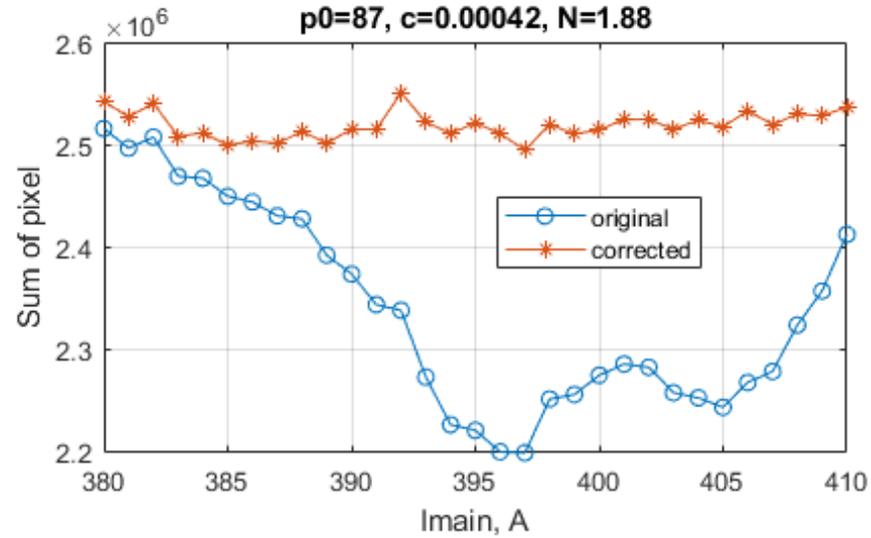
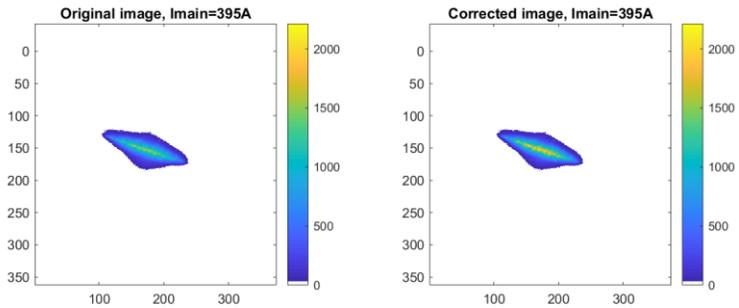
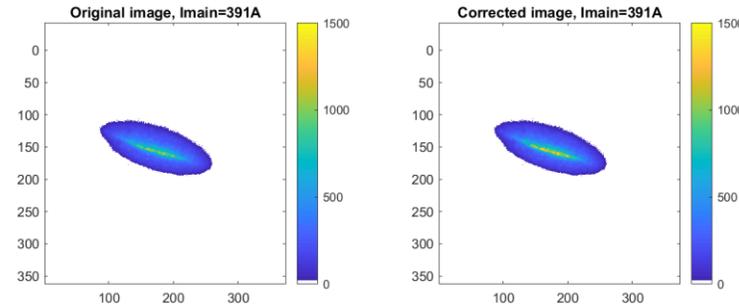
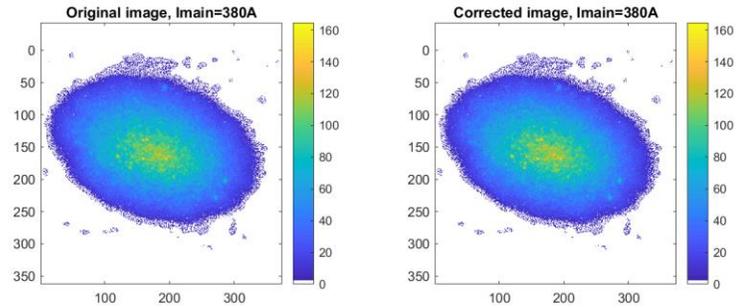
- Modification of raw images:
  - Common rectangular MOI (for all Imain) applied
  - Beam(Imain)=<RawImage>(Imain)-<Bkg>(Imain)
  - Beam AMOI=AutoMOI(Beam, RadPixels=5,thres=0.01)
  - BeamMOI=SigmaFilter(BeamAMOI,BkgStdMOI,sigcut=1)
  - BkgNew=ModifyImage(BkgMOI,p0,c,N);
  - RawNew=ModifyImage(RawMOI,p0,c,N);
  - BeamNew=(RawNew-BkgNew).\*AMOI;
  - BeamNew=SigmaFilter(BeamNew,BkgStdMOI,sigcut);
- Optimizer → fit p0,c,N for a flat charge curve SoP(Imain)
  - QbkgNewArr(Imain)=SoP (BkgNew(Imain));
  - QrawNewArr(Imain)=SoP (RawNew(Imain));
  - Qbeamnew=QrawNewArr-QbkgNewArr;
  - Fgoal=std(Qbeamnew); (? or std(Qbeamnew)/mean(Qbeamnew) ? )

$$p_{corr} = p_{orig} + \begin{cases} 0, & \text{if } p_{orig} < p_0 \\ c \cdot (p_{orig} - p_0)^N, & \text{if } p_{orig} \geq p_0 \end{cases}$$

# Screen Nonlinearity Studies

30.06.2021M, LOW.Scr3, main solenoid scan

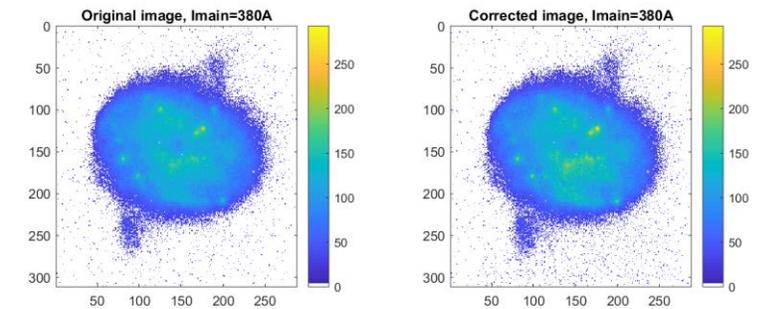
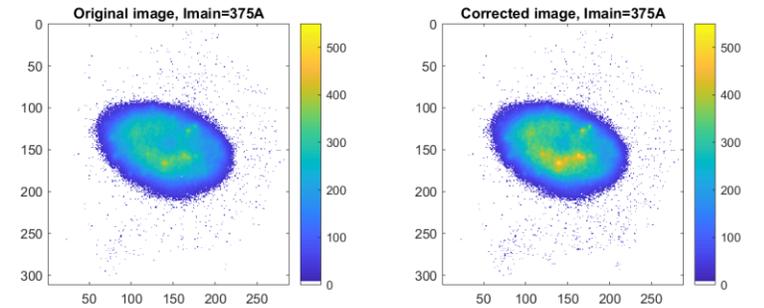
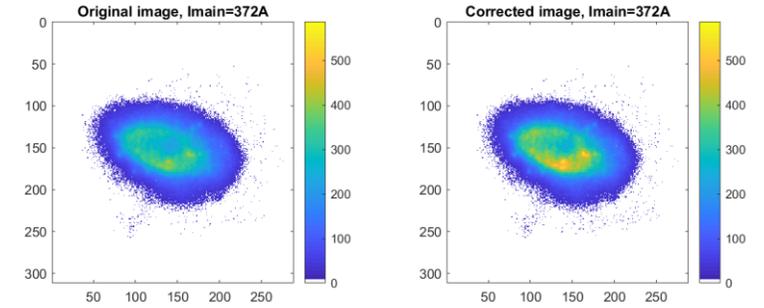
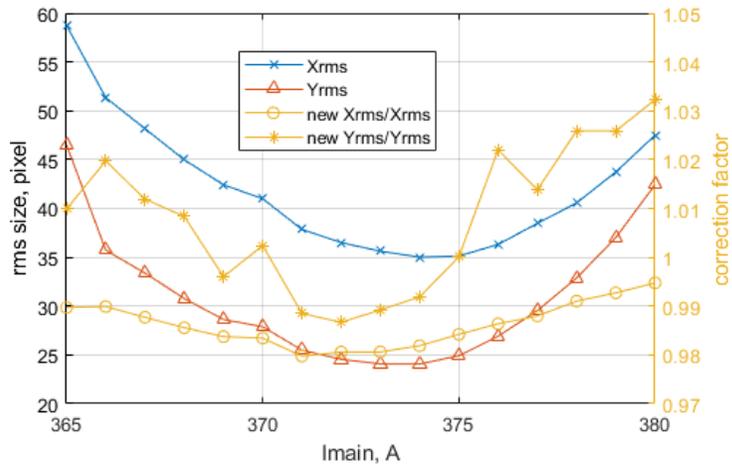
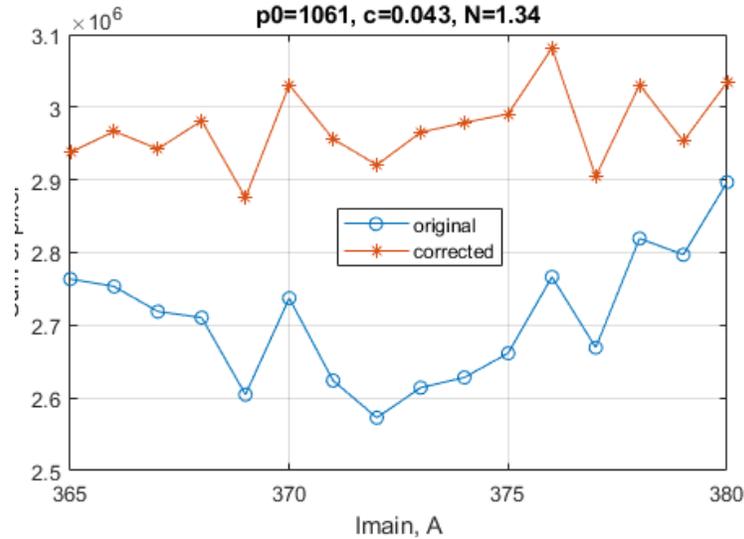
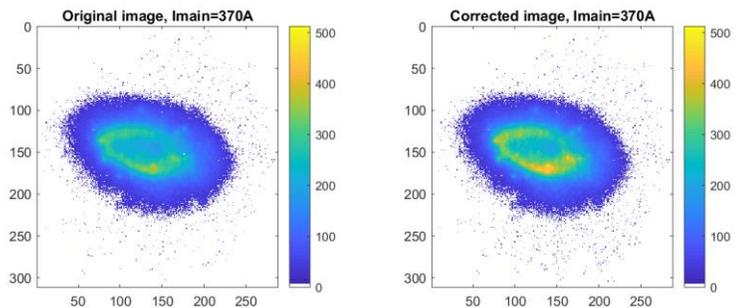
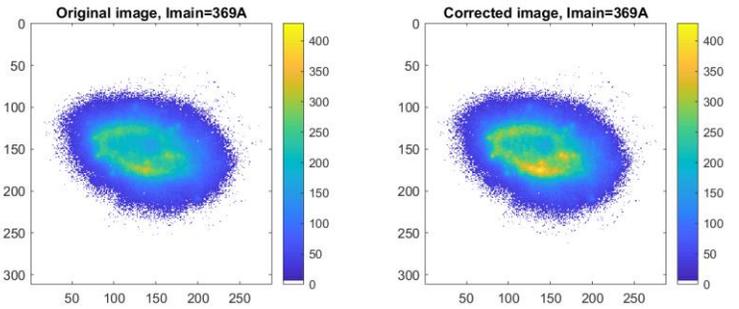
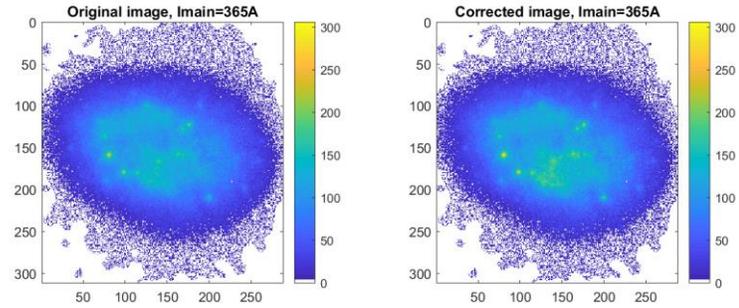
$$\text{Pixel value correction } p_{corr} = p_{orig} + \begin{cases} 0, & \text{if } p_{orig} < p_0 \\ c \cdot (p_{orig} - p_0)^N, & \text{if } p_{orig} \geq p_0 \end{cases}$$



# Screen Nonlinearity Studies

02.07.2021A, HIGH1.Scr1, main solenoid scan, 2 pulses

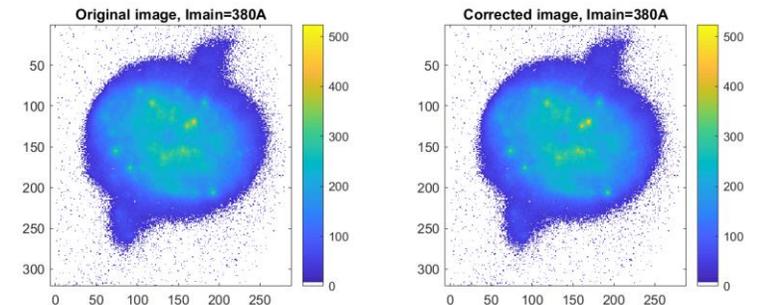
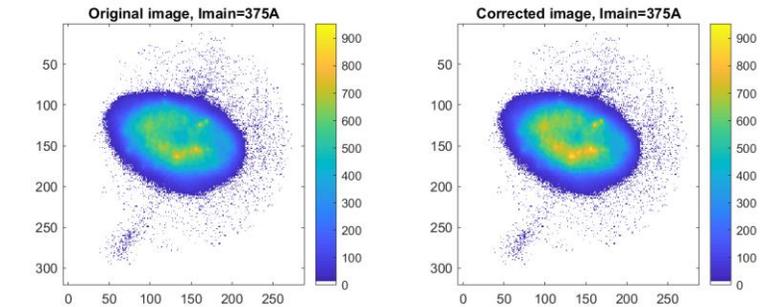
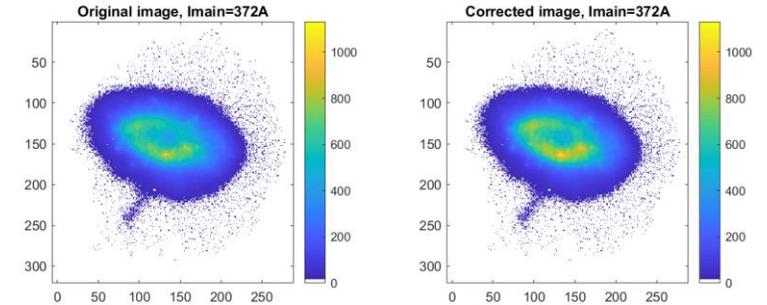
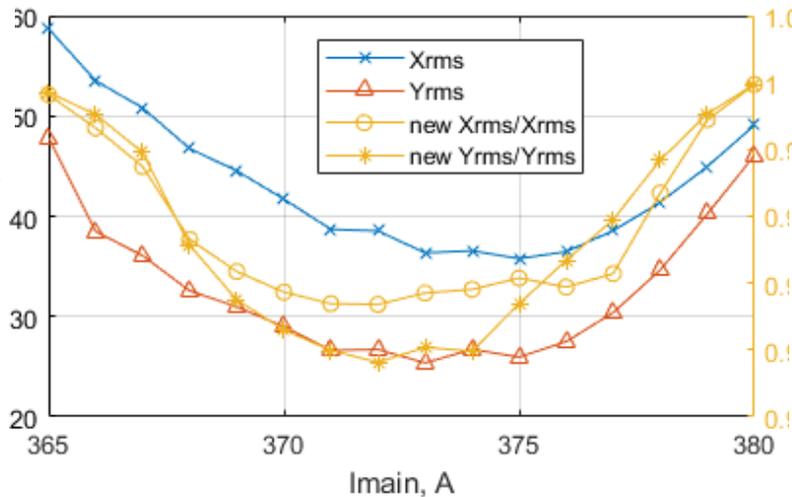
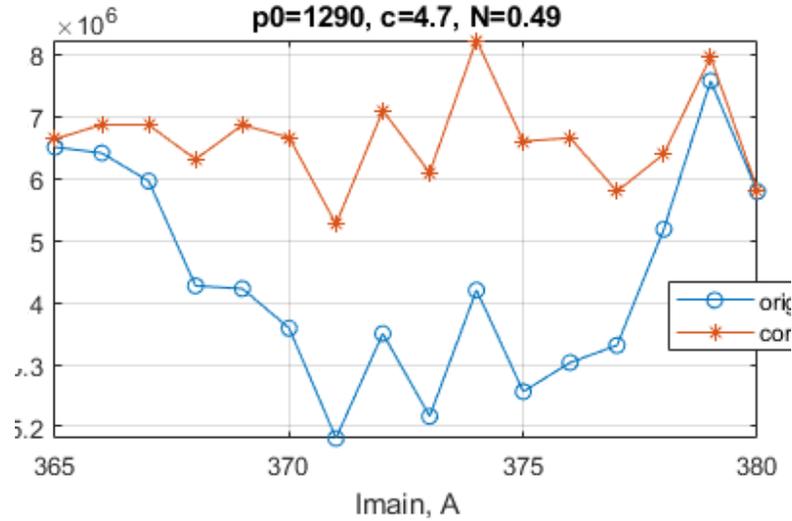
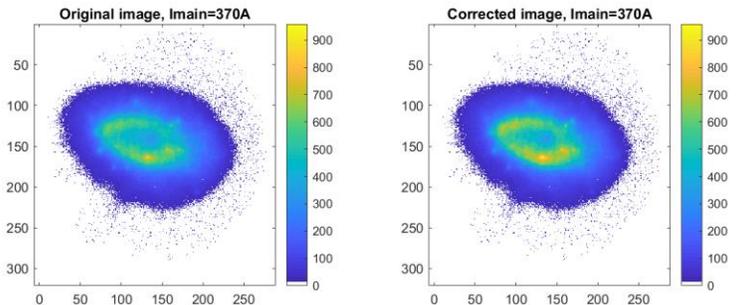
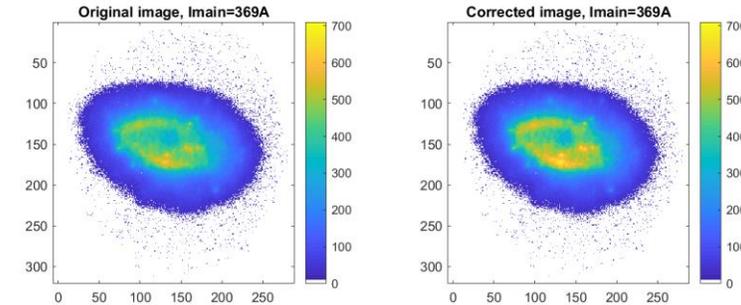
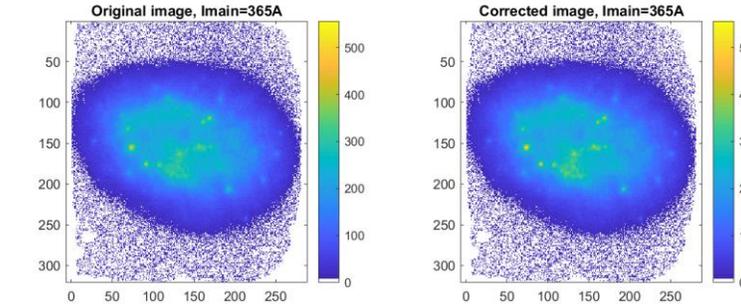
$$\text{Pixel value correction } p_{corr} = p_{orig} + \begin{cases} 0, & \text{if } p_{orig} < p_0 \\ c \cdot (p_{orig} - p_0)^N, & \text{if } p_{orig} \geq p_0 \end{cases}$$



# Screen Nonlinearity Studies

02.07.2021A, HIGH1.Scr1, main solenoid scan, 4 pulses

$$\text{Pixel value correction } p_{corr} = p_{orig} + \begin{cases} 0, & \text{if } p_{orig} < p_0 \\ c \cdot (p_{orig} - p_0)^N, & \text{if } p_{orig} \geq p_0 \end{cases}$$



# Beam imaging nonlinearity

## Preliminary studies at PITZ

- Observation: Sum of pixels for various beam distributions of equal charge is not constant
- Possible reasons:
  - Screen nonlinearities and inhomogeneities
  - Camera nonlinearities and inhomogeneities
  - Filtering procedures
  - Beam issues (losses, space charge,...)
  - Dark current
  - Electronic noise
- Objective: to reconstruct beam distribution maintaining (at least) SoP invariance:
  - Model proposed (linear-nonlinear)
  - Up to now beam size difference ~3%, but maybe for smaller beams will be larger?
  - Use various number of pulses?
  - Individual for each setup (even location at the screen)
  - ...