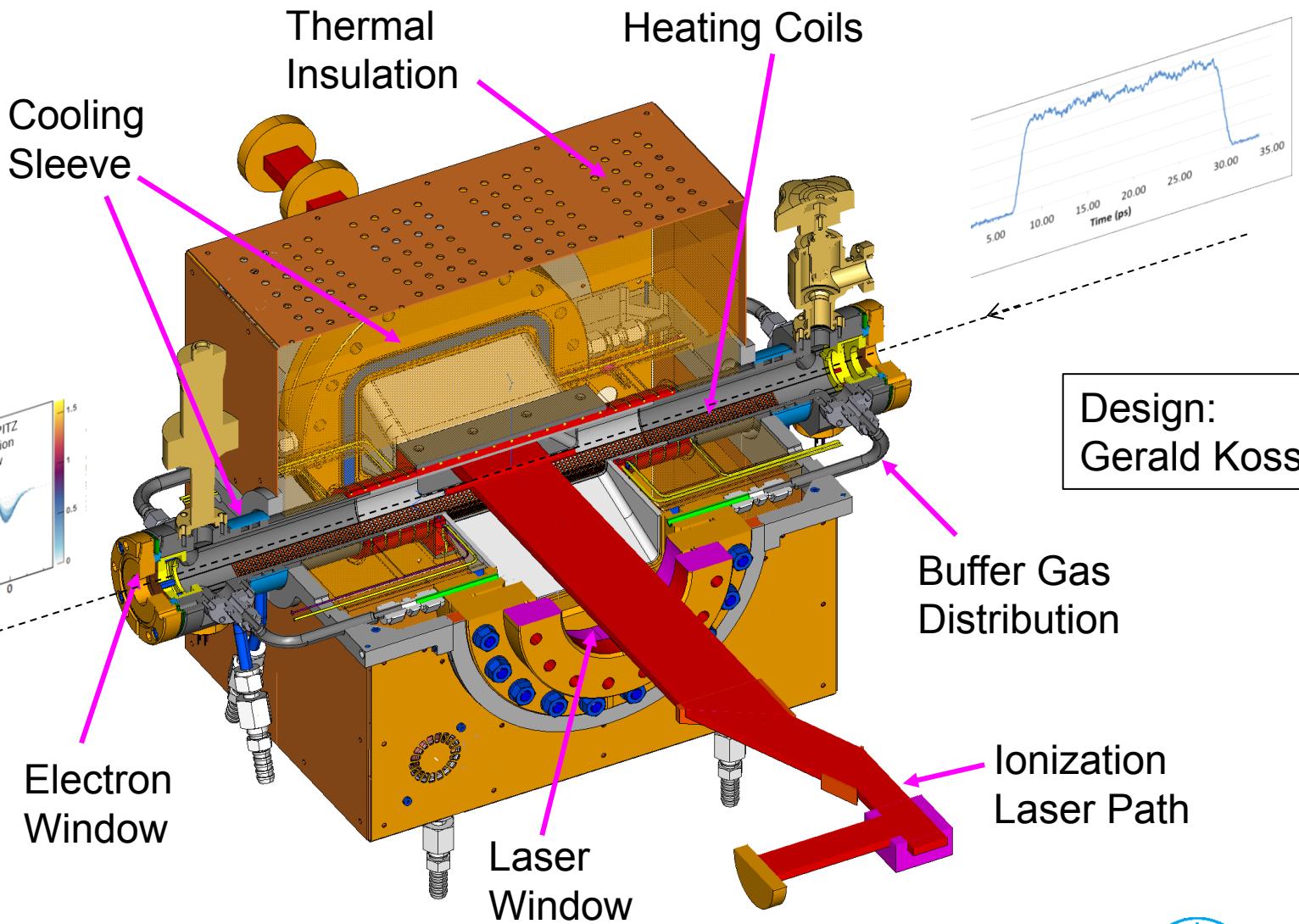


# Report on electron windows

For PITZ plasma cell

Osip Lishilin  
PITZ Physics seminar  
Zeuthen, 2016-02-18

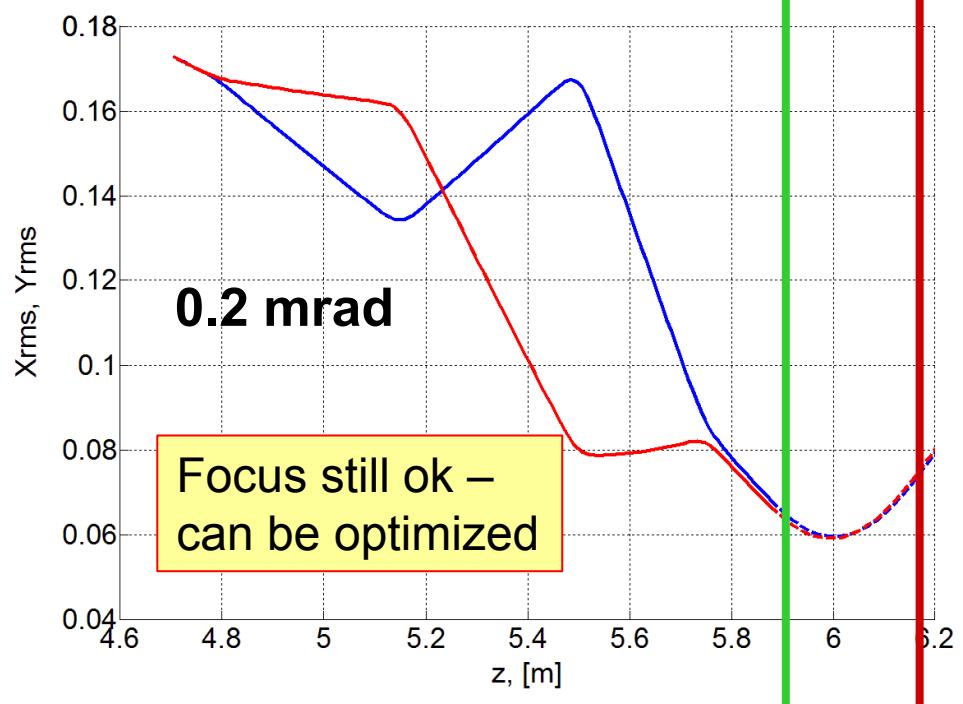
# Plasma cell design



# Maximum acceptable scattering

- ASTRA simulations: electron beam scattering impedes focusing into the plasma

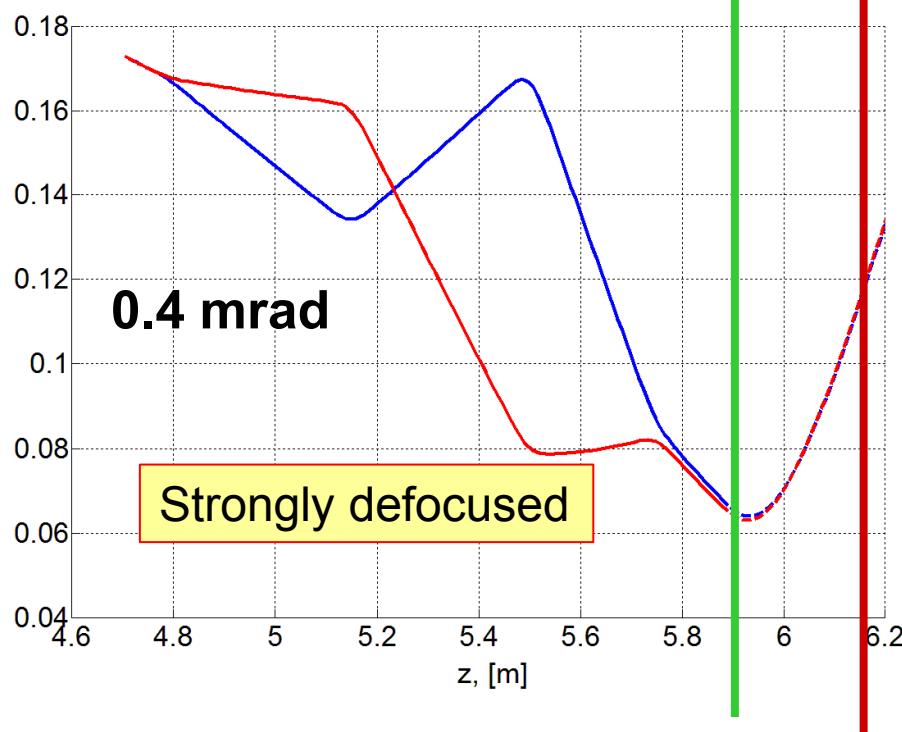
Window position



0.2 mrad

Focus still ok –  
can be optimized

Middle of plasma cell



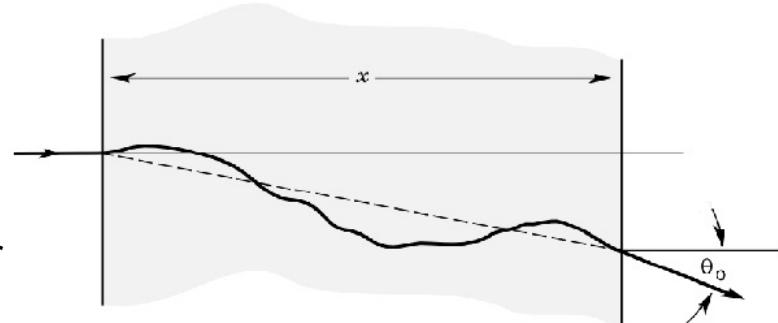
0.4 mrad

Strongly defocused

- Maximal agreeable scattering angle: 0.2 mrad

## > Multiple scattering

- a particle undergoes a number of scatterings per each step, resulting a small deviation from initial trajectory
- Valid only if number of elementary scatterings per step is large enough

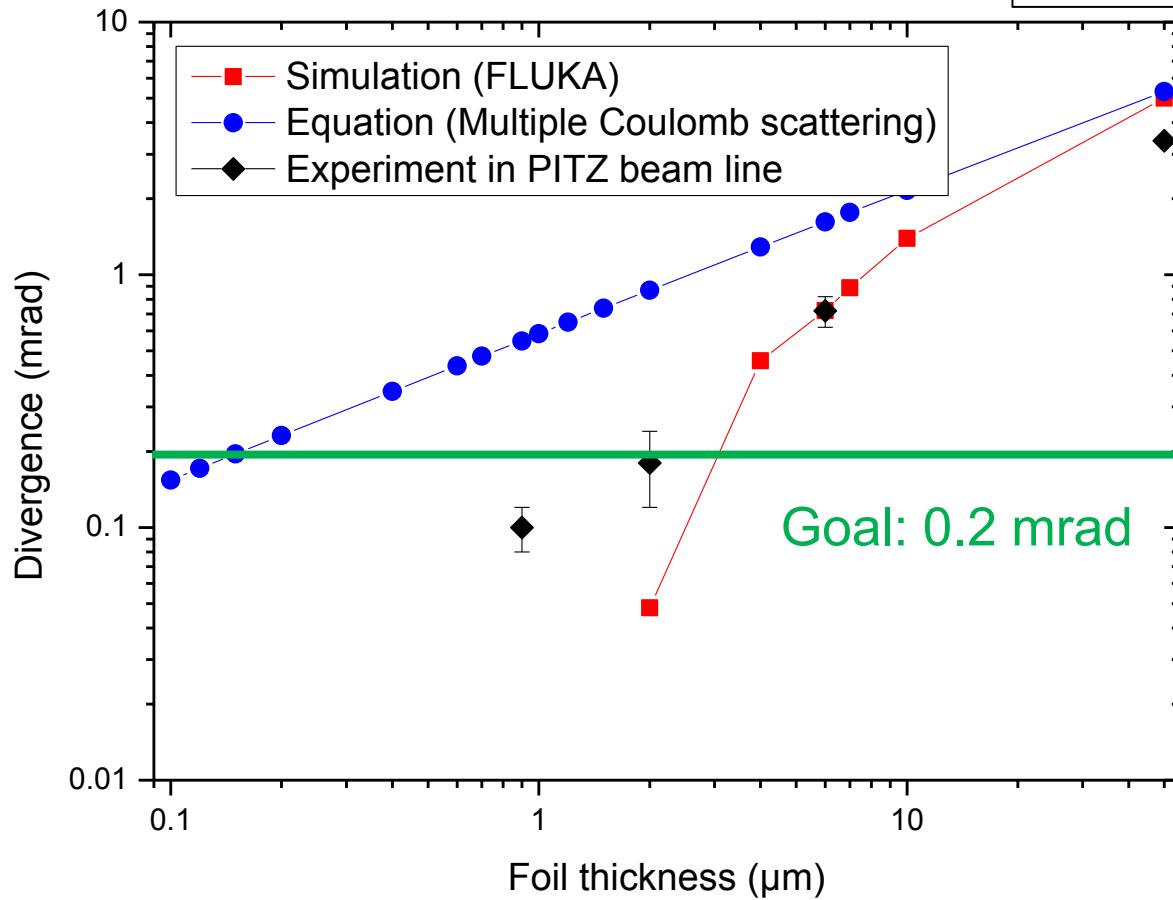


## > Single scattering

- based on the Rutherford formula
- Every interaction is a separate step ->demands much more CPU time compared to multiple scattering

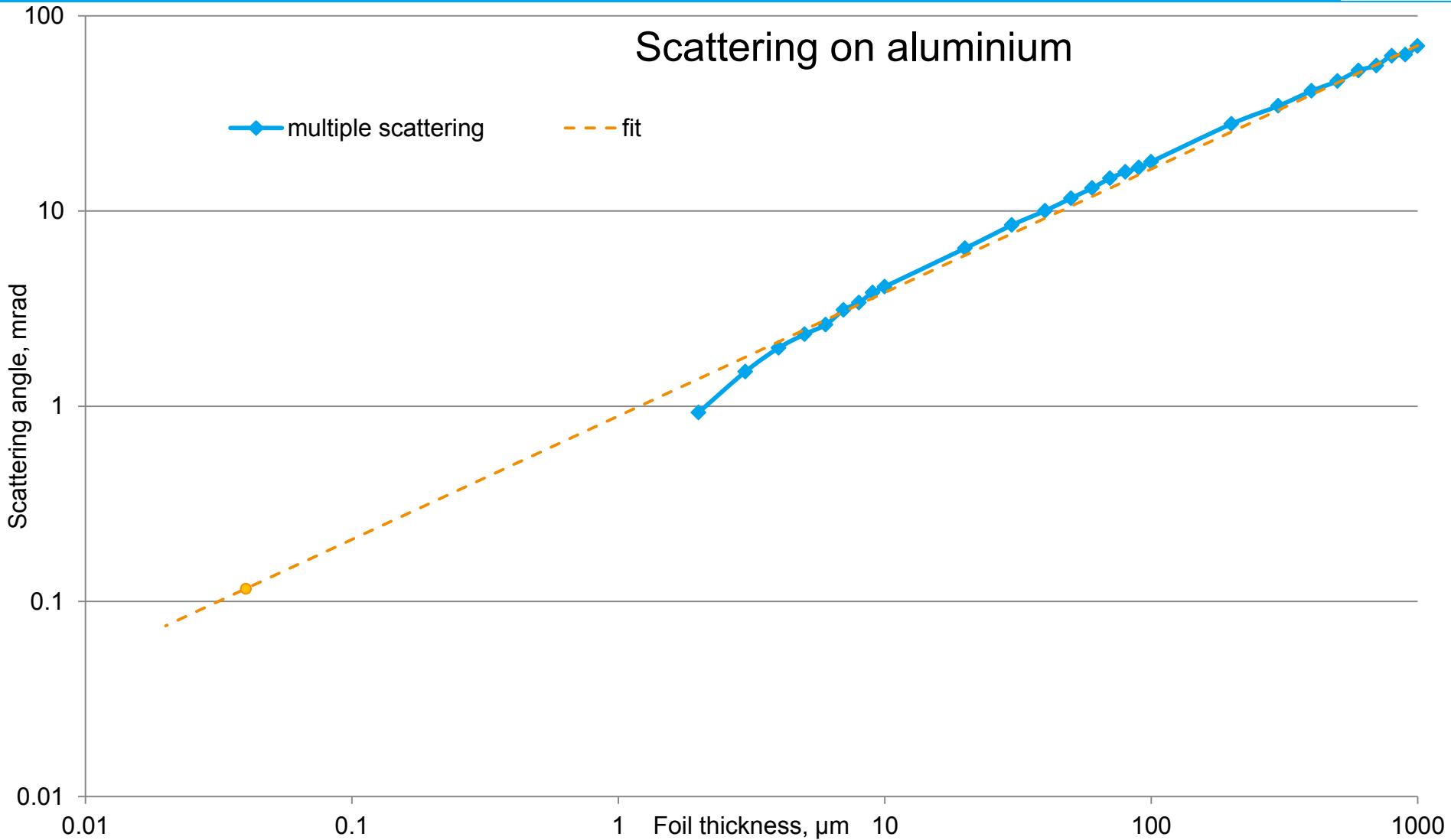
# Experiments at PITZ beamline

Simulations by Rico Schuetze



- 2014.02.07N – Kapton 50  $\mu\text{m}$  + (?) Gold 5 nm
- 2014.05.15A – Mylar 6  $\mu\text{m}$  + Gold coating of unknown thickness
- 2015.03.07M – Mylar 2  $\mu\text{m}$
- 2015.10.22M – PET (Mylar) 0.9  $\mu\text{m}$  + 37.5 nm Al coating both sides

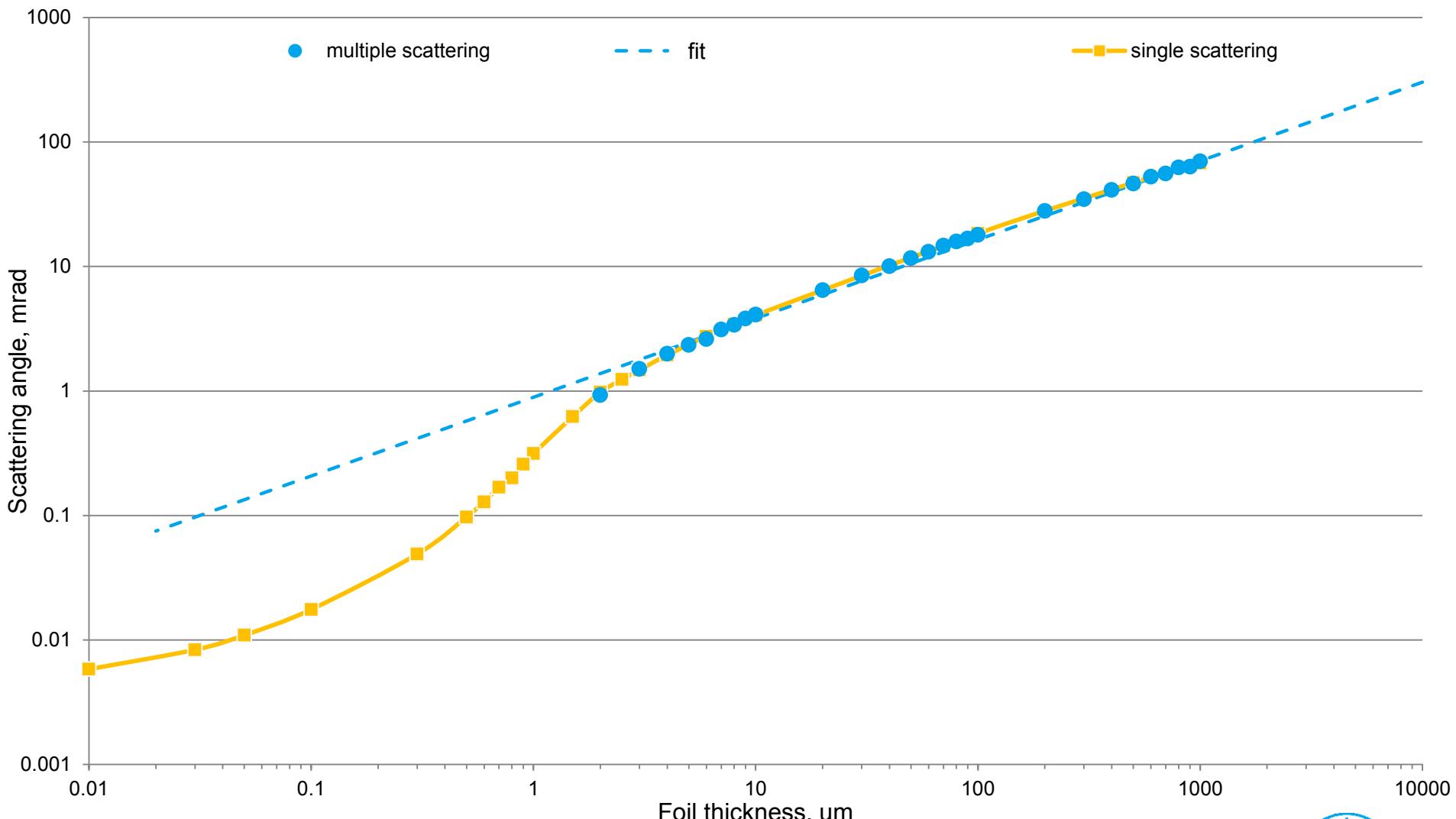
# FLUKA: multiple scattering



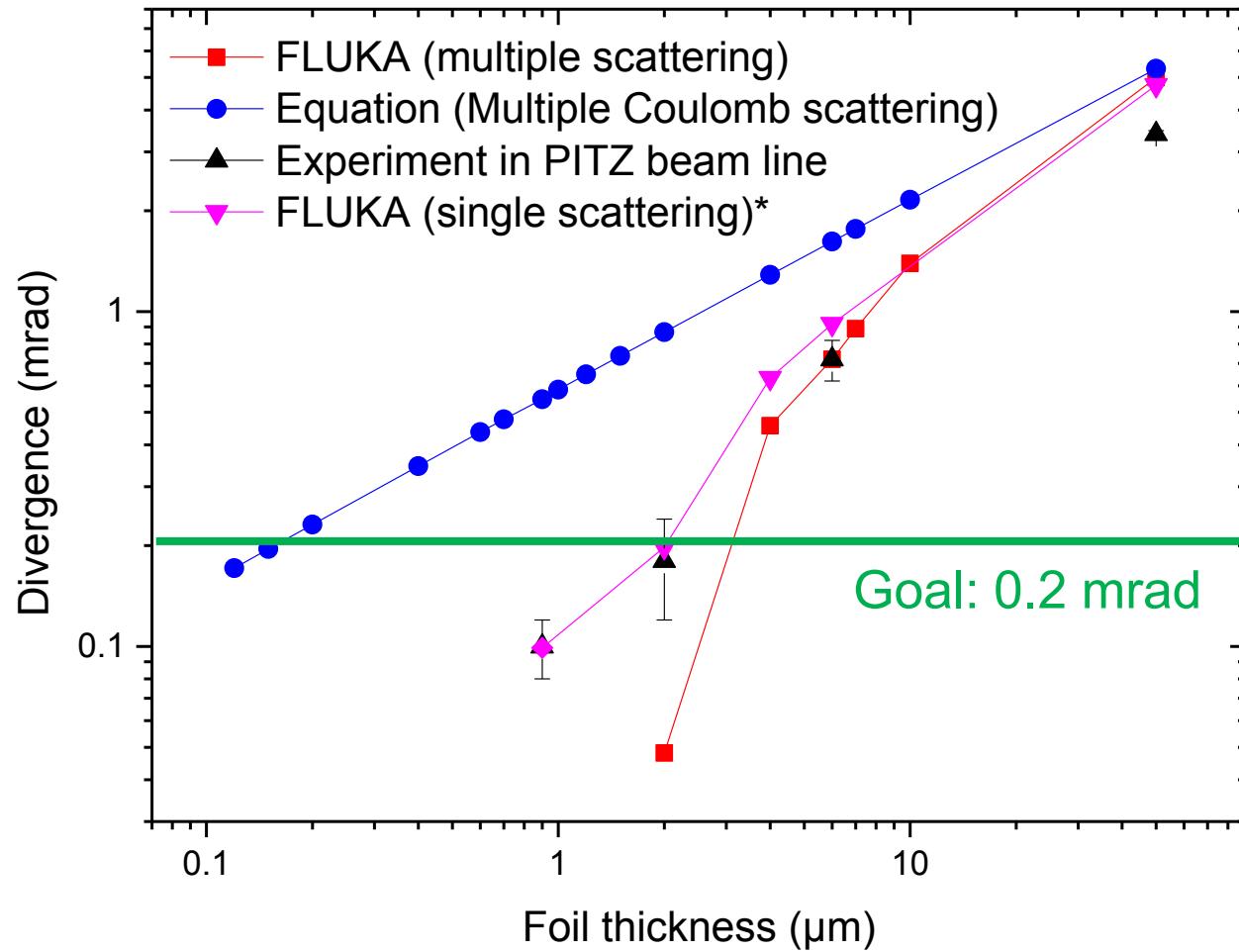
➤ Extrapolation gives ~0.1 mrad for only one 37.5 nm layer of Al

# FLUKA: forced single scattering

## Scattering on aluminium



# Summary plot



\*for the last point (0.9 μm) a coated foil is simulated

# Polymer foils: gas permeation

Experimental data by D. Richter

| foil  | $K/(m^2 s^{-1})$      | gas | $\dot{Q}$ into PITZ/ $(mbar l/s)$ |
|---|-----------------------|-----|-----------------------------------|
| M, $2 \mu m$  | $9.88 \cdot 10^{-9}$  | He  | $3 \cdot 10^{-5}$                 |
| M, $6 \mu m$ , gold coated                          | $5.77 \cdot 10^{-9}$  | He  | $5 \cdot 10^{-6}$                 |
| K, $25 \mu m$                                       | $1.97 \cdot 10^{-13}$ | He  | $4 \cdot 10^{-11}$                |
| K, $8 \mu m$  | $9.85 \cdot 10^{-15}$ | Ar  | $4 \cdot 10^{-12}$                |
| P, $0.9 \mu m$ , aluminum coated $2 \times 27.5 nm$ | $2.58 \cdot 10^{-14}$ | Ar  | $1 \cdot 10^{-10}$                |

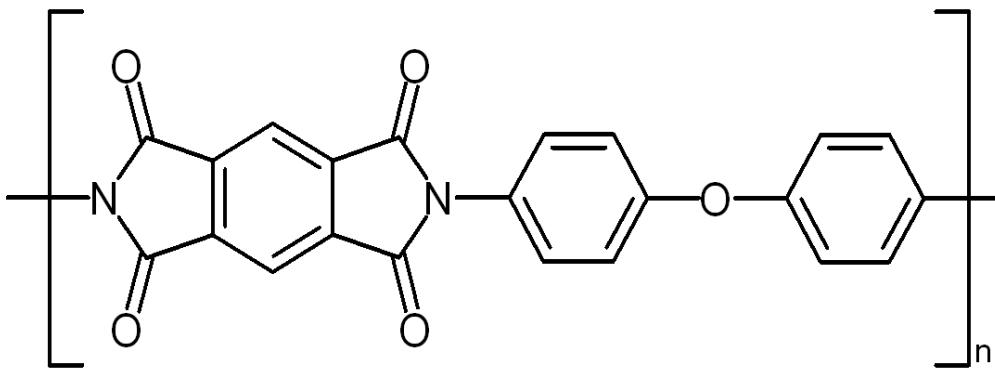
- Maximum acceptable gas load is  $1 \cdot 10^{-6} \text{ mbar l s}^{-1}$
- Double sided coating decreases gas permeation without introducing too much scattering

# Polymer foils: mechanical properties

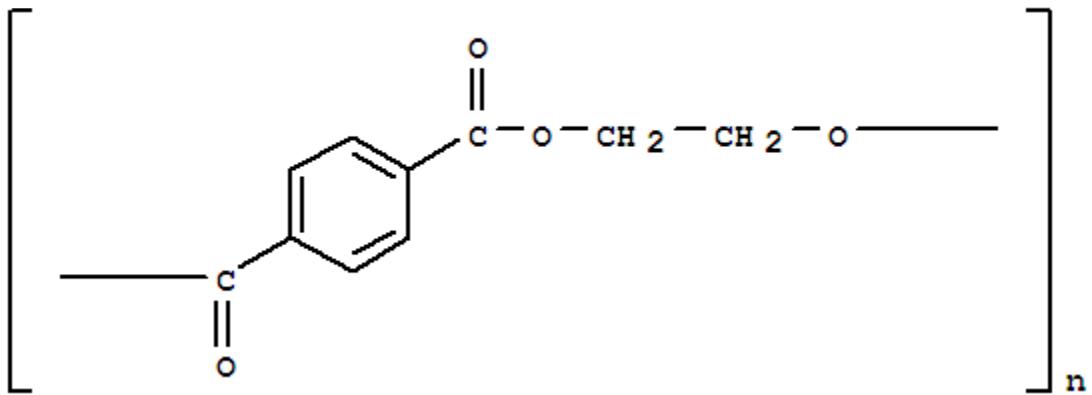
| Film Type                            | Polyimide Kapton®        | Polyester Mylar®   | Polyester PEN                |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------|------------------------------|
| Glass Transition, Tg, °C             | 410                      | 75                 | 120                          |
| Continuous Operating Temperature, °C | 240                      | 105                | 180                          |
| Tensile Strength, @25°C, Kpsi        | 33                       | 30                 | 40                           |
| Modulus, Kpsi                        | 430                      | 550                | 850                          |
| Elongation, %                        | 70                       | 130                | 70                           |
| Heat Shrinkage, % (200°C, 30 Min.)   | 0.1                      | 4                  | 1                            |
| Moisture Absorption, %               | 2.8                      | 0.5                | 0.4                          |
| Radiation length, cm                 | <b>28.58</b>             | <b>28.54</b>       | <b>29.49 cm (calculated)</b> |
| Chemical formula                     | $(C_{22}H_{10}N_2O_5)_n$ | $(C_{10}H_8O_4)_n$ | $(C_{14}H_{10}O_4)_n$        |

# Polymer foils: chemical composition

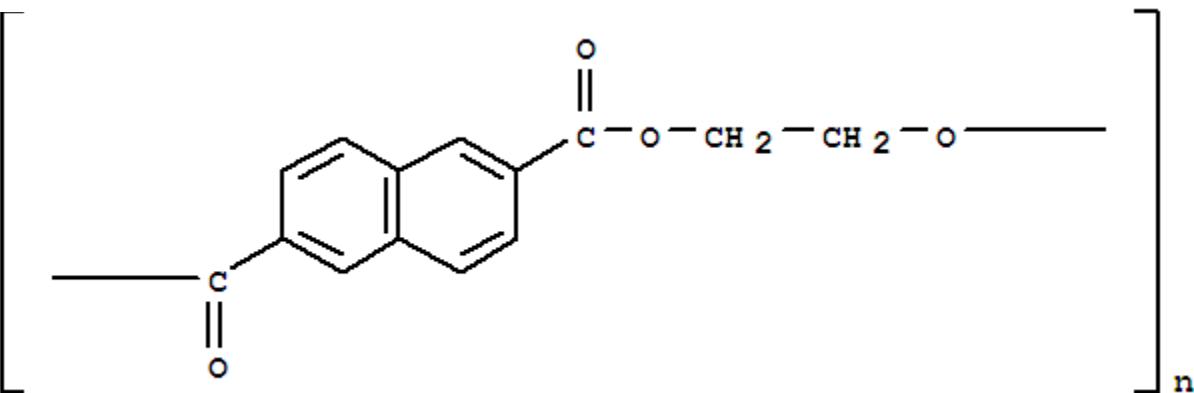
> Kapton



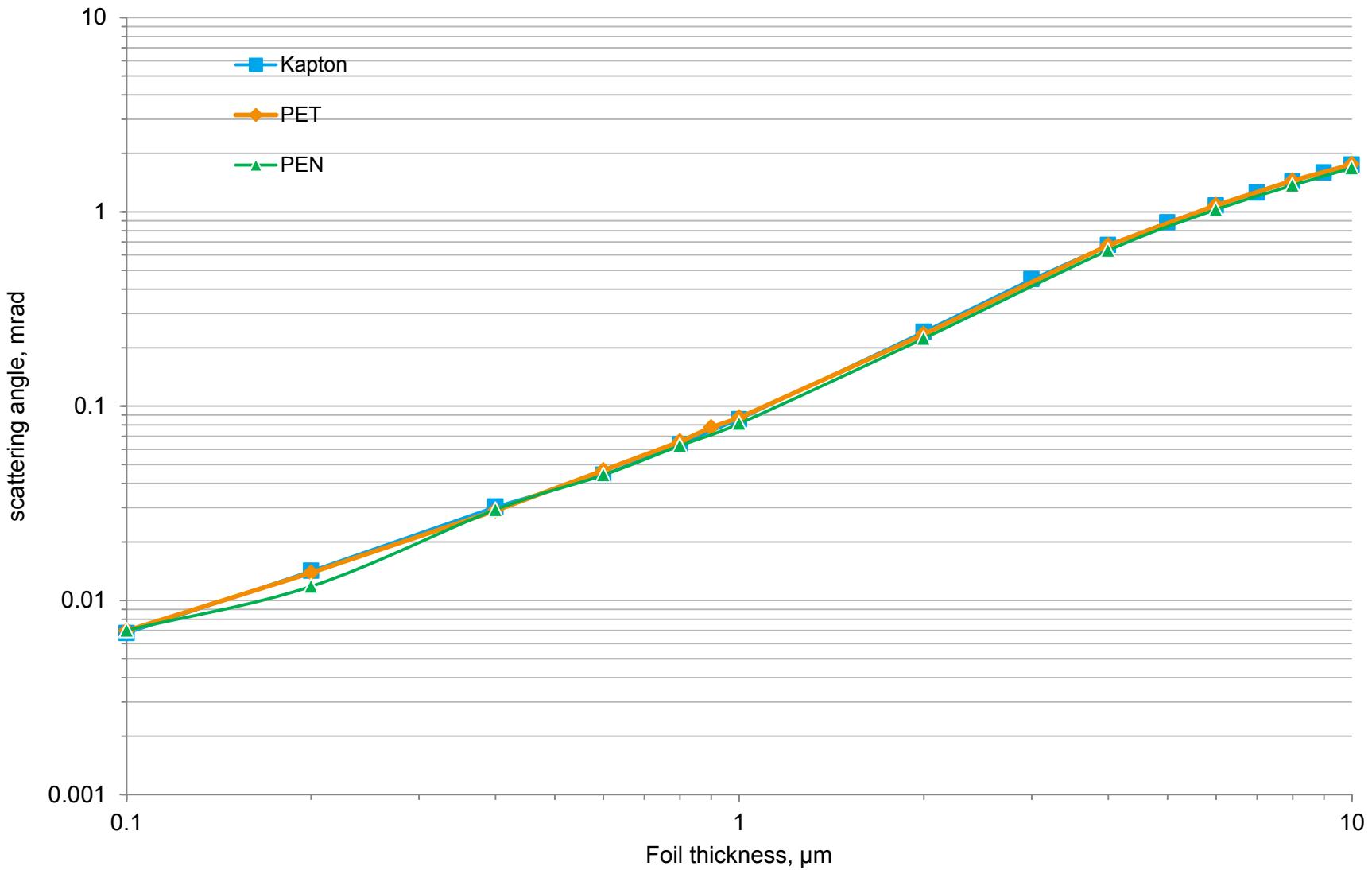
> PET (Mylar)



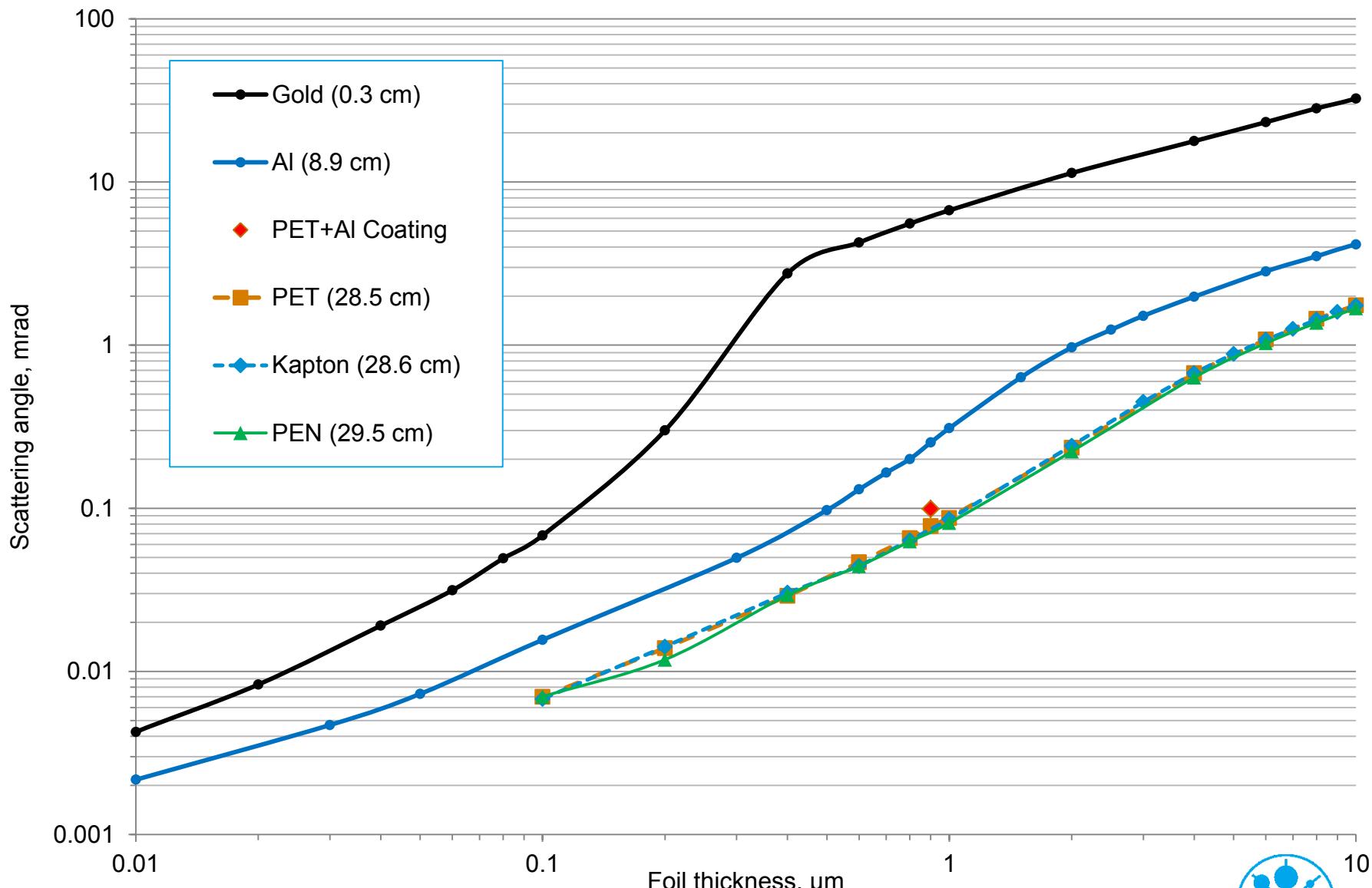
> PEN (Teonex)



# Polymer foils: scattering



# Polymer films and coating materials: scattering



# Summary

- 0.9 µm PET + 2x37.5 nm Al is a primary candidate for the electron windows for the plasma cell and the gas discharge cell
  - Dummy plasma cell is in preparation
- 1,5 A4 sheets of the foil are available – should be enough for the experiments
- If this foil fails the dummy plasma cell tests, PEN foil is the next option

## > Backup

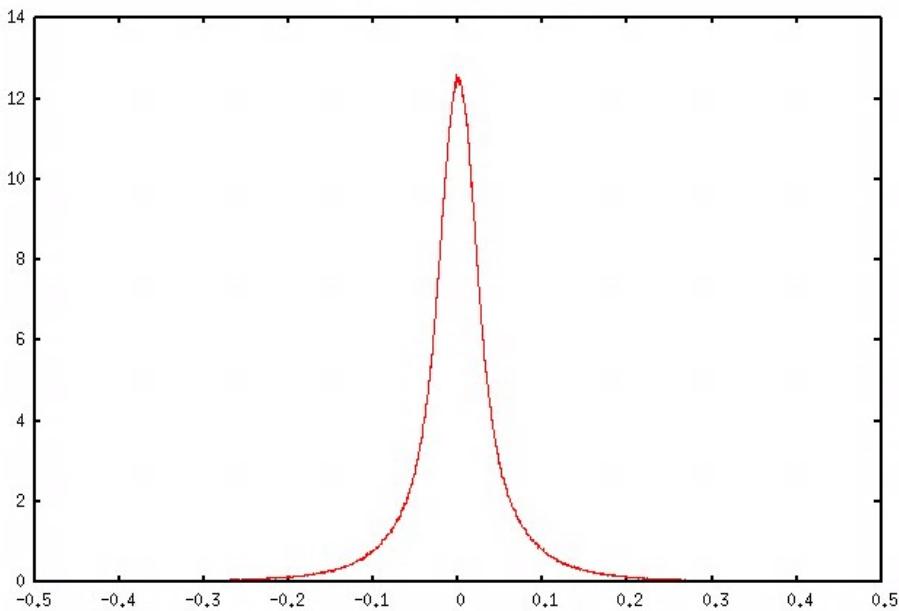
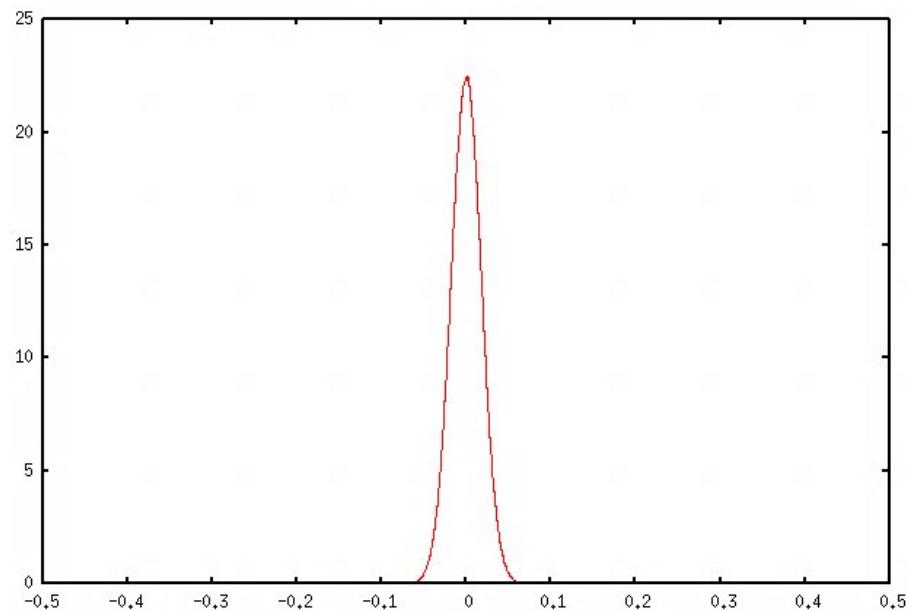
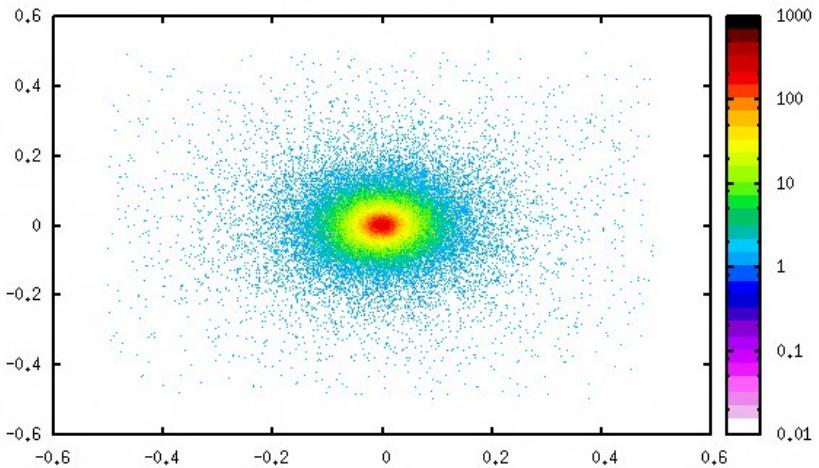
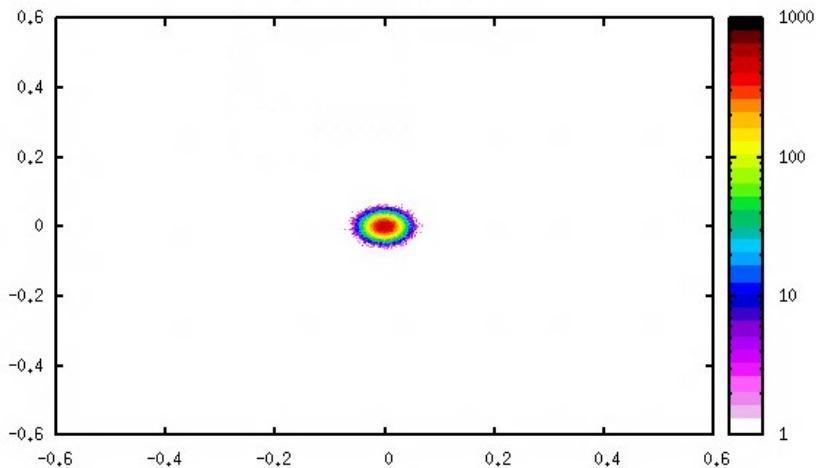
# Beam parameters for simulation

BEAM  
 $\Delta p$ : Flat ▾  
Shape(X): Gauss ▾

Beam: Momentum ▾  
 $\Delta p$ : 0.0  
x(FWHM): 0.042

p: 0.023  
 $\Delta\phi$ : Flat ▾  
Shape(Y): Gauss ▾

Part: ELECTRON ▾  
 $\Delta\phi$ : 0.0  
y(FWHM): 0.042



# Theory: Multiple Coulomb Scattering

- From: Claus Grupen “Teilchendetektoren”: Multiple Coulomb Scattering

The rms of the projected scattering angle distribution:

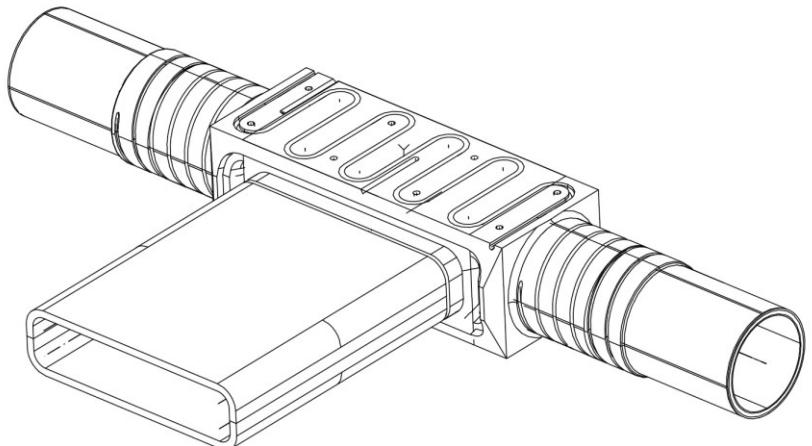
$$\theta_{rms} = \frac{13.6 MeV}{\beta pc} z \sqrt{\frac{x}{X_0}} \left[ 1 + 0.038 \ln \left( \frac{x}{X_0} \right) \right]$$
$$\beta pc = 22 MeV; z = 1; X_0 = 0.28m$$

- Important: Radiation length  $X_0$

- Gold: 0.3 cm
- Aluminium: 8.9 cm
- Kapton (Polyimide): 28.6 cm
- Mylar (PET): 28.5 cm
- Teonex (PEN): 29.5 cm
- Beryllium: 35.3 cm
- Polyethylene: 50.3 cm

# Bonus: new plasma cell

A test heat pipe with channels instead of the metal mesh is in preparation



The new plasma cell design with flat arms is being finalized