Charge increase / emittance measurement guideline

- Increase of laser pulse energy at photocathode by adjusting polarization
- 2. Choosing the right light level for beamlets in emittance measurements

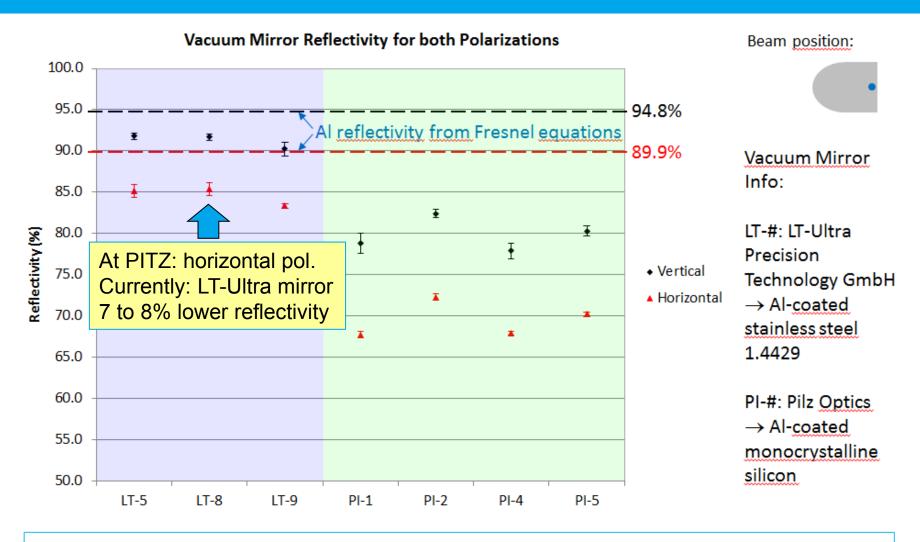
Matthias Gross

Charge increase / emittance measurement guideline Place, Date





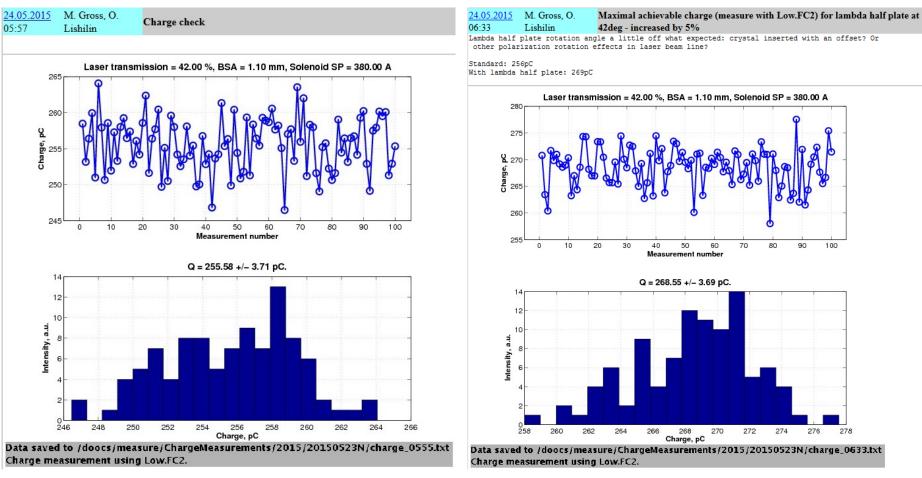
Characterization of Vacuum Mirror Reflection (from 2011)



LT-Ultra mirrors have significantly higher reflectivity, close to the theoretical value



Idea: Insert $\lambda/2$ plate at Laser to Rotate Polarization



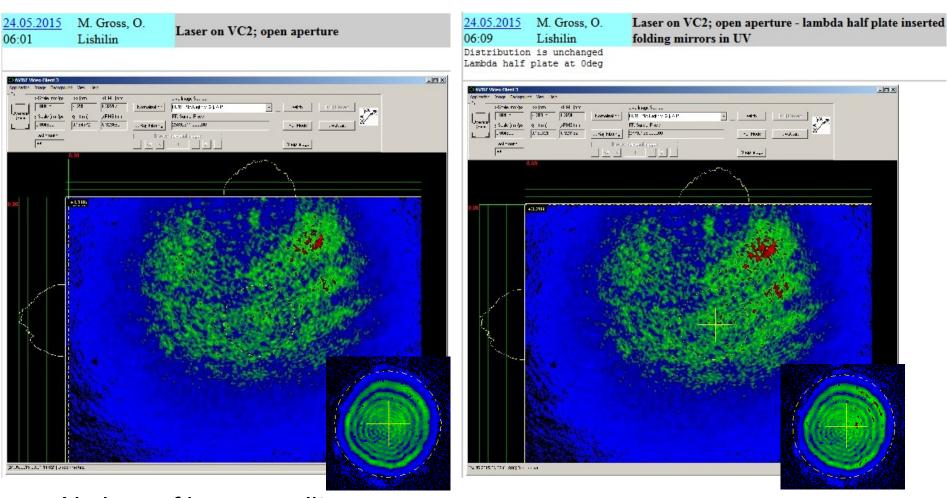
- Increase from 256pC to 269pC → 5% higher
- Higher charge corresponding to reflection increase (single measurement)



Check of laser distribution at VC2 (open aperture; 1.1mm)

Standard setup



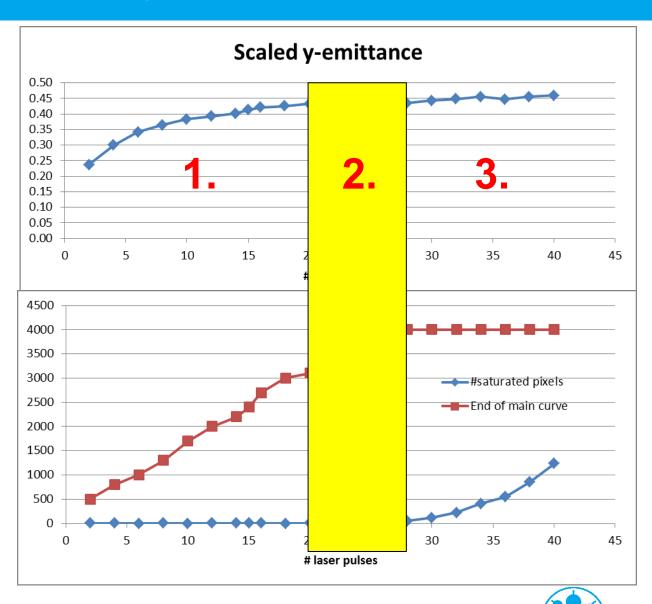


No loss of beam quality



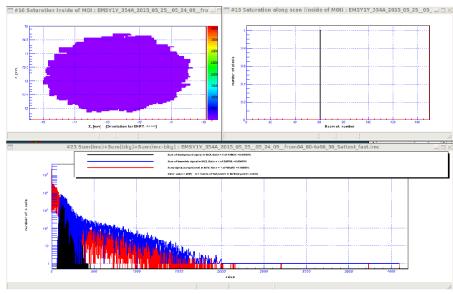
What is the correct intensity to measure emittance?

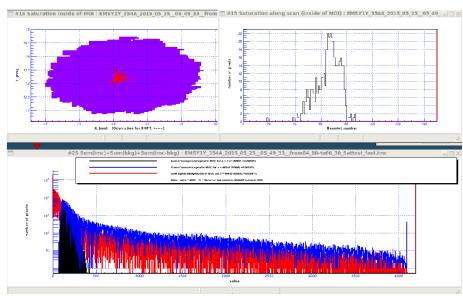
- To have saturation has less effect on the measured emittance than having not enough signal.
- Saturation curve must not end below 3000
- Saturation (hot spot) up to about 50 pixels can be tolerated has no effect on measured emittance

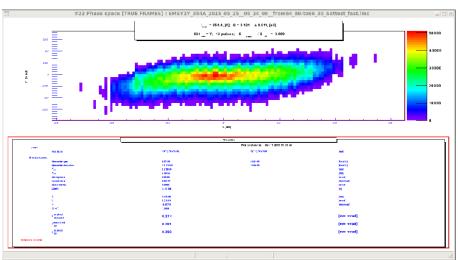


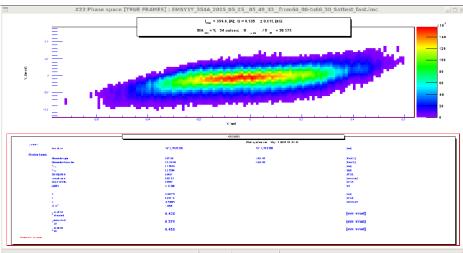
1. Intensity too low

3. Intensity too high



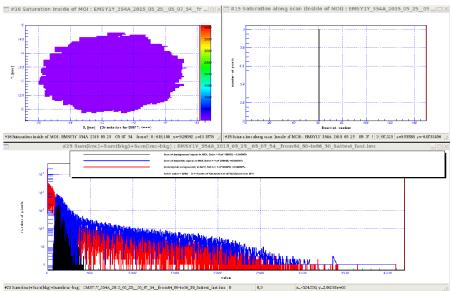


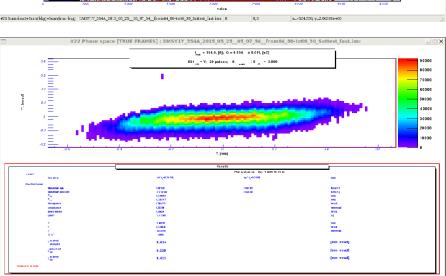






2. Intensity ok (lower end) 2. Intensity ok (higher end)





#22 These space [TRUE FRAMES : FMSY1Y_354A_2015_05_25__05_07_54__from64_80-ro55_30_Sattest_fast.lmc] 0

