Multipacting Simulation for the PITZ RF Photo Gun

- The PITZ RF Photo Gun
- **Multipactor discharge**
- **Field simulations**
- **Tracking simulation results**
- **Conclusions and outlook**

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The PITZ RF Photo Gun

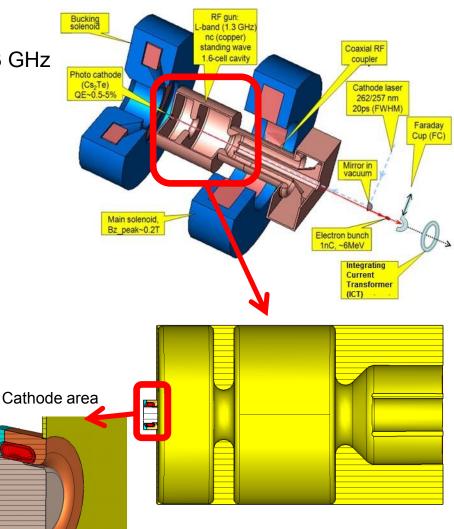
The RF photo gun operates with a standing wave regime in the π -mode with resonant frequency of 1.3 GHz

The gun consists of:

- normal-conducting cavity (1.6 copper cells)
- exchangeable molybdenum cathode with CuBe contact spring
- pair of solenoids

Main parameters

Accelerating gradient at the cathode, MV/m	60
Beam energy after gun, MeV	~6.8
Full RF power, MW	8
Number of bunches	1700
RF pulse, µs	≤800
Repetition rate, Hz	10





Multipactor discharge

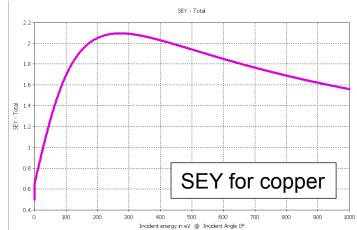


Multipactor discharge (multipacting) is the phenomenon of a resonant secondary electron emission which occurs at certain conditions.

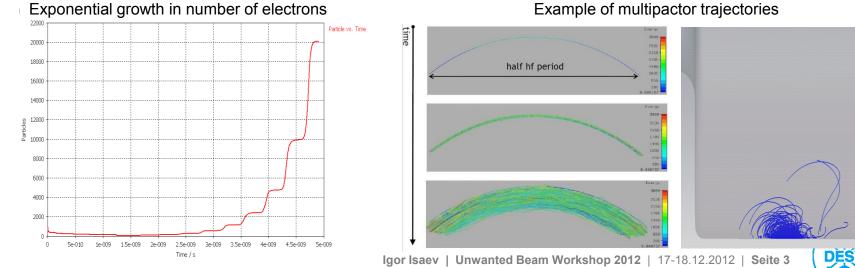
Multipactor discharge depends on:

- Field configuration
- ✓ Cavity geometry
- ✓ Secondary emission yield (SEY) of the cavity material

Multipactor discharge corresponds to an exponential growth in number of electrons



Example of multipactor discharge

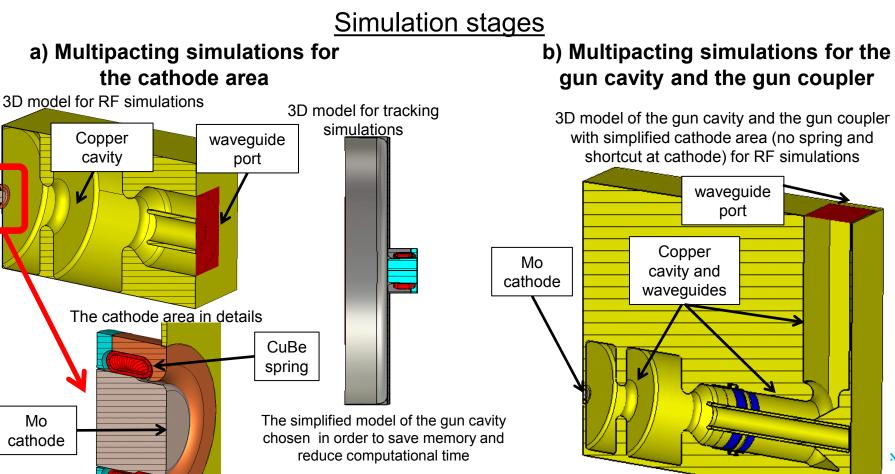


Example of multipactor trajectories

Simulation strategy



- > RF fields simulation was done by CST MW Studio
- External constant magnetic field simulation by CST EM Studio
- Particle trajectories simulation by CST Particle Studio with imported fields from CST MW and EM Studios



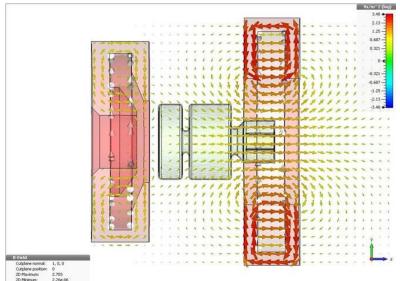
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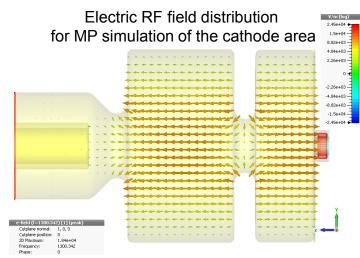
RF and external magnetic fields simulation



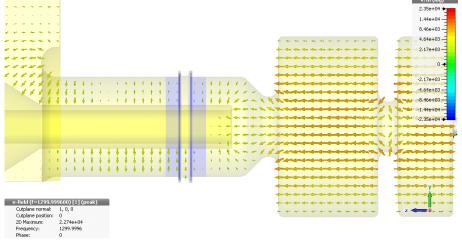
- 1. RF field simulations (CST MWS):
 - Frequency domain solver (F-solver)
 - Tetrahedral mesh
 - Half structure symmetry
- 2. External magnetostatic fields (CST EM):
 - Magnetostatic solver (Ms-solver)
 - Hexahedral mesh (2 600 000 per ¼)
 - Currents: I_{main} = 350 A, I_{bucking} = -29 A

Magnetostatic field distribution





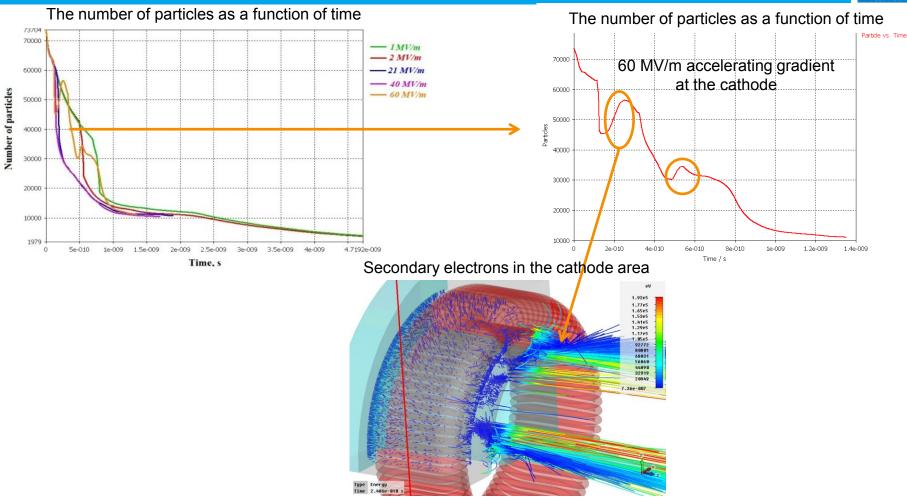
Electric RF field distribution for MP simulation of the gun cavity and the coupler





Multipacting simulations for the cathode area





High probability for the secondary electron emission between the cathode and the blending part of the outer cylinder but

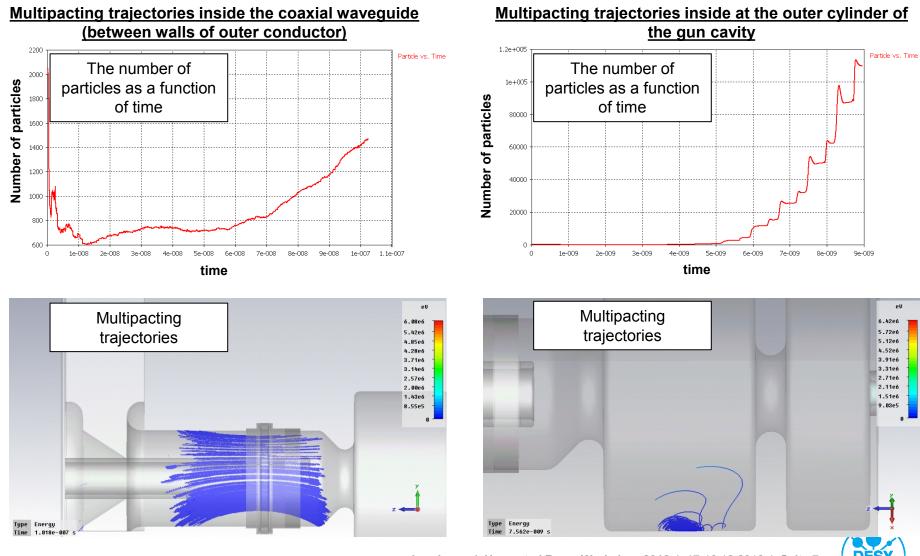
There is no possibility of multipactor discharge



Multipacting simulations for the gun cavity and the gun coupler



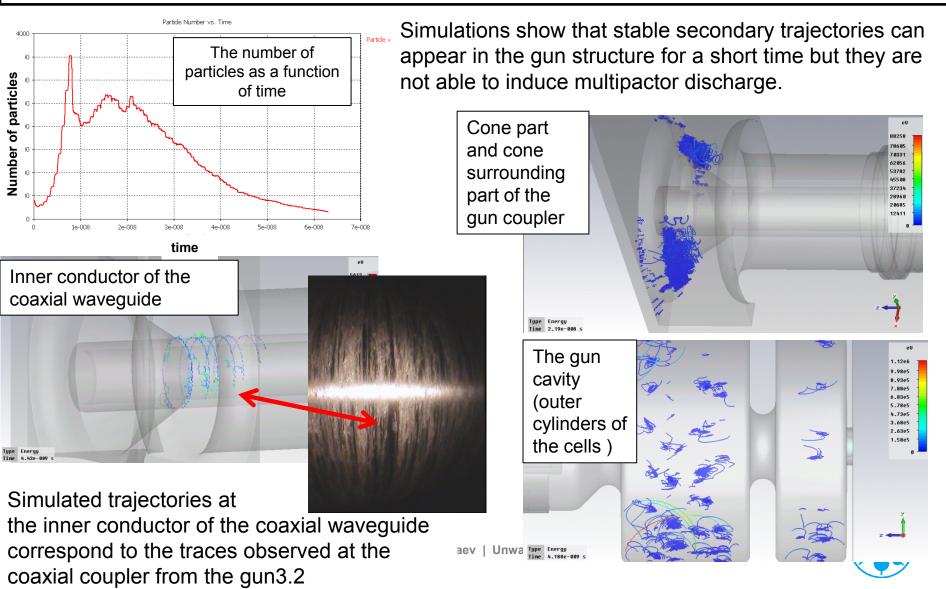
Multipacting trajectories observed at accelerating gradient at the cathode of 60 MV/m (~6.5 MW power in the gun)



Multipacting simulations for the gun cavity and the gun coupler



Stable(but not multipacting) trajectories observed at accelerating gradient at the cathode of 60 MV/m (~6.5 MW power in the gun)

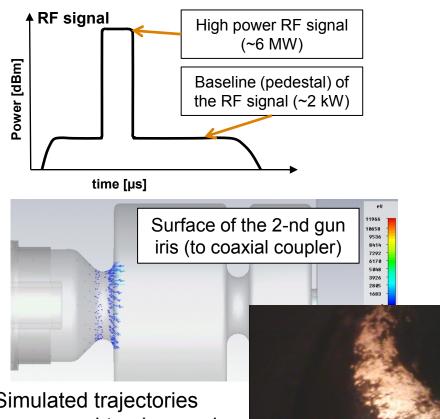


Multipacting simulations for the gun cavity and the gun coupler

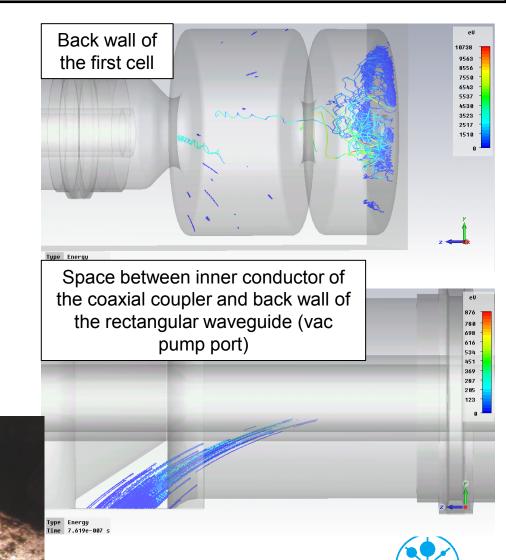


Multipacting trajectories observed at accelerating gradient at the cathode of 1 MV/m (~2 kW power in the gun)

Power level of ~2kW (which corresponds to accelerating gradient at the cathode of 1 MV/m) is the baseline of the RF signal



Simulated trajectories correspond to observed traces at the coaxial coupler from the gun3.2





- Multipacting trajectories observed inside the <u>coaxial waveguide</u> and at the <u>outer</u> <u>cylinder</u> of the gun cavity for accelerating gradient at the cathode of 60 MV/m
- For accelerating gradient of 1 MV/m multipacting trajectories observed at the surface of the 2-nd gun iris (to coaxial coupler), the back wall of the first cell and space between inner conductor of the coaxial coupler and back wall of the rectangular waveguide
- There is no possibility of multipactor discharge at the cathode area. However, the area between the cathode and the blending part of the outer cylinder undergo the secondary electron emission at operating levels of the accelerating gradient of about 60 MV/m
- Stable but not multipacting trajectories observed in the gun cavity and the gun coupler parts. Such particles can not induce constant growth of number of electrons but nevertheless could be a reason of surface damage if there exist strong additional particle source
- > Additional calculations are needed to investigate all possible resonant conditions of multipactor discharge in the PITZ RF photo gun



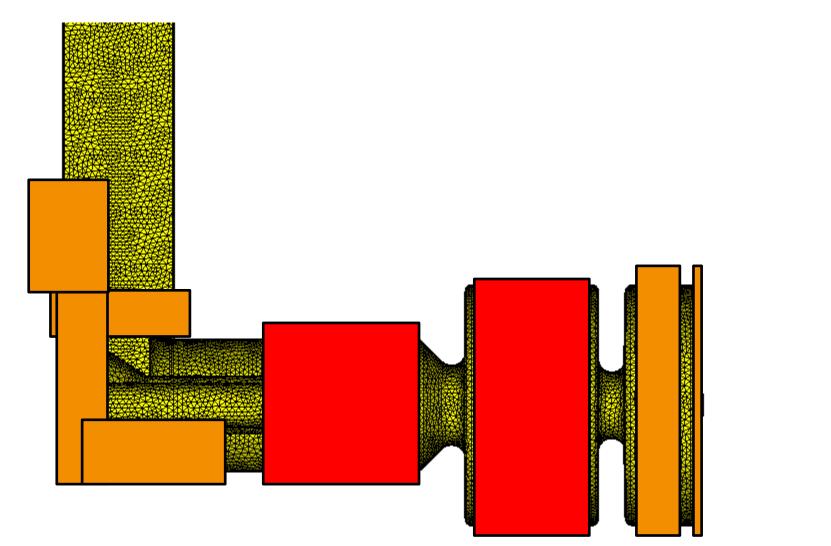


Thank you for your attention.



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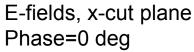




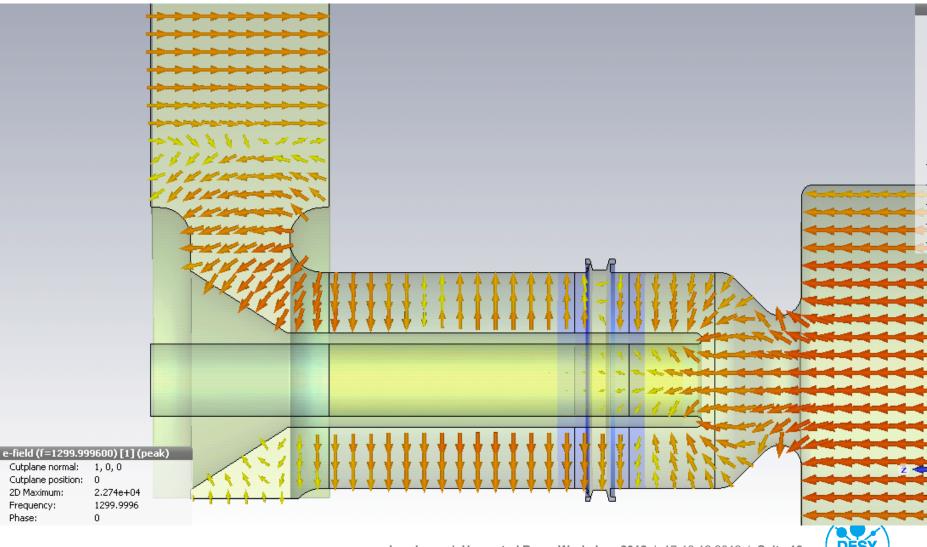


RF field asymmetry in the PITZ RF photo gun





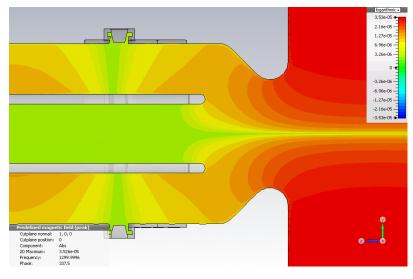
Phase:

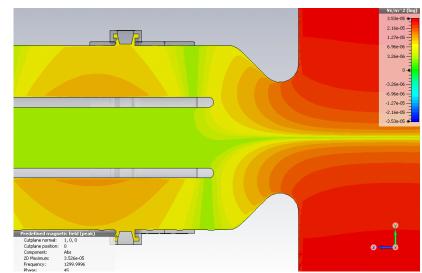


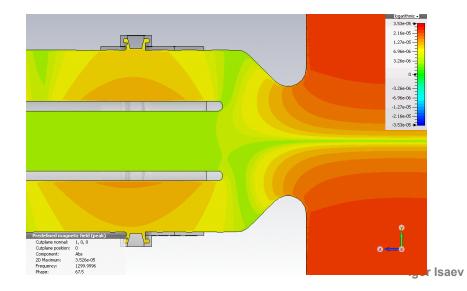
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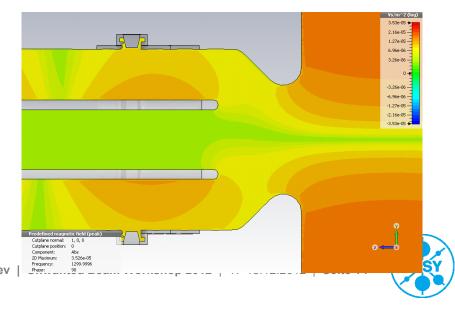


RF H-fields, abs component, x-cut plane









Gun 3.2 visual inspection, done on 13.06.2008





