Dark current measurement at PITZ

PITZ setup

Gun dark current measurements

Booster dark current measurements

Summary

Igor Isaev

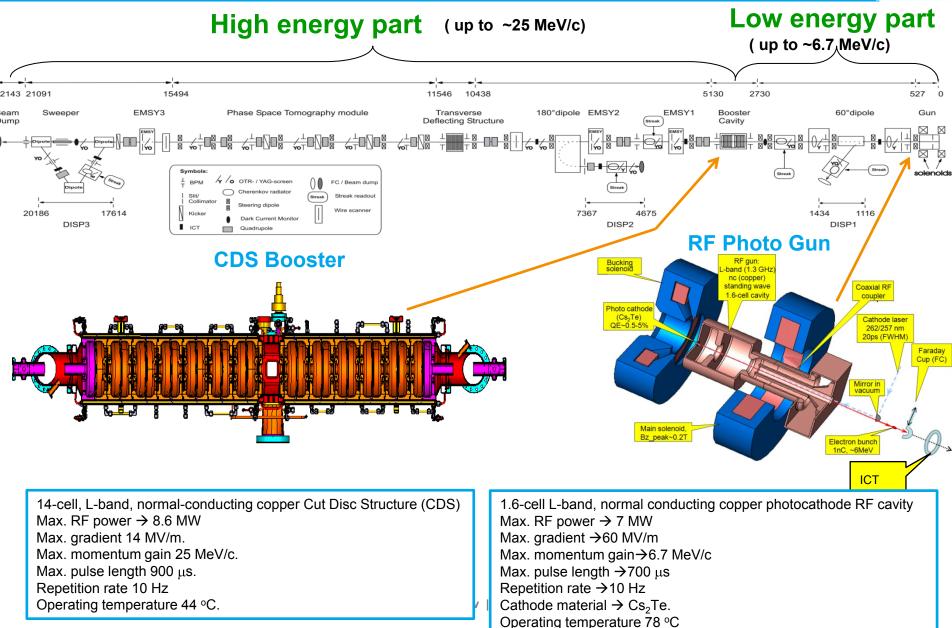
Unwanted Beam Workshop 2012 Humboldt-University Berlin, 17-18.12.2012





PITZ Setup



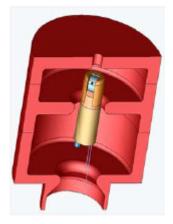


Gun dark current measurements



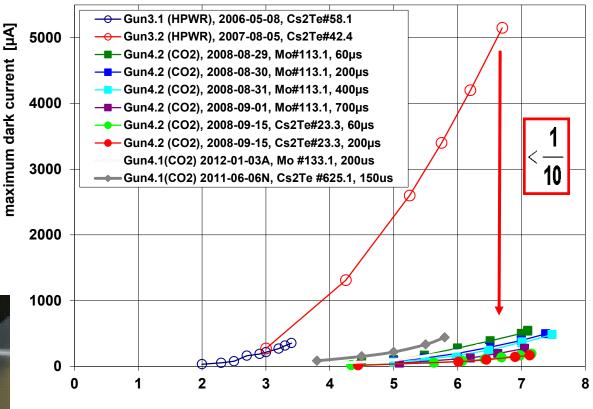
Dry-ice sublimation-impulse cleaning → significant dark current reduction

Vertical cleaning setup with 110° rotating nozzle.





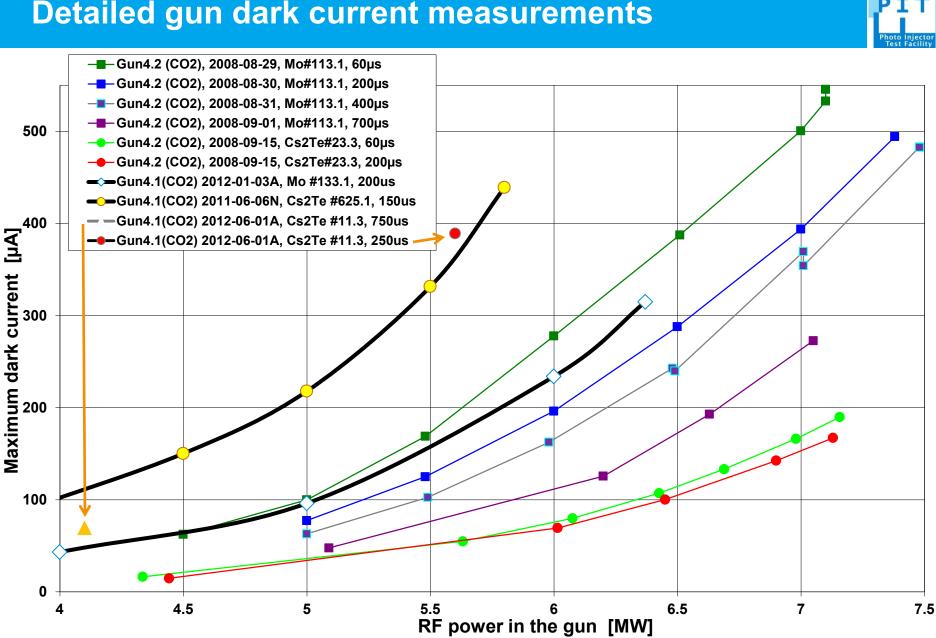
Dark current in Faraday cup versus RF power for different Guns and cathodes



RF power in the gun [MW]



Detailed gun dark current measurements



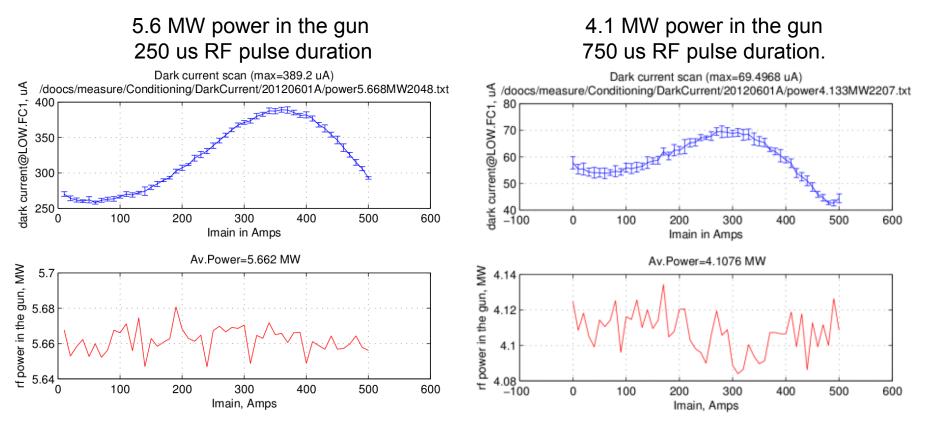
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Latest Gun 4.1 dark current measurements at PITZ 01.06.2012



Dark current as a function of main solenoid current





Booster dark current measurements

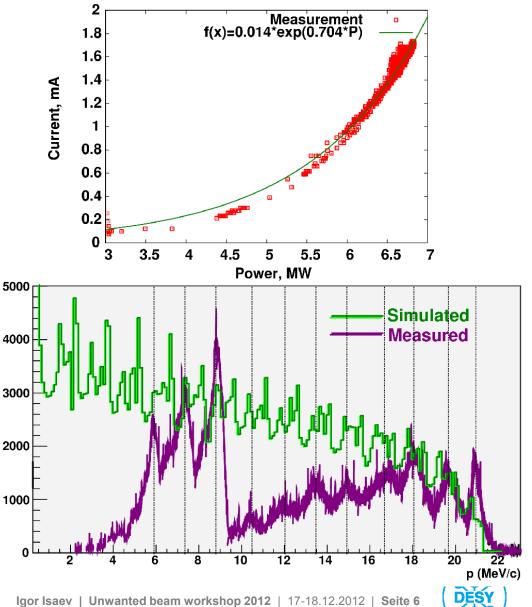
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Measurement was done using Dark Current Monitor (DCM)

Measurement was done downstream in High Energy dispersive arm

- Well pronounced bumps
- Three cells have the most contribution
- Three bumps are missing in low energy part of the spectrum





- Significant dark current reductions can be obtained by the dry-ice sublimation-impulse cleaning procedure.
- The latest measured dark current from the gun is 389 µA for the 5.6 MW power with 250 µs pulse duration and 70 µA for the 4.1 MW power with 750 µs pulse duration
- > Booster dark current of up to 1.8 mA was measured with the DCM

upstream the cavity at full power of 6.6 MW

- The measurement showed striped spectra similar to the simulations, with more distinct bumps and different relative intensity
- Three lowest energy bumps are missing, next three deliver the highest dark current

