

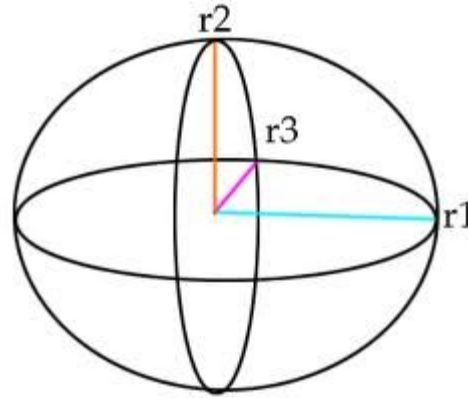
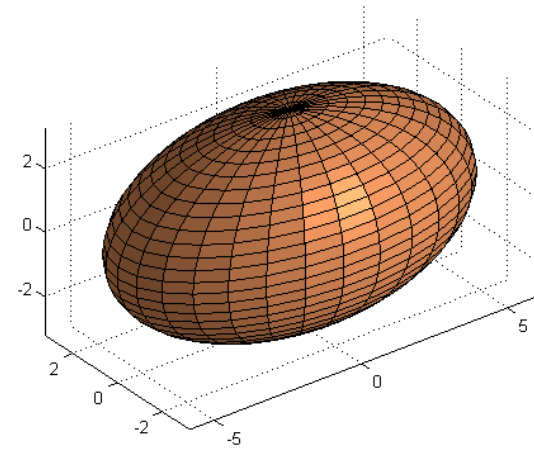
# Simulations for 3D ellipsoidal laser shape at 1nC: Current status

**“Re-optimization” of emittance at 1nC charge for the 3D ellipsoidal laser shape: Description and obtained results**

**Difficulties and future work**

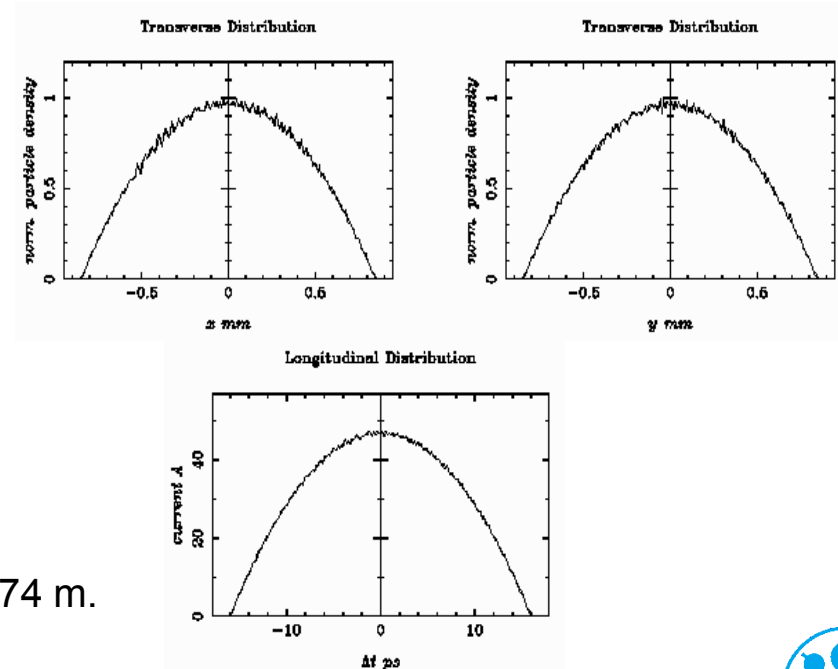
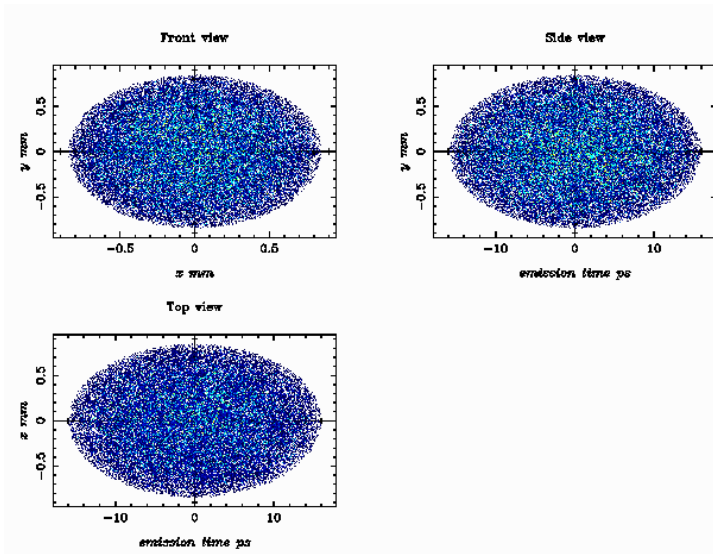
Martin Khojayan  
PITZ Physics Seminar  
01.11. 2012

# Cathode laser: 3D ellipsoid



$r1 \rightarrow x, r2 \rightarrow y, r3 \rightarrow z$

$$\frac{x^2}{L_x^2} + \frac{y^2}{L_y^2} + \frac{z^2}{L_z^2} \leq 1, T_{rms} = \frac{L_z}{\sqrt{5}}$$



E-beam overview at 5.74 m.



# Full emittance optimization: Description

## Fixed parameters during emittance optimization

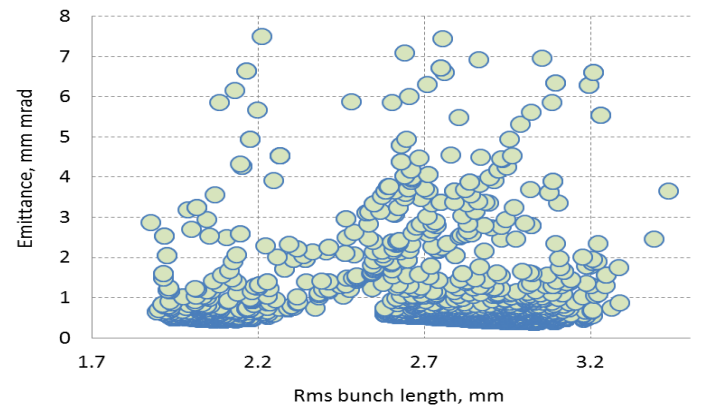
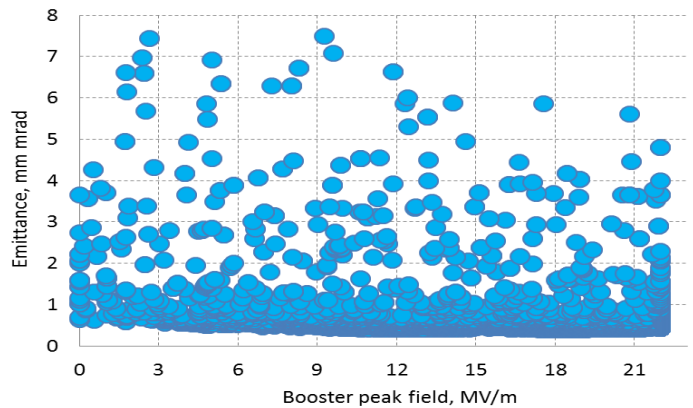
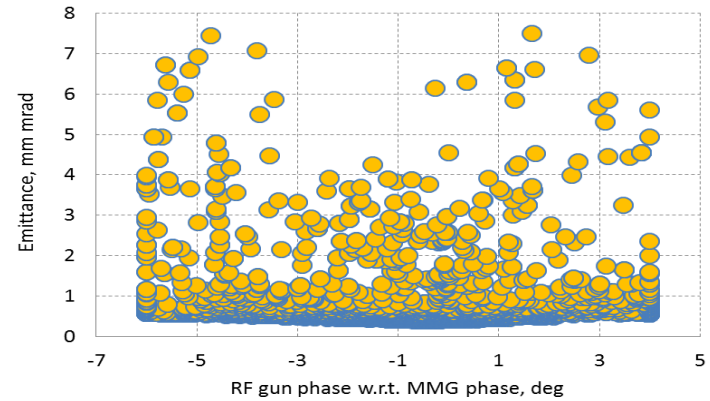
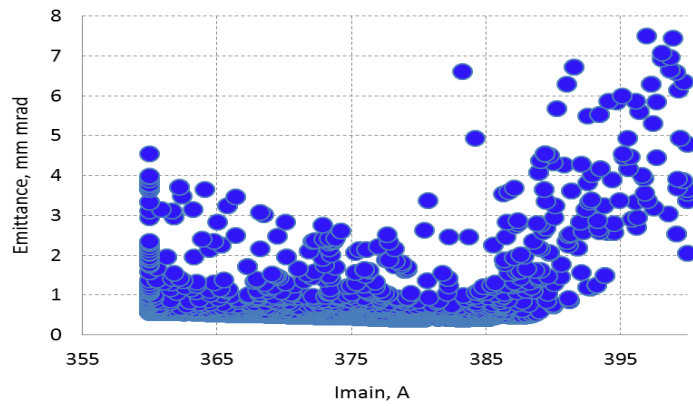
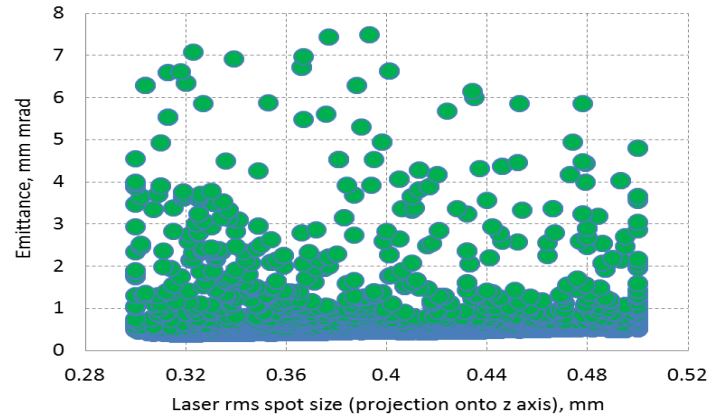
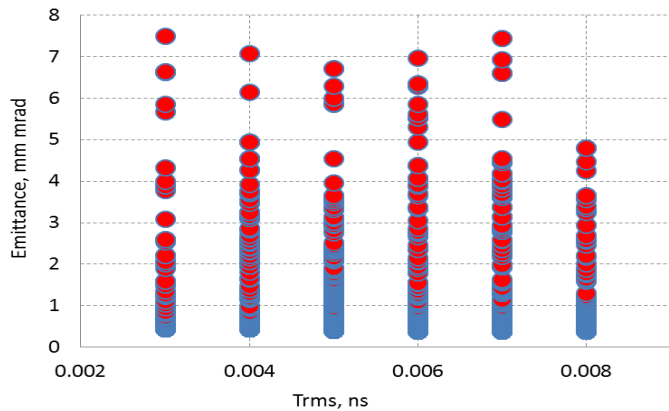
- > bunch charge (1nC),
- > Electrons thermal kinetic energy at the cathode (0.55eV),
- > gun gradient (60.58MV/m), corresponding to  $P_z \sim 6.7 \text{ MeV/c}$  after gun, at on-crest phase
- > CDS booster phase was fixed to on-crest phase
- > The reference point was EMSY1 (5.74m downstream the cathode).

## The following parameters were variable:

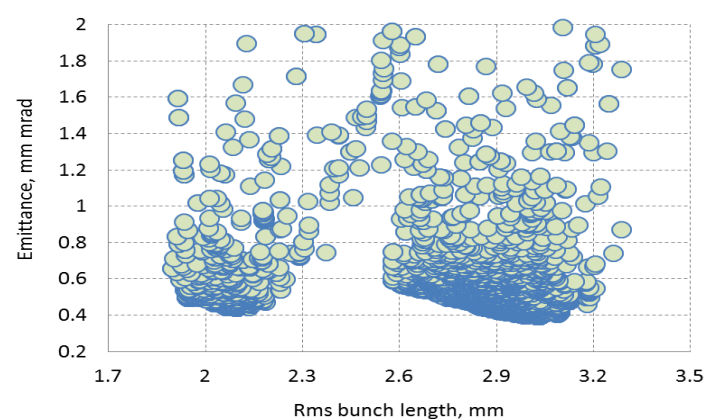
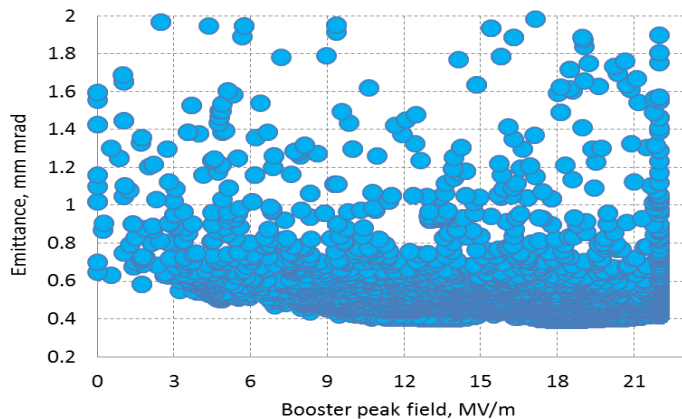
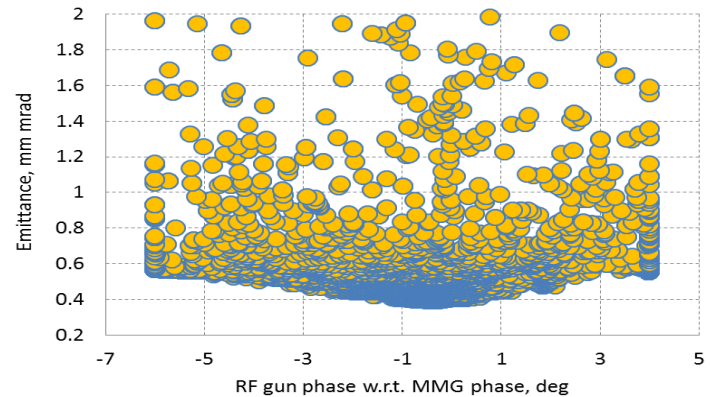
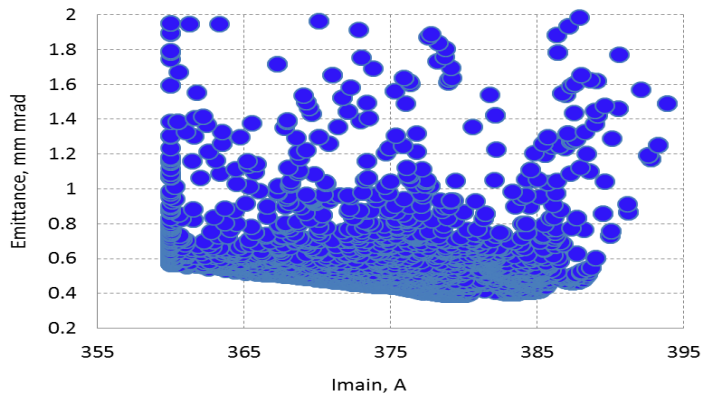
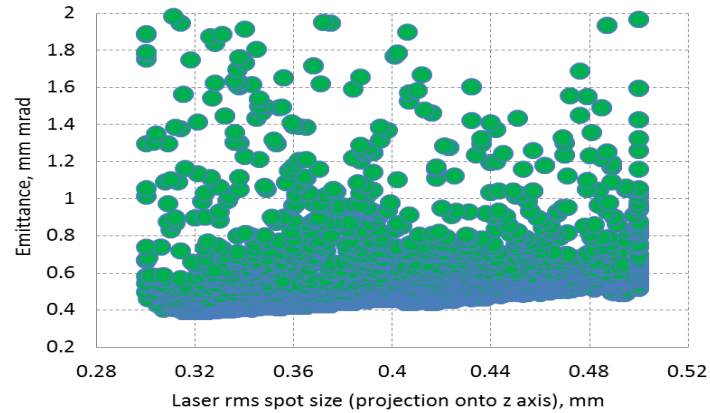
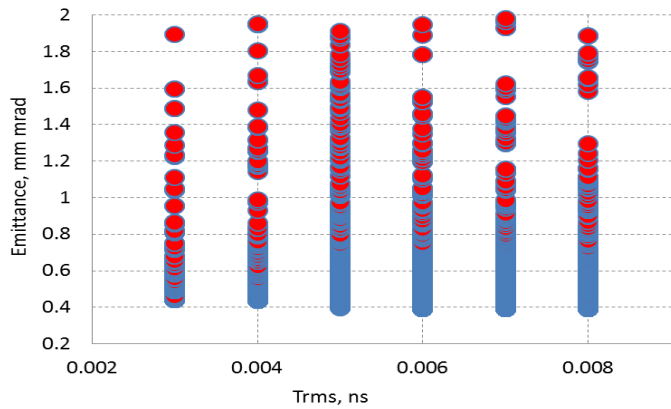
- > Dimensions of the 3D ellipsoid ( $T_{rms}$  (r1),  $XY_{rms}$  (r2,r3)  $\rightarrow$  projection onto z axis)
- > Peak field of the main solenoid, Solenoid calibration:  $B(T) = B1 * I(A) + B2$ , where  $B1 = 0.00058838$ ,  $B2 = 0.000004084$
- > Gun phase
- > Peak field in the CDS booster
- > **Optimization was done with 25kp (7500 ASTRA runs !!)**



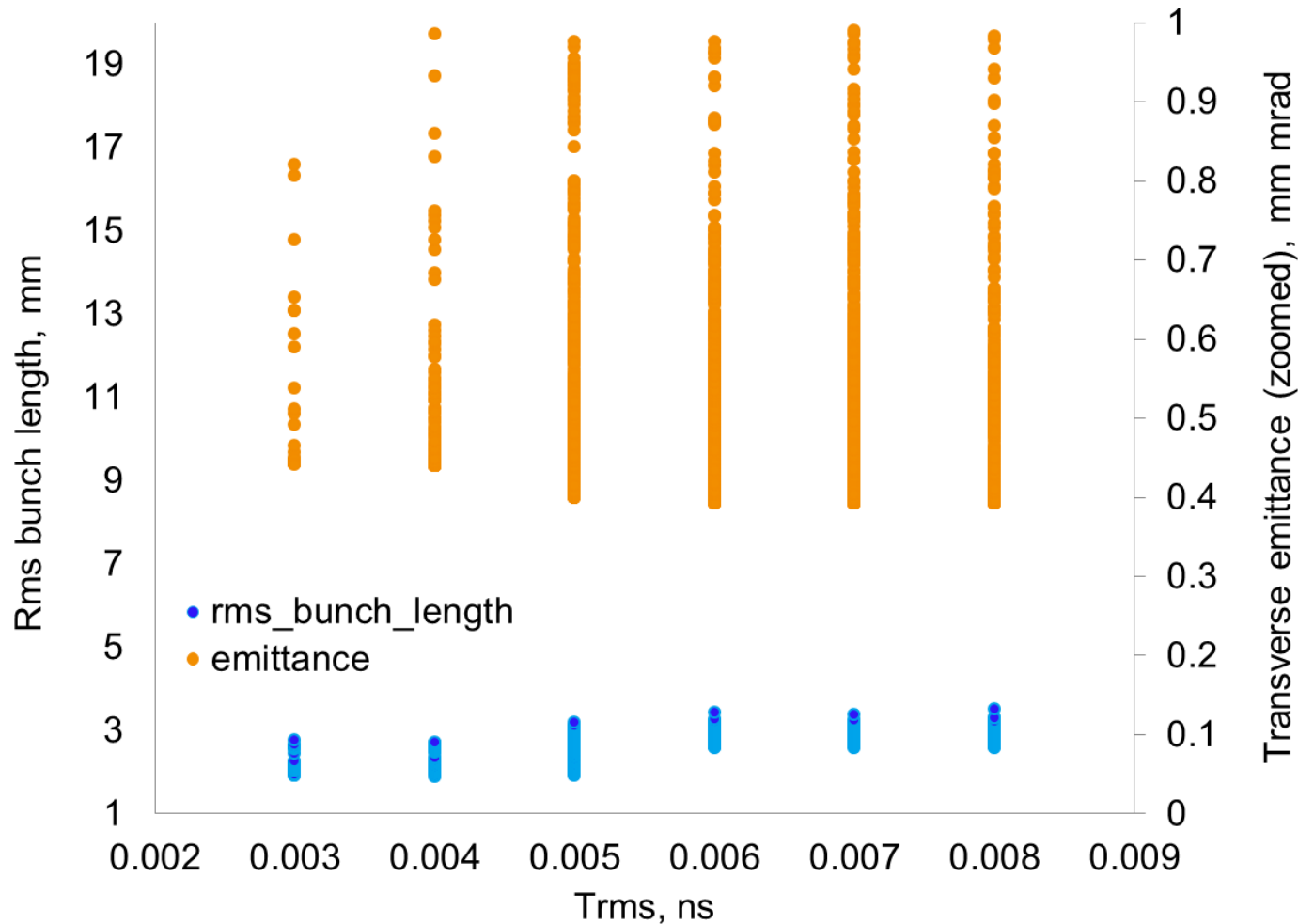
# Emittance optimization: Results



# Emittance optimization: Results → vertically zoomed



# Emittance and bunch length at 5.74m depending on Trms



Taking into account the smallest emittance for each initial “bunch length”, we have emittance reduction of ~12% ([3:1:8] ps), but rms bunch length increases by ~44%



# Emittance optimization: 500kp

## Fixed parameters during emittance optimization

- > bunch charge (1nC),
- > Electrons thermal kinetic energy at the cathode (0.55eV),
- > gun gradient (60.58MV/m), corresponding to  $P_z \sim 6.7 \text{ MeV/c}$  for on-crest gun phase
- > Gun phase was fixed to on-crest phase
- > CDS booster peak field (20MV/m), corresponding to  $P_z \sim 24 \text{ MeV/c}$  at gun and booster on-crest phases
- > Booster phase was fixed to on-crest
- > The reference point was EMSY1 (5.74m downstream the cathode).

## The following parameters were variable:

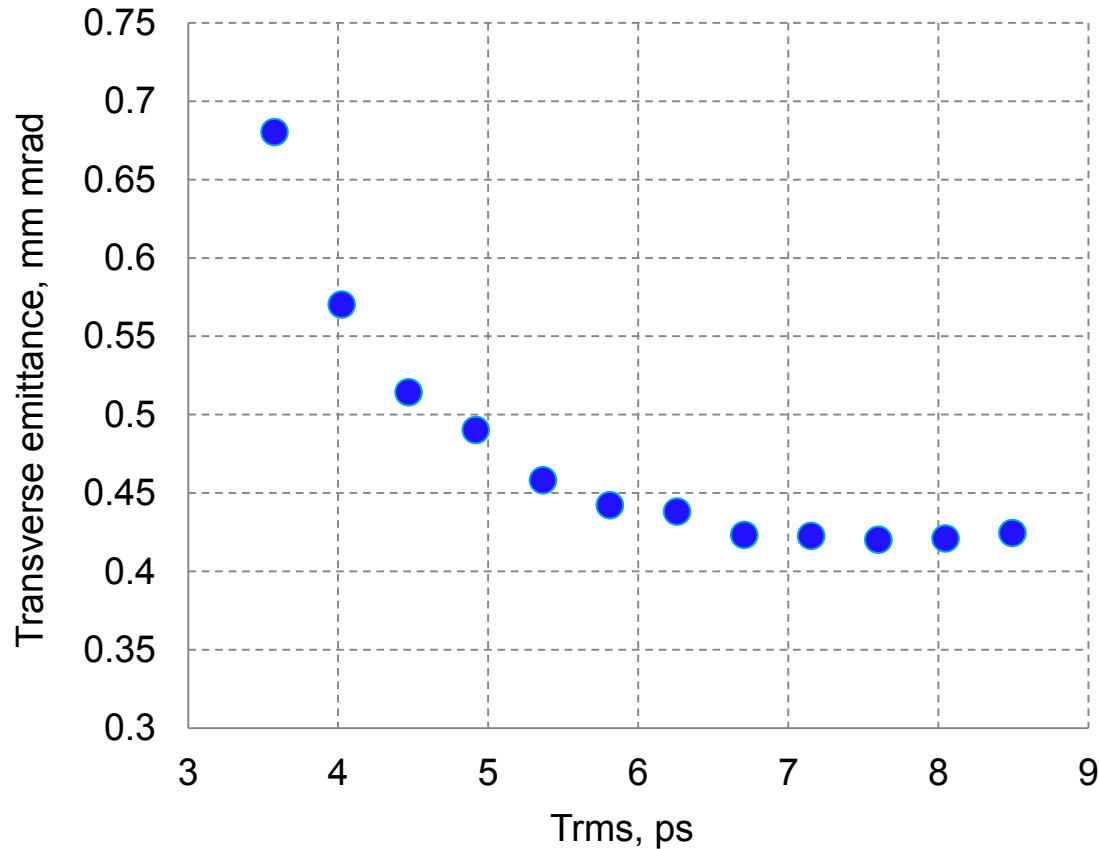
- > Dimensions of the 3D ellipsoid ( $T_{rms}$  (r1),  $X, Y_{rms}$  (r2,r3)  $\rightarrow$  projection onto z axis)
- > Peak field of the main solenoid, Solenoid calibration:  $B(T) = B1 * I(A) + B2$ , where  $B1 = 0.00058838$ ,  $B2 = 0.000004084$
- > **Optimization was done with 500kp**





# Emittance optimization results (scanning laser “length”)

emittance VS rms emission time



Summary

Trms , ps	Emittance , mm mrad
3.6	0.68
4	0.57
4.5	0.514
4.9	0.49
5.4	0.458
5.8	0.442
6.3	0.438
6.7	0.423
7.1	0.4225
7.6	0.42
8	0.4207
8.5	0.4243

Flat-top, 20 ps FWHM  $\rightarrow$   $\tau_{rms} = 1.8 ps$





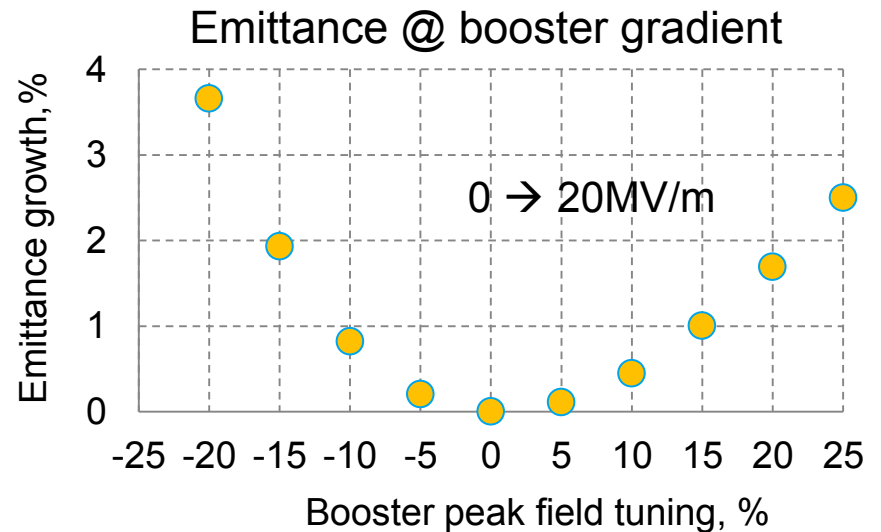
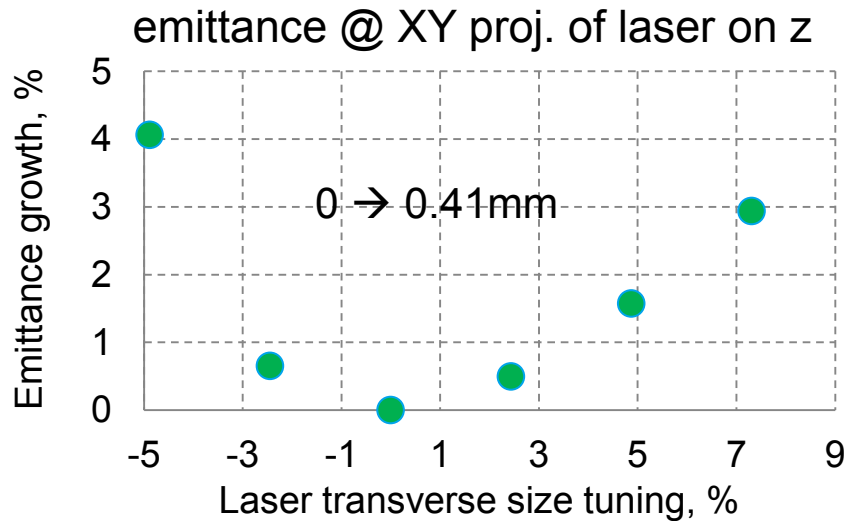
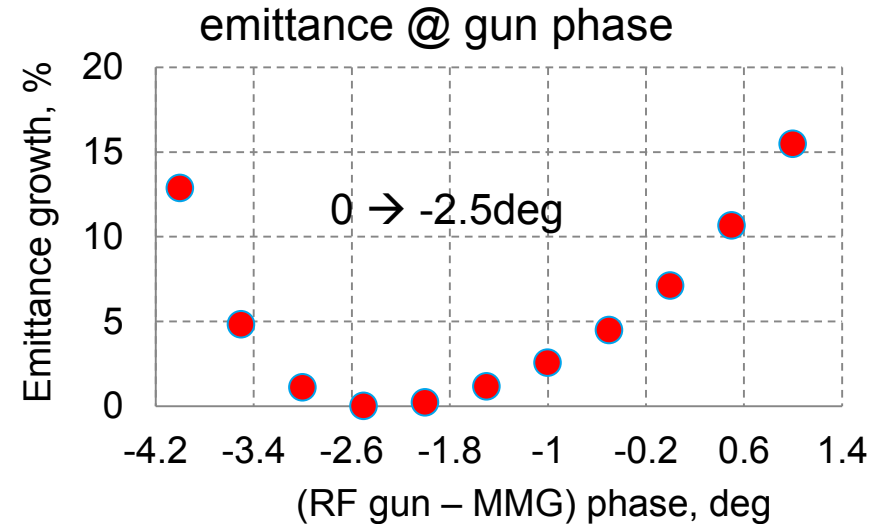
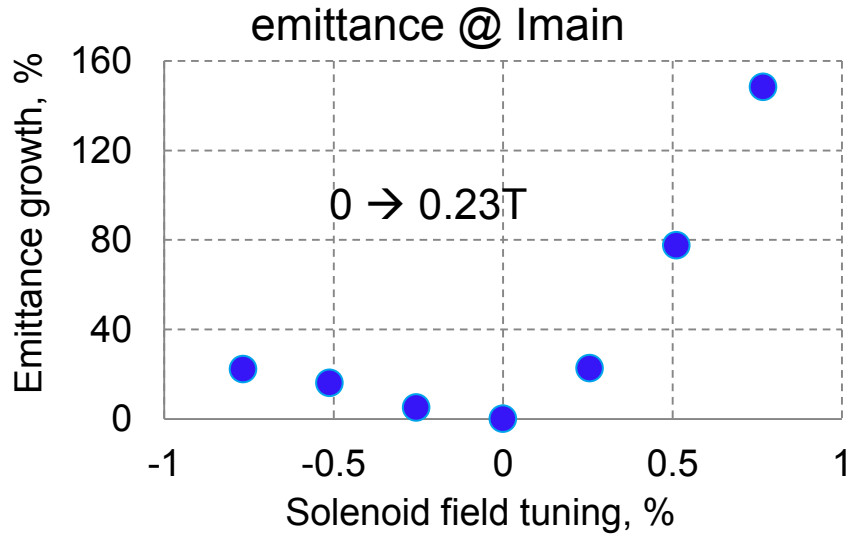
# Comparing beam parameters for 4 different cases

- > Transverse emittance was optimized (included gun phase and booster gradient) for 4 fixed Trms “lengths”
- > Tolerances have been studied. More detailed scans still needed

Rms emission time (Trms), ps	4.472	4.47	5.814	5.8	6.708	7.155
Transverse projection onto z axis	0.42	0.447	0.41	0.389	0.38	0.37
Thermal emittance, mm mrad	0.356	0.379	0.347	0.33	0.322	0.3134
Gun gradient, MV/m	60.58	60	60.58	60	60.58	60.58
RF gun phase w.r.t. MMG, deg	-3	-3.864	-2.5	-2.8	-2	-2
Peak field in main solenoid, T	0.23	0.2235	0.23	0.228	0.2295	0.2295
Booster gradient, MV/m	19	20.02	20	19.1	17	18
Booster phase, deg	0	0	0	0	0	0
Final beam energy, MeV	22.75	23.58	23.62	22.77	21	21.87
Proj. emittance, mm mrad	0.45	0.472	0.414	0.421	0.399	0.4005
Th/proj. emittance, %	79	80	84	78.5	81	78
<sl_emit>, mm mrad (100 slices)	0.382	0.388	0.358	0.356	0.338	0.335
Peak slice current, A	54.2	56.1	49	48	44.4	43.5



# Tolerances for Trms=5.8ps



# Difficulties, summary and future work

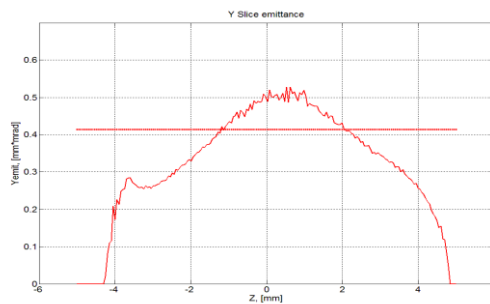
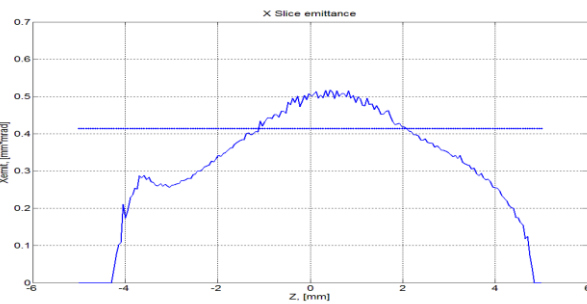
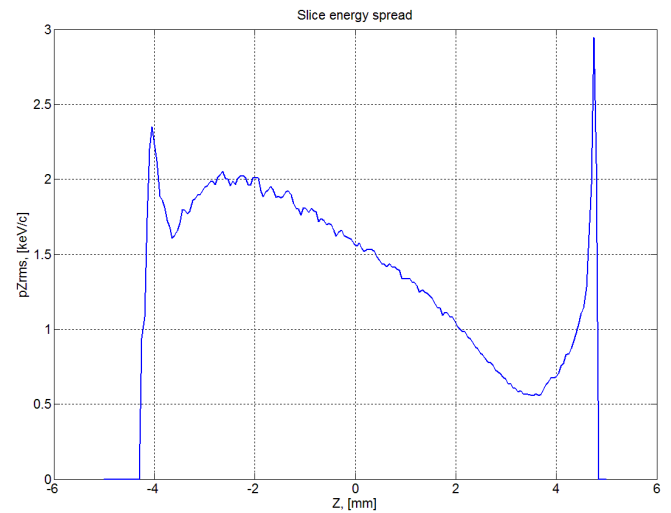
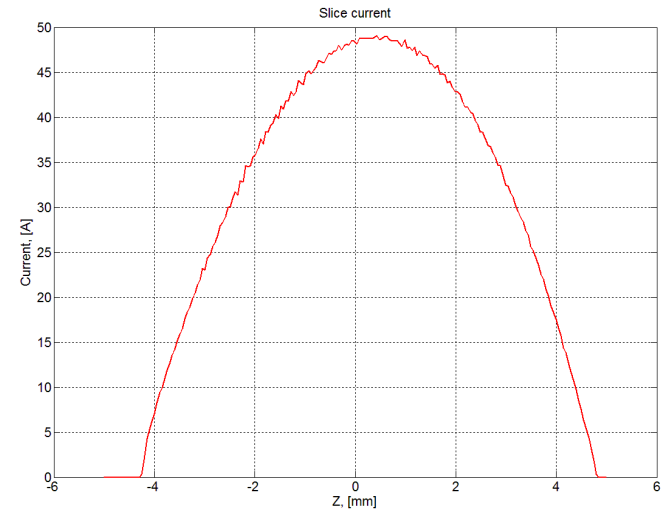
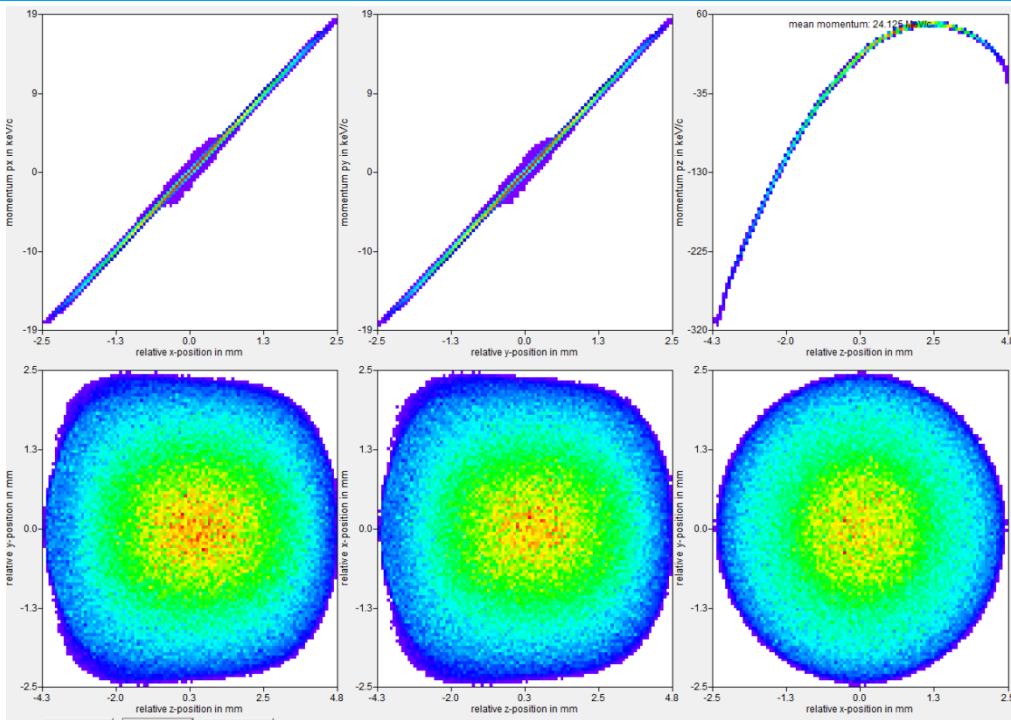
- > Huge transverse beam size obtained at the location of EMSY1 (~1 mm rms)
- > Emittance is more sensitive w.r.t. solenoid current compared to the flat-top case
- > Besides the smallest transverse emittance (0.399 mm mrad) was obtained at  $T_{rms}=6.71$ ps (corresponding to ~27.7ps FWHM length for flat-top case),  $T_{rms}=5.8$ ps looks very promising (~50A peak current, projected emittance very close to the cathode emittance)
- > More detailed tolerance studies needed (which simulation setup to choose ?)
- > **Simulations to estimate an impact of 3D ellipsoidal laser shape imperfections on the transverse emittance**

Thank you for attention !!





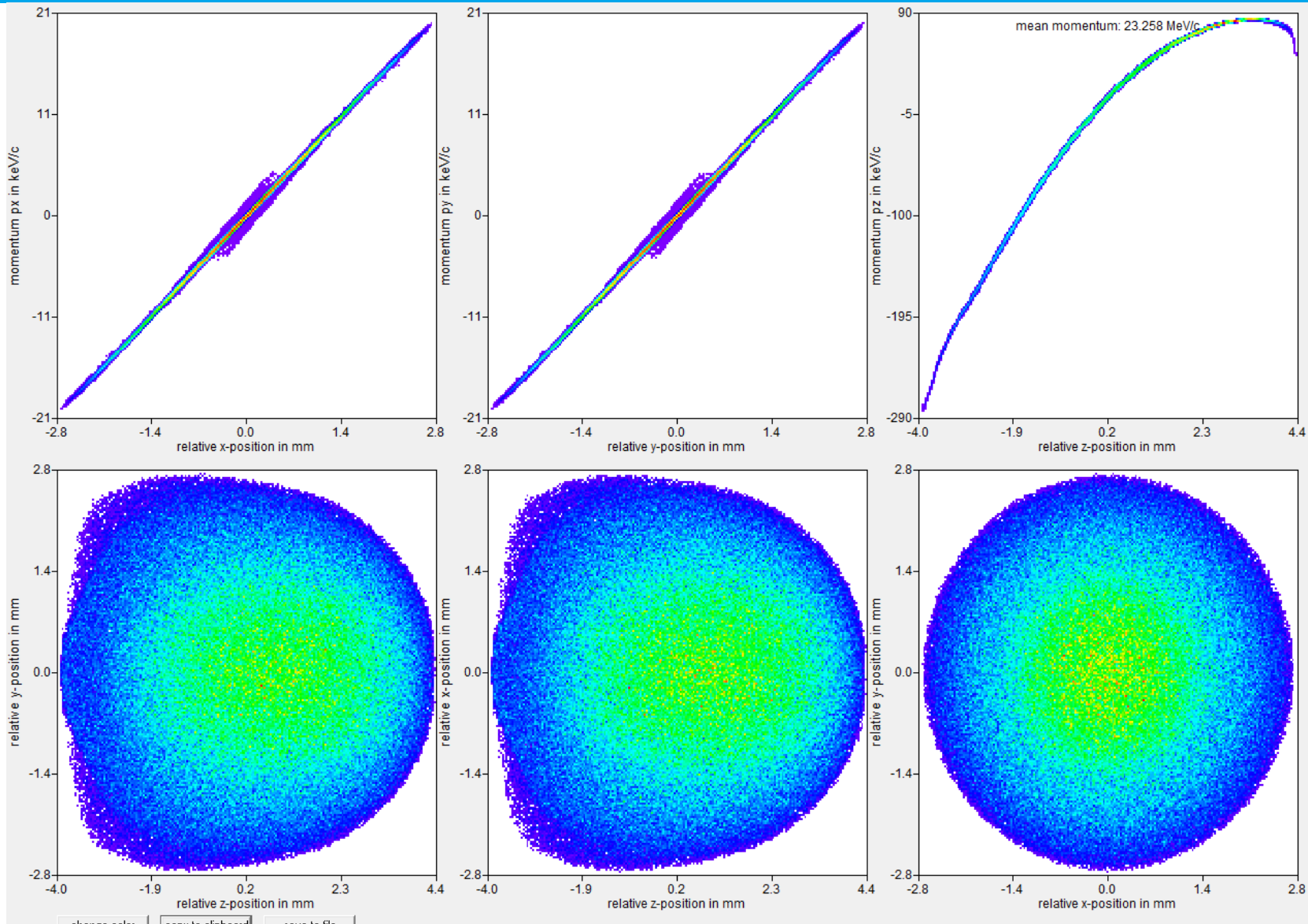
# Beam properties (Trms=5.8ps)



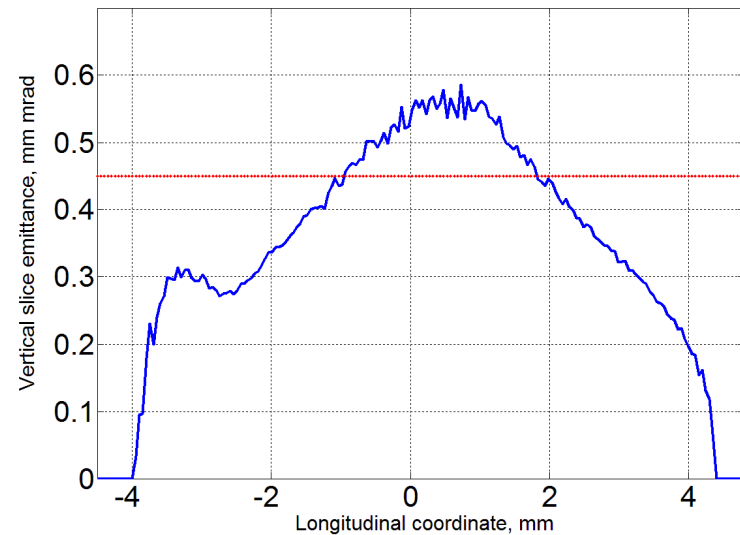
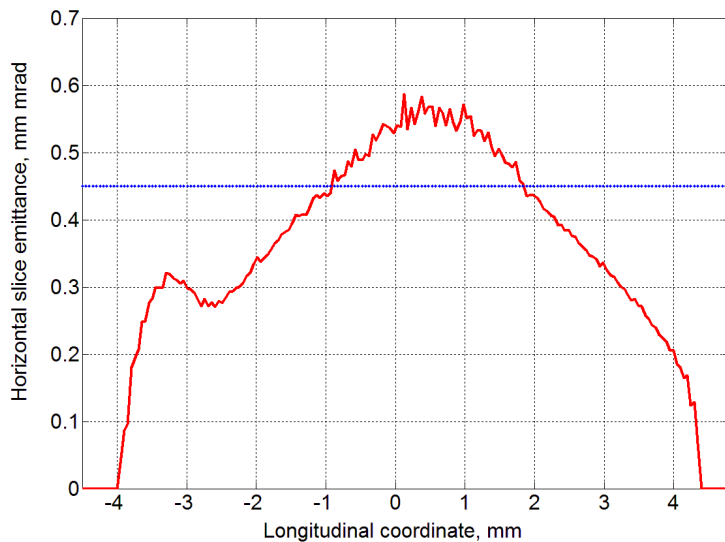
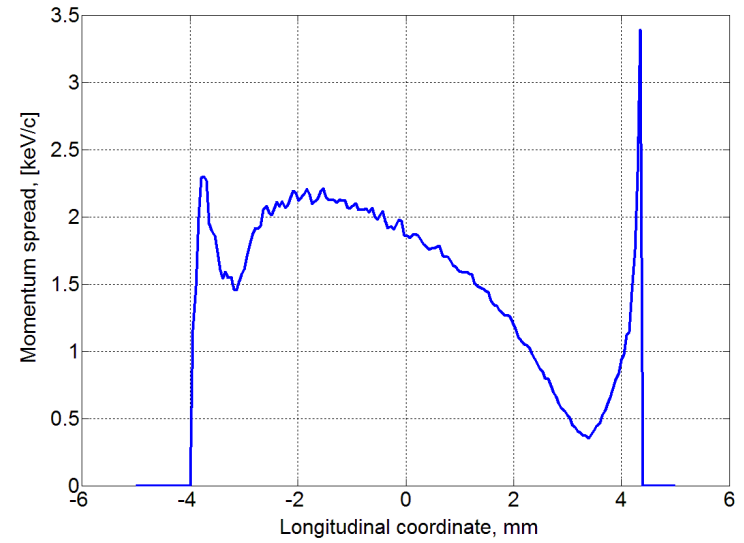
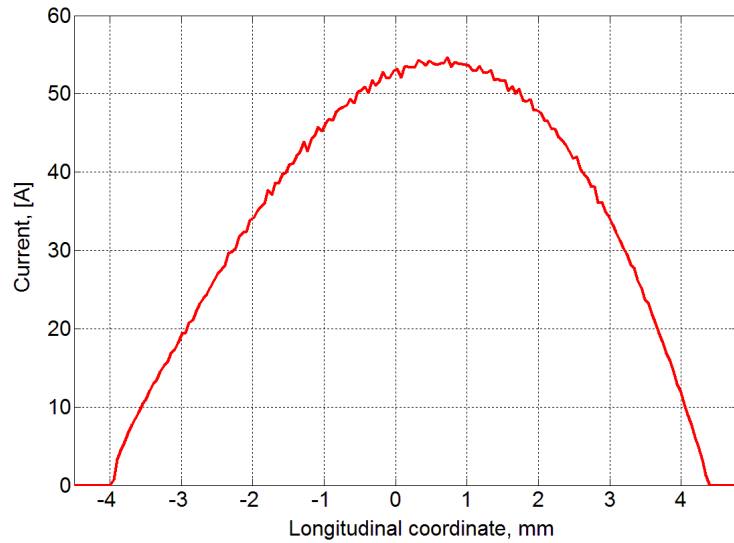
E-beam transverse and longitudinal properties at 5.74m after cathode.



# Beam overview (5.74m) at Trms=4.47ps



# Slice beam properties (5.74 m) at $T_{rms}=4.47ps$





# Tolerances for $T_{rms}=6.708ps$

